

### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF AUDITOR-CONTROLLER

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March 31, 2016

TO:

Supervisor Hilda L. Solis, Chair

Supervisor Mark Ridley-Thomas

Supervisor Sheila Kuehl Supervisor Don Knabe

Supervisor Michael D. Antonovich

FROM:

John Naimo

Auditor-Controller

SUBJECT:

FISCAL YEAR 2014-15 SINGLE AUDIT REPORT

Attached is the County's Single Audit Report (Report) for Fiscal Year 2014-15. The audit was performed by the independent accounting firm Macias Gini & O'Connell LLP. Federal law requires the County to have an annual audit of all expenditures that were funded by federal assistance received by the County. This year, the audit covered expenditures of approximately \$2.73 billion.

The Report identifies a number of areas with internal control weaknesses and where County departments are not in compliance with federal assistance requirements. County departments are in general agreement with the auditors' findings and have taken, or will take, corrective action. The Report also includes the statuses of the prior year's audit findings. In most cases, the prior year recommendations have been implemented or are in progress.

To comply with federal reporting requirements, we submit this Report to the State Controller and federal clearinghouse agency. It is subject to further review and follow-up action by the State Controller and/or federal agencies that provided the funding to the County.

If you have any questions, please contact me, or your staff may contact Connie Yee at (213) 974-8321 or <a href="mailto:cyee@auditor.lacounty.gov">cyee@auditor.lacounty.gov</a>.

JN:CY:EJ:fl

FY 14-15 Single Audit Board Transmittal Letter -Final,docx

#### Attachment

c: Sachi A. Hamai, Chief Executive Officer
Lori Glasgow, Executive Officer of the Board of Supervisors
Audit Committee
Public Information Office
Each Department Head

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#### **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

### BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015



# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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Sacramento

Walnut Creek

San Francisco

Oakland

Los Angeles

Century City

Newport Beach

San Diego

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Los Angeles, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Community Development Commission (CDC) (discretely presented component unit), Los Angeles County Children and Families First – Proposition 10 Commission (First 5 LA) (discretely presented component unit) and the Los Angeles County Employees' Retirement Association (LACERA), which represent the following percentages of the assets, net position/fund balances, and revenues/additions of the following opinion units:

		Net Position/	
Opinion Unit	Assets	Fund Balances	Revenues/Additions
Discretely presented component units	100%	100%	100%
Aggregate remaining fund information	71%	73%	9%

Those statements were audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for CDC, First 5 LA, and LACERA, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Los Angeles, California, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Fire Protection District Fund, Flood Control District Fund, Public Library Fund, and Regional Park and Open Space District Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2014, the County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of these statements resulted in a restatement of net position as of July 1, 2014 in the amount of \$7,835,193,000, \$1,322,777,000, and \$21,142,000 for governmental activities, business-type activities, and the CDC, respectively. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 24, the schedule of net pension liability and related ratios, the schedule of County's contributions and the schedules of funding progress — Other Postemployment Benefits on pages 139 through 141 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the

information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the community services block grant supplementary schedules of revenue and expenditures, and the supplementary schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards granted by the California Department of Aging are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, the California Department of Community Services and Development, and the California Department of Aging, respectively, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the community services block grant supplementary schedules of revenue and expenditures, and the supplementary schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards granted by the California Department of Aging are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2015, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Los Angeles, California

Macias Gini & O'Connell (A)

December 15, 2015, except for the report on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the community services block grant supplementary schedules of revenue and expenditures, and the supplementary schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards granted by the California Department of Aging, as to which the date is March 28, 2016.

This section of the County's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents a narrative overview and analysis of financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2015. We recommend that this information be used in conjunction with additional information contained in the letter of transmittal.

#### **Financial Highlights**

At the end of the current year, the net position (total assets and deferred outflows of resources, reduced by total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) of the County was positive \$286 million. However, net position is classified into three categories and the unrestricted component is negative \$20.043 billion. During the current year, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" (GASB 68) and Statement No. 71 "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-An Amendment of GASB 68" (GASB 71). GASB 68 and 71 had a material effect on the County's beginning net position, which was restated and reduced by \$9.158 billion. See further discussion in Notes 2 and 8 to the basic financial statements.

During the current year, the County's net position decreased by a total of \$291 million. Net position related to governmental activities decreased by \$358 million, while net position related to business-type activities increased by \$67 million.

At the end of the current year, the County's General Fund reported a total fund balance of \$3.190 billion. The fund balance categories and amounts consisted of nonspendable fund balance of \$272 million, restricted fund balance of \$56 million, committed fund balance of \$334 million, assigned fund balance of \$492 million, and \$2.036 billion of unassigned fund balance.

The County's capital asset balances were \$19.159 billion at year-end and increased by \$65 million during the year.

During the current year, the County's total long-term debt increased by \$11 million. Newly issued and accreted long-term debt of \$568 million exceeded long-term debt maturities of \$557 million.

#### Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements, which are comprised of the following three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

This report also includes other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all County assets and deferred outflows of resources reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which represent net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information that indicates how the County's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the changes occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that affect cash flows in future periods. For example, property tax revenues have been recorded that have been earned but not yet collected and workers' compensation expenses have been accrued but not yet paid.

The government-wide financial statements report the following different types of programs or activities:

- Governmental Activities The majority of County services are reported under this
  category. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues are the major revenue sources that
  fund these activities, which include general government, public protection, public ways
  and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, recreation and cultural
  services, and interest on long-term debt.
- Business-type Activities County services that are intended to recover costs through user charges and fees are reported under this category. The County Hospitals, the Waterworks Districts, and the Aviation Funds represent the County's business activities.
- Discretely Presented Component Units Component units are separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The Community Development Commission and First 5 LA are displayed as discretely presented in the financial statements.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements contain information regarding major individual funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a balanced set of accounts. The County uses separate funds to ensure compliance with fiscal and legal requirements.

The County's funds are classified into the following three categories:

- Governmental Funds These funds are used to account for essentially the same services that were previously described as governmental activities above. However, the fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the governmentwide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Governmental funds include the General Fund, as well as Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Permanent Funds.
- Proprietary Funds These funds are used to account for functions that were classified as "business-type activities" in the government-wide financial statements. The County's Internal Service Funds are also reported within the proprietary fund section. The County's four Hospital Funds and Waterworks Funds are all considered major funds for presentation purposes. There is one nonmajor enterprise fund (Aviation Funds) and it is displayed with the other major enterprise funds.
- Fiduciary Funds These funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and cannot be used to support the County's programs. The Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds, the Investment Trust Funds, and Agency Funds are reported in this fund category, using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and the fund financial statements.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's net pension liability and related ratios, County's pension contributions and progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits to employees.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$286 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

### Summary of Net Position As of June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands)

	_	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total			
	-	2015	-	2014 (1)	_	2015	_	2014 (1)		2015	2014 (1)
Current and other assets	\$	9,196,361	\$	8,509,325	\$	1,620,252	\$	1,302,031	\$ 10	0,816,613	\$ 9,811,356
Capital assets		16,152,897		16,091,301		3,005,864		3,002,176	19	9,158,76 <u>1</u>	19,093,477
Total assets		25,349,258		24,600,626		4,626,116		4,304,207	29	9,975,374	28,904,833
Deferred outflows of											
resources		1,267,447		20,243		211,805	_			1,479,252	20,243
Current and other											
liabilities		1,982,863		1,732,192		418,664		384,084	:	2,401,527	2,116,276
Long-term liabilities	_	20,960,211		13,474,871		4,829,855		3,501,717	2	5,790,06 <u>6</u>	16,976,588
Total liabilities		22,943,074		15,207,063	_	5,248,519	_	3,885,801	28	<u>8,191,593</u>	19,092,864
Deferred inflows of											
resources		2,550,590		97,031		426,559				<u>2,977,149</u>	97,031
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets		14,846,719		14,789,236		2,298,915		2,271,730	1	7,145,634	17,060,966
Restricted		3,098,677		2,727,379		84,672		76,908		3,183,349	2,804,287
Unrestricted (deficit)		(16,822,355)		(8,199,840)		(3,220,744)	_	(1,930,232)	(2	0,043,099)	(10,130,072)
Total net position	\$	1,123,041	\$	9,316,775	\$	(837,157)	\$	418,406	\$	285,884	\$ 9,735,181

<sup>(1)</sup> The 2014 amounts were not restated for GASB 68.

Significant changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources included the following:

#### **Current and Other Assets**

Current and other assets increased by \$687 million for governmental activities and by \$318 million for business-type activities. For governmental activities, there was an increase of \$1.232 billion in pooled cash and investments, largely due to the improved cash position of the County's General Fund, which grew by \$745 million over the prior year. Other receivables decreased by \$111 million and were primarily attributable to lower receivables associated with the administration of the managed care program. For business-type activities, current and other assets increased as the negative amount of "internal balances" was reduced by \$408 million, largely due to lower amounts of cash flow advances from the County's General Fund to the various Hospital Enterprise Funds.

#### Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources grew substantially, from \$20 million in the prior year to \$1.479 billion in the current year. Under GASB 68 and 71, employer pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (June 30, 2014) of the net pension liability are recognized as deferred outflows of resources. The County made employer contributions of \$1.438 billion subsequent to the measurement date and this amount is reflected within the current year's deferred outflows of resources. Additional information is provided in Note 8 to the basic financial statements.

#### <u>Liabilities</u>

Current and other liabilities increased by \$251 million for governmental activities. The largest component of this increase is \$363 million for advances payable, largely due to higher advances for mental health and children's services programs. This amount was offset by a \$93 million reduction of accounts payable. For business-type activities, a net increase of \$35 million in current and other liabilities was primarily due to increases in accounts payable for intergovernmental transfer expenses associated with the hospitals.

Long-term liabilities increased by \$7.485 billion for governmental activities and by \$1.328 billion for business-type activities. Pension liabilities were recognized in the current year for the first time and were not restated. The cumulative effect of such liabilities was \$6.957 billion, of which \$5.964 billion pertained to governmental activities and \$993 million to business-type activities. Liabilities for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) increased for both governmental and business-type activities by \$1.384 billion and \$303 million, respectively. Specific disclosures related to pension liabilities, OPEB and other changes in long-term liabilities are discussed and referenced in Notes 8, 9, and 11 to the basic financial statements, respectively.

#### Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources were substantially higher in the current period, rising from \$97 million to \$2.977 billion. GASB 68 and 71 requires that the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments be recognized as deferred inflows of resources. The amount of actual prior year pension plan earnings in excess of projected earnings was \$2.884 billion and this amount is newly recognized in the County's current year financial statements as deferred inflows of resources, and is discussed in Note 8 to the basic financial statements. There were also \$93 million of deferred inflows of resources recognized in the current year, and this amount is associated with the present value of installment payments due to service concession arrangements with private operators of twenty County golf courses, as discussed in Note 7 to the basic financial statements.

The County's total net position consists of the following three components:

#### Net Investment in Capital Assets

The largest portion of the County's net position, \$17.146 billion, represents its investment in capital assets (i.e., land, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, software and equipment, net of related depreciation), less any related debt and related deferred outflows of resources used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

#### Restricted Net Position

The County's restricted net position at year-end was \$3.183 billion. Asset restrictions are primarily due to external restrictions imposed by State legislation and bond covenants. Net position that pertains to the various separate legal entities included in the basic financial statements is also generally restricted because the entities' funding sources require that funds be used for specific purposes.

#### Unrestricted Net Position (Deficit)

The County's total unrestricted net position is negative \$20.043 billion. Both governmental and business-type activities reported deficits in this category of \$16.822 billion and \$3.221 billion, respectively. OPEB related liabilities of \$11.535 billion continued to be the most significant factor associated with the reported deficits. Newly recognized pension liabilities totaling \$6.957 billion were also a significant factor, which contributed to the deficit amount.

The following table details identifies changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

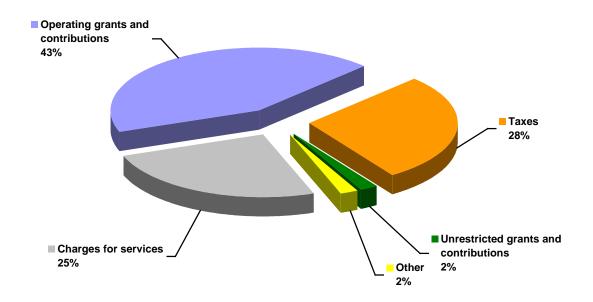
#### Summary of Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (in thousands)

		Governmental Activities		s-type ties	Total		
	2015	2014 (1)	2015	2014 (1)	2015	2014 (1)	
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,505,007	\$ 2,751,505	\$ 3,037,826	\$ 2,534,565	\$ 5,542,833	\$ 5,286,070	
Operating grants and contributions	8,976,986	8,579,502	500,840	485,888	9,477,826	9,065,390	
Capital grants and contributions	35,685	12,850	2,353	3,156	38,038	16,006	
General revenues:							
Taxes Unrestricted grants and	6,161,188	5,840,175	4,919	4,681	6,166,107	5,844,856	
contributions	512,079	513,458	4 000	33	512,079	513,491	
Investment earnings	74,220	64,354	1,289	3,908	75,509	68,262	
Miscellaneous	181,119	134,611	26,012	<u>19,101</u>	207,131	153,712	
Total revenues	<u> 18,446,284</u>	<u>17,896,455</u>	<u>3,573,239</u>	3,051,332	22,019,523	20,947,787	
Expenses:	4 400 007	4 007 004			4 400 007	4 007 004	
General government	1,429,897	1,307,001			1,429,897	1,307,001	
Public protection	6,638,192	6,682,960			6,638,192	6,682,960	
Public ways and facilities	415,586	366,582			415,586	366,582	
Health and sanitation	3,136,924	3,557,523			3,136,924	3,557,523	
Public assistance	6,007,973	5,830,165			6,007,973	5,830,165	
Education	107,336	119,037			107,336	119,037	
Recreation and cultural services	365,755	278,459			365,755	278,459	
Interest on long-term debt	99,400	97,777			99,400	97,777	
Hospitals			4,017,633	3,838,574	4,017,633	3,838,574	
Waterworks			85,479	84,499	85,479	84,499	
Aviation			<u>6,675</u>	<u>6,402</u>	6,675	6,402	
Total expenses	<u> 18,201,063</u>	<u> 18,239,504</u>	<u>4,109,787</u>	<u>3,929,475</u>	<u>22,310,850</u>	22,168,979	
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	245,221	(343,049)	(536,548)	(878,143)	(291,327)	(1,221,192)	
Transfers	(603,762)	(731,152)	603,762	731,152			
Changes in net position	(358,541)	(1,074,201)	67,214	(146,991)	(291,327)	(1,221,192)	
Net position – beginning,							
as restated for 2015	1,481,582	10,390,976	(904,371)	565,397	577,211	10,956,373	
Net position – ending	<u>\$ 1,123,041</u>	<u>\$ 9,316,775</u>	<u>\$ (837,157)</u>	<u>\$ 418,406</u>	<u>\$ 285,884</u>	<u>\$ 9,735,181</u>	

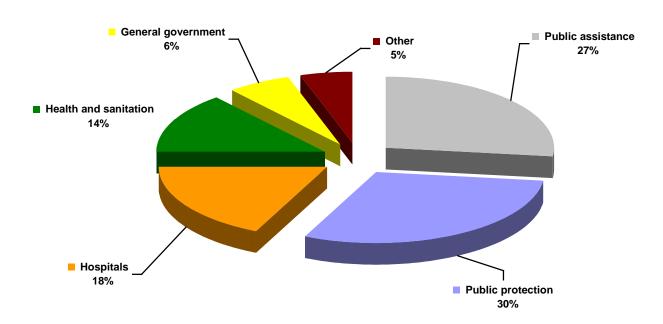
<sup>(1)</sup> The 2014 amounts were not restated for GASB 68.

### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS-Continued

### REVENUES BY SOURCE – ALL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



### EXPENSES BY TYPE – ALL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015



#### **Governmental Activities**

Revenues from governmental activities increased by \$550 million (3.1%) when compared with the prior year. The most significant changes in specific revenue sources were experienced in the following areas:

- Program revenues recognized from operating grants and contributions increased by \$397 million. Of this total, \$139 million is attributable to new State grant funding designed to improve local probation supervision practices and capacities. An additional \$72 million provided increased funding for a variety of public safety initiatives. Revenue associated with the State Mental Health Services Act (Proposition 63) increased by \$138 million due to growth in dedicated State income taxes, which is the State's source of funding for this program.
- Taxes, the County's largest general revenue source, were \$321 million higher than the prior year due almost entirely to increased property taxes, which grew by \$297 million. The County's assessed property tax roll grew for the fourth consecutive year and was 5.47% higher in the current year. Property tax revenues were also recognized in conjunction with the dissolution of redevelopment agencies. "Pass through" payments from redevelopment dissolution were \$223 million and increased by \$21 million from the prior year. Redevelopment dissolution also provides residual property taxes to local governments, including the County. The County's share of such residual tax revenues in the current year was \$190 million, an increase of \$30 million compared to the prior year.
- Charges for services decreased by a total of \$246 million, primarily attributable to a \$278 million decrease in revenues associated with clients who were enrolled in managed care pursuant to the County's implementation of the Affordable Care Act (ACA). In the prior year, the County was responsible for processing and paying the out-of-network claims and out-of-network pass through payments to private hospitals, on behalf of managed care enrollees. In the current year, enrollment responsibilities shifted to independent local agencies, which specialize in providing managed health care services.

For the second consecutive year, pursuant to Assembly Bill 85 (AB85), the State withheld revenues known as "1991 County Health Realignment Funds." The withheld amount in the current year, \$238 million, represents an increase of \$150 million over the \$88 million withheld in the prior year. The amounts withheld are based on an assumption that County healthcare costs for the indigent population will decrease. The funds will be reconciled and trued-up, two years after the fiscal year in which the amounts were withheld. The County anticipates that the final amount withheld will be less than or equal to the cumulative withheld amount of \$326 million. It is subject to the State's review and approval, and the financial impact of the potential redirection of realignment funding in future years is not yet known. Accordingly, any revenues associated with the amount withheld are uncertain and have not been recorded in the financial statements.

#### **Governmental Activities-Continued**

Expenses related to governmental activities decreased by \$38 million (0.2%) during the current year. Within this net change, there were significant individual areas where costs were both higher and lower. Cost increases were most significant for salaries and wages, which grew by \$304 million. There were general salary increases during the current year, which became effective for most employees at rates ranging from 2% to 4%, with staggered effective dates throughout the fiscal year. Expenses for employee benefits, excluding pension costs, grew by \$195 million, led by increases in compensated absences and workers compensation of \$54 and \$52 million, respectively. Expenses were also higher by \$117 million for non-salary cost increases associated with public assistance programs, as operating and assistance costs increased, particularly for the In-Home Assistance Services Program. Funding grants made to other agencies grew by \$86 million and depreciation expense was \$35 million higher in the current year.

The implementation of GASB 68 and 71 in the current year affected comparative pension costs, reported at \$561 million, a reduction of \$523 million for governmental activities. As discussed previously, responsibility for certain managed care activities shifted from the County to other local entities and expenses were \$268 million lower due to this change.

#### **Business-type Activities**

Revenues from business-type activities saw a net increase in comparison to the prior year of \$522 million (17.1%) and nearly all of this amount was related to charges for services, which increased by \$503 million. As discussed in Note 14 to the basic financial statements, County Hospital revenues are derived from a wide range of federal and State funding sources. The ACA was initiated midway during the prior year, and the current year represented the first full year of operations under the ACA. The principal funding source derived from the ACA is known as "Medicaid Coverage Expansion" and it increased by \$458 million in the current year, and included rate supplement revenues.

Expenses related to business-type activities increased from the previous year by a net total of \$180 million (4.6%), of which \$179 million was associated with the County's hospitals. Specifically, intergovernmental transfer expenses related to various hospital funding sources were higher by \$51 million. Spending increases of \$55 million and \$31 million were also noted in salaries and employee benefits, and interest expense, respectively. For all Hospital facilities, the average patient census during the current year was 1,212 patients per day, which was nearly identical in comparison with 1,213 for the prior year.

#### **Financial Analysis of the County's Funds**

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

#### Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of resources that are available for spending. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. Types of governmental funds reported by the County include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Funds, Capital Project Funds, and the Permanent Funds.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined total fund balances of \$6.759 billion, an increase of \$482 million in comparison with the prior year. Of the total fund balances, \$286 million is nonspendable to indicate the extent that funds are not in spendable form or are required to remain intact. An additional \$3.297 billion is classified as restricted, \$446 million as committed, and \$694 million as assigned. The remaining balance of \$2.036 billion is classified as unassigned and is entirely associated with the General Fund.

Revenues from all governmental funds for the current year were \$18.435 billion, an increase of \$567 million (3.2%) from the previous year. Expenditures for all governmental funds in the current year were \$17.849 billion, an increase of \$520 million (3.0%) from the previous year. In addition, other financing uses exceeded other financing sources by \$103 million as compared to \$369 million in the prior year.

The General Fund is the County's principal operating fund. During the current year, the fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$87 million (2.8%). At the end of the current fiscal year, the General Fund's total fund balance was \$3.190 billion. Of this amount, \$272 million is classified as nonspendable, \$56 million as restricted, \$334 million as committed, \$492 million as assigned and the remaining \$2.036 billion is classified as unassigned.

General Fund revenues during the current year were \$15.455 billion, an increase of \$247 million (1.6%) from the previous year. General Fund expenditures during the current year were \$15.238 billion, an increase of \$448 million (3.0%) from the previous year. Other financing sources/uses-net was negative \$130 million in the current year as compared to negative \$195 million in the prior year.

Following are significant changes in General Fund revenues and expenditures:

 Revenues from taxes increased by \$252 million and property taxes comprised \$233 million of this increase. Residual property tax revenues, which are associated with redevelopment dissolution, were \$162 million in the current year, or \$28 million higher than the prior year. Property tax growth was also reflected in "pass through" property tax revenues, which were \$20 million higher in the current year.

#### Governmental Funds-Continued

- Intergovernmental revenues increased by \$179 million overall, and were primarily associated with federal revenue increases of \$144 million. Federal revenue growth was attributable to higher levels of reimbursable program and administrative costs for public assistance and children and family services programs. State revenues grew by \$54 million, while Other Intergovernmental revenues were lower by \$19 million. State revenue growth of \$46 million was associated with a program referred to as Senate Bill 90, which reimburses the County for performing State-mandated activities.
- Charges for services decreased by a total of \$252 million. As previously mentioned, there was a \$278 million decrease in revenues associated with clients who were initially enrolled in managed care pursuant to the County's implementation of the ACA in the prior year. This was partially offset by a \$27 million increase in revenues for services provided by the Sheriff's Department, primarily for services rendered to the County's independently operated transportation agency and the Superior Court.
- General fund expenditures increased by a total of \$448 million, or 3.0%. Within this total, current expenditures increased by \$451 million, and debt service and capital outlay expenditures decreased by \$2 million and \$1 million, respectively. The most significant increase in current expenditures was reflected in public protection programs, where spending grew by \$293 million, of which \$234 million pertained to salaries and employee benefits, largely due to negotiated salary increases. Public assistance expenditures were higher by \$252 million, of which salary and benefit increases were nearly \$137 million with the remaining increase associated with higher spending on public assistance benefits. General government spending increases were \$157 million and this growth was related to funding grants to other agencies of \$86 million, capital improvements of \$34 million, and wage growth of \$40 million. Health and sanitation program expenditures were \$273 million lower, and this was primarily due to the significant changes in managed care responsibilities, as previously discussed.

The Fire Protection District reported a year-end fund balance of \$243 million, which represented an increase of \$19 million from the previous year. Revenues increased by \$49 million, of which \$37 million was related to property taxes and primarily associated with growth in assessed property values. Expenditures were also higher by \$19 million, nearly all of which was related to salaries and benefits.

The Flood Control District reported a year-end fund balance of \$374 million, which was \$68 million higher than the previous year. Total pooled cash and investments increased by \$79 million over the prior year's balance. Revenues and expenditures grew by \$8 million and \$3 million, respectively, from the previous year.

#### Governmental Funds-Continued

The Public Library Fund reported a year-end fund balance of \$62 million, which was \$1 million higher than the previous year. Revenue growth of \$3 million from higher property taxes was offset by higher expenditures, which also grew by \$3 million.

The Regional Park and Open Space District reported a year-end fund balance of \$330 million, which was \$7 million higher than the previous year. Current year revenues were higher by \$4 million and were associated with increased charges for services, while expenditures were lower by \$10 million.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The County's principal proprietary funds consist of four hospital enterprise funds and each one is reported as a major fund. All of the aforementioned funds incurred a net loss prior to contributions and transfers.

The County is legally required to provide local matching funds to the health care system in order to remain eligible for federal and State assistance. Such funds were provided to the hospitals as operating subsidies from the County General Fund during the year as discussed in Note 15 to the basic financial statements. The amount of subsidy, per facility, ranged from \$33 million for Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center to \$208 million for the Harbor-UCLA Medical Center. The total subsidy amount was \$377 million and is reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position as "transfers in." By comparison, the total General Fund subsidy in the prior year was \$522 million. The ACA was in effect for the entire current year and the County's hospital operations experienced higher levels of patient care revenues.

An additional source of local funding for the Hospitals is the Health Services Measure B Special Revenue Fund ("Measure B Fund"). The Measure B Fund receives voter approved property taxes for trauma and emergency services. In the current year, the Measure B Fund provided transfers to the LAC+USC Medical Center (\$117 million), Harbor-UCLA Medical Center (\$54 million), and Olive-View UCLA Medical Center (\$40 million). The total current year amount of \$211 million in Measure B transfers was higher than the prior year amount of \$209 million.

Waterworks Funds reported year-end net position of \$810 million, a \$6 million reduction from the previous year. Current year operating revenues of \$74 million, and operating expenses of \$85 million were similar to prior year amounts, as operating revenues were lower by \$1 million and operating expenses were higher by \$1 million.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The accompanying basic financial statements include a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual on Budgetary Basis for the County's General Fund. The County's budgetary basis of accounting is discussed in Notes 1 and 16 to the basic financial statements. There are approximately 100 separate budget units within the General Fund, excluding capital improvement projects, which are individually budgeted. The data presented below represents the net budgetary changes for the General Fund in a highly summarized format. Accordingly, in certain instances, budgets have been increased for programs within a category even though actual amounts have not been realized for the category in its entirety. Under the budgetary basis, there was a net increase of \$184 million in the General Fund's available (unassigned) fund balance from the previous year.

#### Budgetary Summary - Revenues/Financing Sources

Following is a summary of current year budgetary changes and actual results (on the County's budgetary basis) for General Fund revenues and other financing sources (in thousands):

		e (Decrease) m Original	Fi	nal Budget		Actual		Variance- Positive
<u>Category</u>		Budget	_	Amount	_	Amount		(Negative)
Taxes	\$	50,770	\$	4,712,736	\$	4,770,549	\$	57,813
Intergovernmental								
revenues		168,813		9,334,432		8,551,356		(783,076)
Charges for services		(24,098)		1,622,157		1,496,543		(125,614)
All other revenues		48,796		591,792		613,225		21,433
Other sources and								
transfers in		24,37 <u>5</u>		735,846		379,089		(356,757)
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u> 268,656</u>	\$	<u> 16,996,963</u>	\$	<u>15,810,762</u>	<u>\$</u>	(1,186,201)

#### Changes from Amounts Originally Budgeted

During the year, net increases in budgeted revenues and other financing sources were approximately \$269 million. The most significant changes occurred in the following areas:

#### Changes from Amounts Originally Budgeted-Continued

- Estimated intergovernmental revenues increased by \$169 million. Of this amount, \$72 million was used to augment federal and State funds budgeted for a variety of health and mental health programs. There was also an increase of \$12 million from Federal funds for the Help America Vote Act. Net additions of \$11 million were made to budgeted intergovernmental revenues associated with redevelopment dissolution revenues. Budgeted federal revenues for capital projects, emergency and disaster recovery were increased by \$70 million to reflect additional grant funding. There were other net additions to budgeted intergovernmental revenues of \$4 million.
- The budget for tax revenues increased by \$51 million. The \$51 million increase was associated with year-end budgetary changes that are designed to demonstrate compliance with legal provisions related to the appropriation of revenues from property taxes and certain other tax related revenues.
- The budget for all other revenues increased by \$49 million. Of this increase, \$33 million was associated with revenue received for the General Fund's health services administration activities. The remaining variance of \$16 million was from rents and concessions revenue of \$4 million and miscellaneous revenue of \$12 million.

#### Actual Revenues/Financing Sources Compared with Final Budget Amounts

Actual revenues and other financing sources recognized by the General Fund were approximately \$15.811 billion. This amount was \$1.186 billion, or 7%, lower than budget. As discussed below, most of this variance was concentrated in the areas of intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and "other sources and transfers in."

Actual intergovernmental revenues were \$783 million lower than the amount budgeted. Budgeted intergovernmental revenues of \$193 million were not realized for various capital improvements, disaster recovery programs and emergency preparedness projects, as these initiatives were not completed prior to year-end. Approximately \$296 million was associated with social services and child and family programs, where reimbursable costs were lower than anticipated due to delays in hiring and promoting staff, reduced contractual spending for services and child care provider payments, and delays in implementing new systems. Mental health programs accounted for approximately \$143 million of this variance, which experienced lower than anticipated reimbursable costs and correspondingly lower than expected revenues. The Sheriff's Department under-realized revenues of \$44 million due to lower than expected reimbursement of salaries, services and supplies. Public health related programs experienced budgeted revenue shortfalls of \$51 million, most of which was associated with federal grants and offset by a comparable amount of cost savings. The Registrar-Recorder did not realize \$23 million of federal funds (Help America Vote Act) due to lower than anticipated eligible costs and delay in implementing a new voting system. The remaining variance of \$33 million was related to a variety of other programs.

#### Actual Revenues/Financing Sources Compared with Final Budget Amounts-Continued

- The actual amount of "other sources and transfers in" was \$357 million lower than the amount budgeted. Of this amount, mental health programs funded by the Mental Health Services Act Special Revenue Fund did not fully materialize at the budgeted level and "transfers in" were \$224 million lower than budgeted. In addition, "transfers in" totaling \$90 million were assumed in the budget for capital improvements and extraordinary building maintenance projects, which did not incur expected costs. Costs associated with Probation and Sheriff's Department programs funded by the Other Public Protection Special Revenue Funds were \$35 million less than budgeted. There were various other sources and transfers that comprised the remaining variance of \$8 million.
- Actual charges for services were \$126 million lower than the amount budgeted. Of this
  amount, \$89 million was associated with health, mental health, and public health program
  revenues, which experienced lower than anticipated reimbursable costs and
  correspondingly lower than expected revenues. The estimated costs of servicing a
  large telecommunication system and other projects were \$18 million less than the
  budget. The remaining variance of \$19 million was related to a variety of other charges
  for services.

#### <u>Budgetary Summary - Expenditures/Other Financing Uses</u>

Following is a summary of current year budgetary changes and actual results (on the County's budgetary basis) for General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and changes in fund balance components (in thousands):

Category	Fro	se (Decrease) m Original <u>Budget</u>	Fi	nal Budget Amount	Actual Amount		Variance- Positive
General government	\$	(39,525)	\$	1,984,708	\$ 1,110,563	\$	874,145
Public protection	•	71,091		5,432,617	5,188,548		244,069
Health and sanitation		(52,847)		3,486,984	3,024,533		462,451
Public assistance		39,755		6,142,607	5,716,044		426,563
All other expenditures		15,617		1,176,442	464,688		711,754
Transfers out		136,189		399,947	388,051		11,896
Contingencies		43,924		48,924			48,924
Fund balance changes	s-net	54,452		(109,003)	(265,528)		156,525
Total	\$	268,656	\$	18,563,226	\$15,626,899	\$ 2	2,936,327

#### Changes from Amounts Originally Budgeted

During the year, net increases in General Fund appropriations and fund balance component changes were approximately \$269 million. The most significant increases occurred in the following areas:

- Appropriations for "transfers out" were increased by \$136 million. Of this amount, \$92 million was appropriated to augment the amount of fund transfers from the General Fund to various hospital funds. An additional \$44 million of one-time federal and State disaster reimbursements funds were allocated to fund transfers for purposes of redeeming long-term debt obligations and for library and dock improvements.
- Public Protection appropriations were increased by \$71 million. Of this amount, \$48 million was appropriated to implement the Jail Reform initiatives in the Sheriff's department. In addition, there was a \$12 million increase in appropriations for homeland security and emergency management programs. Various increases in public protection programs appropriations comprised the remaining \$11 million.
- Net budgetary changes of \$54 million had the effect of increasing the available (unassigned) fund balance component. At the end of the year, the nonspendable fund balance for long-term receivables was reduced by \$57 million, as collections were received from the State for health services and various mandated services. These changes were offset by \$3 million of decreases to other fund balance categories.
- Health and sanitation appropriations were decreased by \$53 million. Of this amount, a \$67 million decrease in appropriation was from budgetary savings in the administration of health and managed care services. The difference was attributable to a net increase in other health and sanitation appropriations of \$14 million.
- General government appropriations decreased by \$40 million. Of this amount, appropriations not associated with specific County departments, such as provisional appropriations, decreased by \$78 million and transferred to other functional categories to fund the Sheriff's jail reform initiatives, various capital improvements and deferred maintenance projects expenditures. This was offset by an increase of appropriations of \$29 million for project and facility development expenditures and various increases to general government expenditures by \$9 million.

#### Actual Expenditures/Other Financing Uses Compared with Final Budget Amount

Actual expenditures/other financing uses for the current year were \$2.936 billion lower (15.8%) than the final total budget of \$18.563 billion. There were budgetary savings in all functional expenditure categories. Following are the functional areas that recognized the largest variations from the final budget:

#### Actual Expenditures/Other Financing Uses Compared with Final Budget Amount-Continued

- The general government function reported actual expenditures that were \$874 million less than the amount budgeted. Of this amount, \$641 million represented budgetary savings for items that are not associated with specific County departments, such as provisional appropriations and central non-departmental appropriations. The remaining \$233 million was spread across County departments comprising general government and was mostly related to savings in the areas of salaries and services and supplies.
- The category referred to as "all other expenditures" reflected actual spending of \$712 million less than the budgeted amount. Of this variance, \$696 million was in the capital outlay category, related to numerous capital improvements anticipated in the budget that remained in the planning and development stages and did not incur expenditures during the year. Most of the unused balance has been reestablished in the following year's budget to ensure the continuity of the projects, many of which are multiyear in nature.
- Overall expenditures for the health and sanitation category were \$462 million less than the budgeted amount. Appropriations related to mental health services exceeded actual expenditures by \$313 million, primarily due to lower than anticipated costs for contracted services and some salary savings. The public health program recognized budgetary savings of \$132 million, with \$86 million due to lower than expected services and supplies costs and approximately \$46 million in salaries and benefits savings. The remaining variance of \$17 million was associated with managed care health programs.
- Actual public assistance expenditures were \$427 million lower than the final budget. Of this amount, \$376 million was concentrated in social service and children and family programs. Administrative costs in these areas were lower than anticipated due to overall cost containment efforts, vacant positions, and delays in implementing new technology initiatives. There were also direct program savings associated with lower than anticipated caseloads. There were \$33 million of savings related to homeless and housing programs due to delays in carrying out multi-year projects. The remaining variance of \$18 million was related to other public assistance programs.

#### **Capital Assets**

The County's capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2015 were \$19.159 billion (net of depreciation). Capital assets include land, easements, buildings and improvements, equipment, software, and infrastructure. The major infrastructure network elements are roads, sewers, water, flood control, and aviation. Specific capital asset changes during the current year are presented in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

The total increase in the County's capital assets (net of depreciation) for the current fiscal year was \$65 million, as shown in the following table.

#### Changes in Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation Primary Government - All Activities (in thousands)

	Current	Prior	Increase
	Year	Year	(Decrease)
Land and easements	\$ 7,513,257	\$ 7,542,257	\$ (29,000)
Buildings and improvements	5,239,777	4,649,013	590,764
Infrastructure	4,798,885	4,925,897	(127,012)
Equipment	539,429	524,218	15,211
Software	338,281	294,937	43,344
Capital assets, in progress	729,132	<u>1,157,155</u>	(428,023)
Total	<u>\$ 19,158,761</u>	<u>\$ 19,093,477</u>	\$ 65,284

The County's major capital asset initiatives during the current year continued to focus on new facilities and major improvements for the Hospitals. Six significant construction-in-progress (CIP) projects were completed toward the end of the current year and reclassified from CIP to buildings and improvements for the following facilities: \$275 million for the Martin Luther King, Jr. Inpatient Tower facility, \$205 million for the Hall of Justice building, \$42 million for the Harbor/UCLA Medical Center facility, \$24 million for the Medical Examiner Biological building, \$21 million for the Manhattan Beach Library, and \$17 million for the Pathfinder Park Community Center. As of June 30, 2015, there were \$339 million of capital asset commitments outstanding.

#### **Debt Administration**

During the current year, the County's liabilities for long-term debt, including accreted interest, increased by \$11 million, as newly issued debt and accretions of \$568 million exceeded debt maturities of \$557 million. Specific changes related to governmental and business-type activities are presented in Note 11 (Long-Term Obligations) to the basic financial statements.

During the current year, significant long-term debt transactions were as follows:

- Lease revenue obligation notes (LRON) of \$342 million were issued for governmental and business-type activities in the amounts of \$309 million and \$33 million, respectively. For governmental activities, debt was issued to finance a new family support center, library, animal care, and fire department facilities. For business-type activities, debt was issued to finance hospital improvements.
- New debt of \$40 million was issued to finance the acquisition of equipment. Equipment debt totaling \$19 million was redeemed during the year in accordance with maturity schedules.

 New governmental activities debt of \$153 million was issued to finance a multidepartment service center and library and to redeem LRON.

In addition to the above borrowing, the County continued to finance General Fund cash flow shortages occurring periodically during the fiscal year by selling \$900 million in tax and revenue anticipation notes. The notes matured and were redeemed on June 30, 2015. The General Fund also relied upon periodic borrowing from available agency funds.

#### Bond Ratings

The County's debt is rated by Moody's, Standard & Poor's, and Fitch. The following is a schedule of ratings assigned by the respective rating agencies:

	Moody's	Standard & Poor's	<u>Fitch</u>
General Obligation Bonds	Aa2	AA+	AA-
Facilities	A1	AA	A+
Equipment/Non-Essential Leases	A2	AA	A+
Operating/Non-Essential Leases	A2	AA	Α
Short-Term	MIG1	SP-1+	F1+
Flood Control District Revenue			
Bonds	Aaa	AA	AAA
Regional Park and Open Space			
District Bonds	Aa1	AA	AAA

During the current year, the County's bond ratings remained the same as the previous year.

#### **Economic Conditions and Outlook**

The Board of Supervisors adopted the County's 2015-16 Budget on June 22, 2015. The Budget was adopted based on estimated fund balances that would be available at the end of 2014-2015. The Board updated the Budget on September 29, 2015 to reflect final 2014-2015 fund balances and other pertinent financial information. For the County's General Fund, the 2015-2016 Budget utilized \$1.750 billion of fund balance, which exceeded the previously estimated fund balance of \$1.336 billion. Of the additional fund balance of \$414 million, \$144 million was used to carryover lapsed appropriations and ensure the continuity of funded program initiatives. The remaining \$270 million was used to fund \$91 million of capital improvement projects, \$75 million for Diversion and Reentry programs, \$51 million for Homeless and Housing programs, \$31 million to augment the County's "Rainy Day Reserve," and various other program initiatives of \$22 million.

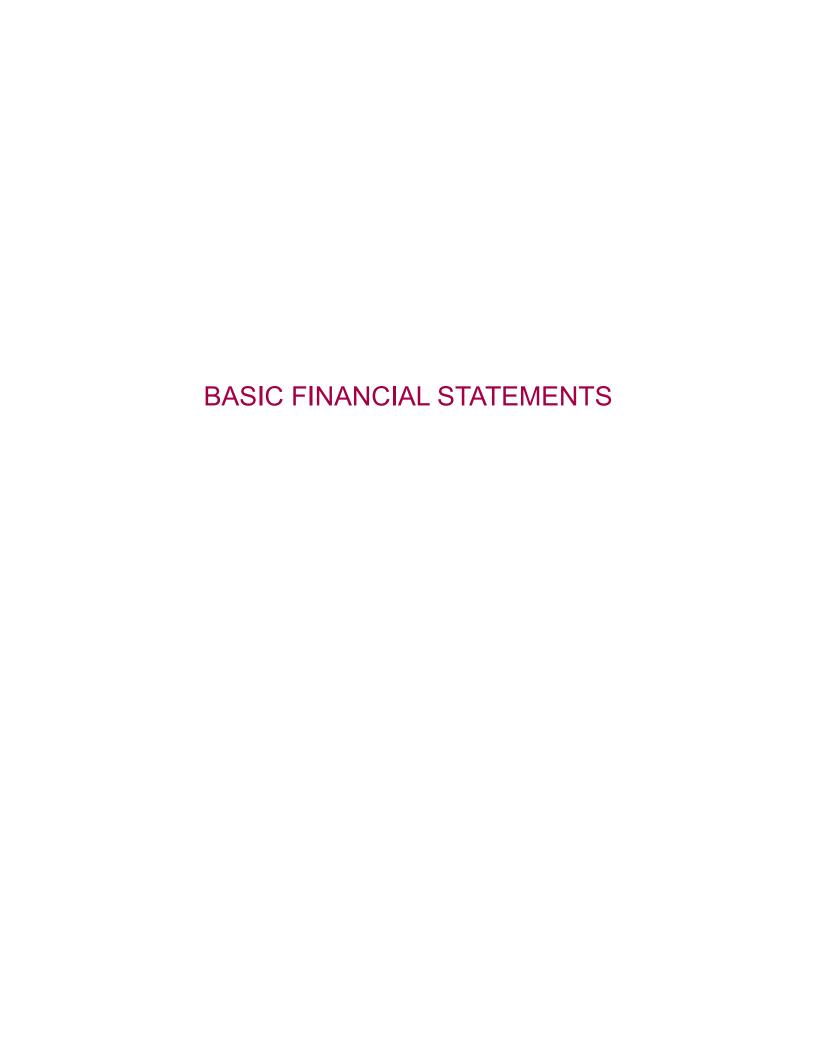
The County's 2015-2016 Budget anticipates the continuation of moderate growth, as assessed property values and unemployment levels continue to trend favorably. The County's experience with the ACA has transitioned in a favorable manner and the health care system remains financially stable. Among the County's fiscal challenges is the ongoing implementation of the Department of Justice recommendations on mental health issues in the County jail system, unfunded liabilities for retiree healthcare benefits, and addressing outdated technology systems, significant deferred maintenance, and capital improvement needs.

The County is actively participating in negotiations to renew the agreement with the federal government, known as "California's Bridge to Reform" or "Health Waiver," which expired on October 31, 2015. The Health Waiver affects Medi-Cal revenue for the County hospitals and clinics including the financing methods by which the State draws down federal matching funds. Although the ACA is now well underway, the Health Waiver provides necessary funding sources for the County to continue implementing its healthcare delivery system and quality of care reforms. The County is working very closely with the State Department of Health Care Services to finalize negotiated terms and conditions for a Health Waiver extension with the federal government that is expected to become effective soon and remain in effect until 2020.

The County's budget outlook, while favorable, continues to depend on the fiscal condition and outlook of the State of California. In this regard, the State Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) reports that the State budget is better prepared for an economic downturn that it has been at any point in decades. The LAO also projects that the State's primary revenue sources will exceed FY 2015-16 budget assumptions by \$3.6 billion, with most of the gain to be used to augment the State's "rainy day fund." For FY 2016-17, the LAO estimates that, if no new State budget commitments are made, additional reserves of \$11.5 billion are achievable. This forecast for the State reflects continuing improvement in the State's financial condition and should enable the County to more reliably develop its own financial forecast and spending plans for the near future.

#### **Obtaining Additional Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Los Angeles County Auditor-Controller, 500 West Temple Street, Room 525, Los Angeles, CA 90012-2766.



JOINE 30, 2013 (III thousands)	PF	DISCRETELY		
	GOVERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE		PRESENTED
	ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES	TOTAL	COMPONENT UNITS
ASSETS				
Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)				
Operating	\$ 5,262,794	86,888	\$ 5,349,682	\$ 691,490
Other	1,109,772	27,949	1,137,721	
Total pooled cash and investments	6,372,566	114,837	6,487,403	691,490
Other investments (Note 5)	55,525		55,525	212,111
Taxes receivable	225,304	717	226,021	
Accounts receivable - net (Note 14)		1,483,537	1,483,537	29,733
Interest receivable	20,098	337	20,435	527
Other receivables	2,083,363	211,206	2,294,569	73,452
Internal balances (Note 15)	360,059	(360,059)		
Inventories	69,899	23,443	93,342	19,065
Restricted assets (Note 5)	9,547	146,234	155,781	
Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 10)				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	8,003,660	238,729	8,242,389	96,965
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,149,237	2,767,135	10,916,372	91,059
Total capital assets	16,152,897	3,005,864	19,158,761	188,024
TOTAL ASSETS	25,349,258	4,626,116	29,975,374	1,214,402
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)	1,267,447	211,805	1,479,252	2,282
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	480,328	300,563	780,891	65,791
Accrued payroll	413,805	86,392	500,197	
Other payables	120,991	10,946	131,937	1,164
Accrued interest payable	21,795	19,983	41,778	
Advances payable	945,944	780	946,724	186
Long-term liabilities: (Note 11)				
Due within one year	1,049,490	170,170	1,219,660	5,328
Due in more than one year	19,910,721	4,659,685	24,570,406	70,483
TOTAL LIABILITIES	22,943,074	5,248,519	28,191,593	142,952
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)	2,550,590	426,559	2,977,149	13,322
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	14,846,719	2,298,915	17,145,634	157,556
Restricted for:		, ,	, ,	•
Capital projects	53,606		53,606	
Debt service	56,492	4,873	61,365	
Permanent funds - nonspendable	2,185	,	2,185	
Permanent funds - spendable	203		203	
General government	548,975		548,975	
Public protection	795,294		795,294	
Public ways and facilities	439,462	79,799	519,261	
Health and sanitation	857,040	,	857,040	
Recreation	336,133		336,133	
Community development	222,122		223,122	321,943
First 5 LA				543,522
Other	9,287		9,287	,
Unrestricted (deficit)	(16,822,355)	(3,220,744)	(20,043,099)	37,389
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) (Note 3)	\$ 1,123,041	(837,157)	\$ 285,884	\$ 1,060,410

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### PROGRAM REVENUES

FUNCTIONS PRIMARY GOVERNMENT: Governmental activities:	<u>E</u>	<u>XPENSES</u>	CHARGES FOR SERVICES	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS
General government	\$	1,429,897	469,598	47,673	8,792
Public protection	Ψ	6,638,192	1,246,654	1,688,784	11,073
Public ways and facilities		415,586	30,484	222,275	5,515
Health and sanitation		,	•	,	5,515
		3,136,924	535,836	2,219,799	
Public assistance		6,007,973	12,512	4,796,186	993
Education		107,336	3,129	132	1,780
Recreation and cultural services		365,755	206,794	2,137	7,532
Interest on long-term debt		99,400			
Total governmental activities		18,201,063	2,505,007	8,976,986	35,685
Business-type activities:					
Hospitals		4,017,633	2,960,080	499,825	
Waterworks		85,479	73,499	275	45
Aviation		6,675	4,247	740	2,308
Total business-type activities		4,109,787	3,037,826	500,840	2,353
Total primary government	\$	22,310,850	5,542,833	9,477,826	38,038
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS	\$	618,889	52,195	509,410	

#### **GENERAL REVENUES:**

Taxes:

Property taxes

Utility users taxes

Voter approved taxes

Documentary transfer taxes

Other taxes

Sales and use taxes, levied by the State

Grants and contributions not restricted

to special programs

Investment income

Miscellaneous

TRANSFERS - NET

Total general revenues and transfers

CHANGE IN NET POSITION

NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JULY 1, 2014, AS RESTATED (Note 2)

NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JUNE 30, 2015

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

### NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT

## DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

GOVERNMENTAL						<u>FUNCTIONS</u>
ACTIVITIES		ACTIVITIES	TOTAL			PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:
•	(222.22.1)		<b>A</b> (222.224)			Governmental activities:
\$	(903,834)		\$ (903,834)			General government
	(3,691,681)		(3,691,681)			Public protection
	(157,312)		(157,312)			Public ways and facilities
	(381,289)		(381,289)			Health and sanitation
	(1,198,282)		(1,198,282)			Public assistance
	(102,295)		(102,295)			Education
	(149,292)		(149,292)			Recreation and cultural services
	(99,400)		(99,400)			Interest on long-term debt
	(6,683,385)		(6,683,385)			Total governmental activities
						Business-type activities:
		(557,728)	(557,728)			Hospitals
		(11,660)	(11,660)			Waterworks
		620	620			Aviation
		(568,768)	(568,768)			Total business-type activities
	(6,683,385)	(568,768)	(7,252,153)			Total primary government
				\$ (5	7,284)	DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
						GENERAL REVENUES:
						Taxes:
	5,528,417	4,919	5,533,336			Property taxes
	61,135		61,135			
	361,662					Utility users taxes
			361,662			Utility users taxes Voter approved taxes
	79,938		361,662 79,938			•
	•		•			Voter approved taxes
	79,938		79,938			Voter approved taxes  Documentary transfer taxes  Other taxes
	79,938 30,346		79,938 30,346			Voter approved taxes  Documentary transfer taxes
	79,938 30,346		79,938 30,346			Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State
	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079	1,289	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079		9,571	Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State Grants and contributions not restricted
	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 74,220	•	79,938 30,346 99,690		•	Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State Grants and contributions not restricted to special programs Investment income
	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 74,220 181,119	26,012	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 75,509		9,571 1,173	Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State Grants and contributions not restricted to special programs
	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 74,220	26,012 603,762	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 75,509		1,173	Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State Grants and contributions not restricted to special programs Investment income Miscellaneous TRANSFERS - NET
	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 74,220 181,119 (603,762) 6,324,844	26,012 603,762 635,982	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 75,509 207,131	1	1,173 0,744	Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State Grants and contributions not restricted to special programs Investment income Miscellaneous
	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 74,220 181,119 (603,762)	26,012 603,762	79,938 30,346 99,690 512,079 75,509 207,131	1 (4	1,173	Voter approved taxes Documentary transfer taxes Other taxes Sales and use taxes, levied by the State Grants and contributions not restricted to special programs Investment income Miscellaneous TRANSFERS - NET Total general revenues and transfers

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	(	GENERAL FUND	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT	PUBLIC LIBRARY
ASSETS	-				
Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)					
Operating	\$	1,648,529	225,595	411,413	62,097
Other		1,030,156	17,813	12,812	1,456
Total pooled cash and investments		2,678,685	243,408	424,225	63,553
Other investments (Notes 4 and 5)		4,655			118
Taxes receivable		157,215	37,531	11,207	5,769
Interest receivable		12,192	460	922	158
Other receivables		1,876,345	33,013	3,773	1,753
Due from other funds (Note 15)		460,987	3,870	19,742	4,643
Advances to other funds (Note 15)		434,849		6,047	
Inventories		48,186	10,419		1,443
TOTAL ASSETS		5,673,114	328,701	465,916	77,437
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20	)				
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	5,673,114	328,701	465,916	77,437
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	410,671	4,795	2,310	1,189
Accrued payroll		356,579	36,605		3,710
Other payables		115,998	2,393		451
Due to other funds (Note 15)		271,800	13,827	22,562	5,257
Advances payable		853,441		58,735	
Third party payor (Notes 11 and 14)		39,693			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,048,182	57,620	83,607	10,607
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)		435,109	28,259	8,398	4,462
FUND BALANCES (Note 21)					
Nonspendable		272,384	10,419		1,443
Restricted		55,694	232,403	373,812	11,004
Committed		334,346			
Assigned		491,954		99	49,921
Unassigned		2,035,445			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,189,823	242,822	373,911	62,368
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,673,114	328,701	465,916	77,437

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT		NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	ELIMINATIONS (NOTE 4)	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
					_	ASSETS
						Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)
\$	328,968	2,530,273		\$	5,206,875	Operating
	1,231	39,970			1,103,438	Other
	330,199	2,570,243			6,310,313	Total pooled cash and investments
		133,632	(82,880)		55,525	Other investments (Notes 4 and 5)
	2,012	11,570			225,304	Taxes receivable
	828	5,258			19,818	Interest receivable
	5,383	55,342			1,975,609	Other receivables
	9	141,607			630,858	Due from other funds (Note 15)
		12,172			453,068	Advances to other funds (Note 15)
					60,048	Inventories
	338,431	2,929,824	(82,880)		9,730,543	TOTAL ASSETS
		237,055			237,055	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)
\$	338,431	3,166,879	(82,880)	\$	9,967,598	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES
						LIABILITIES
\$	265	55,597		\$	474,827	Accounts payable
		105			396,999	Accrued payroll
		36			118,878	Other payables
	2,033	425,172			740,651	Due to other funds (Note 15)
		32,773			944,949	Advances payable
		538			40,231	Third party payor (Notes 11 and 14)
	2,298	514,221			2,716,535	TOTAL LIABILITIES
	5,889	9,886			492,003	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)
						FUND BALANCES (Note 21)
		2,185			286,431	Nonspendable
	330,244	2,376,290	(82,880)		3,296,567	Restricted
	•	112,034	, , ,		446,380	Committed
		152,263			694,237	Assigned
		- ,			2,035,445	Unassigned
	330,244	2,642,772	(82,880)		6,759,060	TOTAL FUND BALANCES
\$	338,431	3,166,879	(82,880)	\$	9,967,598	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES

### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)		
Fund balances - total governmental funds (page 29)		\$ 6,759,060
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in governmental funds:		
Land and easements Construction-in-progress Buildings and improvements - net Equipment - net Intangible software - net Infrastructure - net	\$ 7,328,764 674,896 3,316,311 288,365 306,110 4,105,581	16,020,027
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources reported in the statement of net position, but not recognized in the governmental funds:  Deferred outflows from losses on refunding of debt Deferred outflows from pension contributions Deferred outflows from changes in proportionate share of contributions Deferred inflows from service concession arrangements Deferred inflows from net difference between projected	\$ 17,530 1,183,888 19,813 (93,233)	
and actual earnings on investments  Unavailable revenues are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds, but are recognized as revenues when earned in	 (2,364,323)	(1,236,325)
governmental activities:  Deferred inflows from property taxes  Deferred inflows from long-term receivables	\$ 170,344 84,604	254,948
Other long-term asset transactions are not available for the current period and are not recognized in governmental funds:  Payables and receivables related to capital assets  Accrued interest on long-term receivables	\$ (97) 127	30
Installment receivables from service concession arrangements.		93,233
Accrued interest payable is not recognized in governmental funds.		(21,633)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:		(21,000)
Bonds and notes Unamortized premiums on bonds and notes Accreted interest on bonds and notes Capital lease obligations Accrued compensated absences Workers' compensation Litigation and self-insurance Pollution remediation obligations Net pension liability	\$ (1,530,728) (51,085) (167,904) (166,320) (1,242,752) (1,856,914) (169,242) (20,058) (5,747,517)	
OPEB obligation	 (9,193,679)	(20,146,199)
Assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the accompanying statement of net position.		(600,100)
Net position of governmental activities (page 25)	\$ 1,123,041	
		 , -,-

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in tho	usands)
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FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (In thousand		GENERAL FUND	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT	FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT	PUBLIC LIBRARY
REVENUES				_	
Taxes	\$	4,772,762	746,178	124,862	78,885
Licenses, permits and franchises		61,561	12,755	848	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		207,684	3,225	1,024	458
Revenue from use of money and property:					
Investment income (Note 5)		42,909	1,574	3,508	650
Rents and concessions (Note 10)		98,356	99	9,966	14
Royalties		551		949	
Intergovernmental revenues:		0.074.004	0.404	005	0
Federal		3,371,661	8,134	925	9
State		5,158,726	17,037	3,762	564
Other		43,901	1,572	1,796	344
Charges for services		1,491,656	188,462	115,430	2,191
Miscellaneous TOTAL REVENUES		204,966 15,454,733	980,446	708 263,778	765 83,880
	-	13,434,733	900,440	203,770	03,000
EXPENDITURES					
Current:		4.455.070			
General government		1,155,070	052.600	100.652	
Public protection		5,136,461	952,688	189,653	
Public ways and facilities  Health and sanitation		2 021 257			
Public assistance		2,931,257 5,682,198			
Education		5,002,190			123,683
Recreation and cultural services		304,895			123,003
Debt service:		304,093			
Principal		8,633	832		
Interest and other charges		18,427	42		
Capital outlay		866	72		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		15,237,807	953,562	189,653	123,683
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER		,,			,
EXPENDITURES		216,926	26,884	74,125	(39,803)
		210,020	20,004	74,120	(00,000)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		391,287	546		47 622
Transfers in (Note 15) Transfers out (Note 15)		(522,934)	(9,076)	(F 70F)	47,623 (6,374)
Issuance of debt (Note 11)		(322,934)	(9,070)	(5,795)	(0,374)
Bond premium proceeds (Note 11)					
Capital leases (Note 10)		866			
Sales of capital assets		870	225	107	19
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(129,911)	(8,305)	(5,688)	41,268
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		87,015	18,579	68,437	1,465
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2014		3,102,808	224,243	305,474	60,903
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2015	\$	3,189,823	242,822	373,911	62,368
2.12 3.12 0.02 5, 50.12 50, 20.10	Ψ	3,.33,020		270,011	02,000

REGIONAL PARK AND	NONMAJOR	FUMINATIONS	TOTAL	
OPEN SPACE DISTRICT	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	ELIMINATIONS (NOTE 4)	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
DISTRICT	TONDO	(NOTE 4)	TONDS	REVENUES
\$	355,762		\$ 6,078,449	Taxes
•	16,915		92,079	Licenses, permits and franchises
815	66,040		279,246	Fines, forfeitures and penalties
	55,515		_, _,_,	Revenue from use of money and property:
3,330	26,993	(4,998)	73,966	Investment income (Note 5)
-,	24,773	( ,,	133,208	Rents and concessions (Note 10)
	3		1,503	Royalties
			,	Intergovernmental revenues:
	31,489		3,412,218	Federal
	832,573		6,012,662	State
	21,599		69,212	Other
48,356	176,979		2,023,074	Charges for services
,	51,617		259,466	Miscellaneous
52,501	1,604,743	(4,998)	18,435,083	TOTAL REVENUES
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			EXPENDITURES
				Current:
	17,028		1,172,098	General government
	75,090		6,353,892	Public protection
	378,345		378,345	Public ways and facilities
	143,154		3,074,411	Health and sanitation
	6,315		5,688,513	Public assistance
	40		123,723	Education
45,110	7,453		357,458	Recreation and cultural services
45,110	7,400		337,430	Debt service:
	484,950	(30,735)	463,680	Principal
	84,406	(4,998)	97,877	Interest and other charges
	138,362	(4,990)	139,228	Capital outlay
45,110	1,335,143	(35,733)	17,849,225	TOTAL EXPENDITURES
40,110	1,000,140	(55,755)	17,040,220	
7.004	000 000	00.705	505.050	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER
7,391	269,600	30,735	585,858	EXPENDITURES
				OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
	318,441		757,897	Transfers in (Note 15)
	(809,567)		(1,353,746)	Transfers out (Note 15)
	461,811		461,811	Issuance of debt (Note 11)
	27,354		27,354	Bond premium proceeds (Note 11)
			866	Capital leases (Note 10)
	1,201		2,422	Sales of capital assets
	(760)		(103,396)	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)
7,391	268,840	30,735	482,462	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES
322,853	2,373,932	(113,615)	6,276,598	FUND BALANCES, JULY 1, 2014
\$ 330,244	2,642,772	(82,880)	\$ 6,759,060	FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30, 2015
		, , , ,		

#### **COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES**

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 33)		\$ 482,462
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:  Expenditures for general capital assets, infrastructure and other related capital asset adjustments  Less - current year depreciation expense	\$ 454,502 (408,252)	46,250
In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale are reported as an increase in financial resources. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance.		(2,661)
Contribution of capital assets is not recognized in the governmental funds.		27,686
Amortization of losses on refunding of debt are reported as changes to deferred outflows of resources in governmental activities, but not reported for governmental funds.		(2,713)
Changes in unavailable revenues are reported as changes in deferred inflows of resources for governmental funds, but were recognized when earned for governmental activities.		(67,948)
Timing differences result in more or less revenues and expenses in the statement of activities.  Change in accrued interest on long-term receivables  Change in unamortized premiums	\$ 120 4,177	4,297
Issuance of long-term debt provides resources in the governmental funds, but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	· · · · · ·	(490,031)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position:  Certificates of participation and bonds  Notes, loans, and lease revenue obligation notes  Assessment bonds  Other long-term notes, loans and capital leases	\$ 56,523 366,957 30,735 9,465	463,680
Some expenses reported in the accompanying statement of activities do not require (or provide) the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Change in workers' compensation  Change in litigation and self-insurance  Change in pollution remediation obligations  Change in accrued compensated absences  Change in net pension liability, net of related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources  Change in OPEB obligation  Change in accrued interest payable  Change in accretion of bonds and notes  Change in accretion of tobacco settlement bonds	\$ (35,800) 667 (1,864) (52,030) 638,395 (1,324,470) (2,254) 5,482 (2,803)	
Transfer of capital assets from governmental fund to enterprise fund	(14,945)	(789,622)
The portion of internal service funds that is reported with governmental activities.		(29,941)

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Change in net position of governmental activities (page 27)

(358,541)

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

REVENUES         Taxes         \$ 4,661,966         4,712,736         4,770,549         57,813           Licenses, permits and franchises         48,305         48,309         61,561         13,252           Fines, forfeitures and penalties         214,948         207,684         (7,264           Revenue from use of money and property:         Investment income         26,483         26,844         32,995         6,151           Rents and concessions         98,758         105,278         98,356         (6,922           Royalties         1,075         1,075         551         (524           Intergovernmental revenues:         Federal         3,820,940         3,948,302         3,373,530         (574,772           State         5,318,819         5,328,295         5,135,789         (192,506           Other         25,860         57,835         42,037         (15,798           Charges for services         1,646,255         1,622,157         1,496,543         (125,614           Miscellaneous         153,427         195,338         212,073         (15,798           Charges for services         16,016,836         16,261,117         15,431,673         (829,444           EXPENDITURES         20         1,223,33         1,9			GEI	NERAL FUND	
Taxes \$4,661,966 4,712,736 4,770,549 57,813 Licenses, permits and franchises 48,305 48,309 61,561 13,252 Fines, forfeitures and penalties 214,948 214,948 207,684 (7,264 Revenue from use of money and property:  Investment income 26,483 26,844 32,995 6,151 Rents and concessions 98,758 105,278 99,356 (6,922 Royalties 1,075 1,075 551 (524 Intergovernmental revenues:  Federal 3,820,940 3,948,302 3,373,530 (574,772 State 5,318,819 5,322,935 5,135,769 (192,506 Other 25,860 57,835 42,037 (15,788 Miscellaneous 15,3427 195,338 212,078 16,740 TOTAL REVENUES 15,000,000 16,00				BUDGETARY	
Licenses, permits and franchises         48,305         48,309         61,561         13,282           Fines, forfeitures and penalties         214,948         214,948         207,584         (7,264           Revenue from use of money and property:         Investment income         26,483         26,844         32,995         6,151           Rents and concessions         98,758         105,278         98,356         (6,922           Royalties         1,075         551         (524           Intergovermental revenues:         51,075         551         (524           Intergovermental revenues:         Federal         3,820,940         3,948,302         3,373,530         (574,772           State         5,318,819         5,328,295         5,135,789         1192,506           Other         25,860         57,835         42,037         (15,788           Charges for services         1,640,255         1,622,157         1,496,543         (125,614           Miscellaneous         153,427         195,338         212,078         16,744           EXPENDITURES         2         16,016,836         16,261,117         15,431,673         (829,444           EXPENDITURES         2         1024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563 </td <td>REVENUES</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	REVENUES				
Licenses, permits and franchises         48,305         48,309         61,561         13,282           Fines, forfeitures and penalties         214,948         214,948         207,584         (7,264           Revenue from use of money and property:         Investment income         26,483         26,844         32,995         6,151           Rents and concessions         98,758         105,278         98,356         (6,922           Royalties         1,075         551         (524           Intergovermental revenues:         51,075         551         (524           Intergovermental revenues:         Federal         3,820,940         3,948,302         3,373,530         (574,772           State         5,318,819         5,328,295         5,135,789         1192,506           Other         25,860         57,835         42,037         (15,788           Charges for services         1,640,255         1,622,157         1,496,543         (125,614           Miscellaneous         153,427         195,338         212,078         16,744           EXPENDITURES         2         16,016,836         16,261,117         15,431,673         (829,444           EXPENDITURES         2         1024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563 </td <td>Taxes</td> <td>\$ 4,661,966</td> <td>4,712,736</td> <td>4,770,549</td> <td>57,813</td>	Taxes	\$ 4,661,966	4,712,736	4,770,549	57,813
Fines, forfeitures and penalties Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income Revenue from use of money and property: Investment income Rents and concessions Royalties Royal	Licenses, permits and franchises		48,309	61,561	13,252
Investment income		214,948	214,948	207,684	(7,264)
Rents and concessions         98,758         105,278         98,356         (6,922 Royalties           Royalties         1,075         1,075         551         (524 (524 (524 (524 (524 (524 (524 (524	Revenue from use of money and property:				
Royalties	Investment income	26,483	26,844	32,995	6,151
Intergovernmental revenues:   Federal   3,820,940   3,948,302   3,373,530   (574,772   5tate   5,318,819   5,328,295   5,135,789   (192,506   Other   25,860   57,835   42,037   (15,798   Charges for services   1,646,255   1,622,157   1,496,543   (125,614   Miscellaneous   153,427   195,338   212,078   16,744   TOTAL REVENUES   16,016,836   16,261,117   15,431,673   (829,444   REVENDITURES   1,016,836   1,016,836   1,110,563   1,	Rents and concessions	98,758	105,278	98,356	(6,922)
Federal         3,820,940         3,948,302         3,373,530         (574,772 State           State         5,318,819         5,328,295         5,135,769         (192,506 Other           Charges for services         1,646,255         1,622,157         1,496,543         (125,614 Miscellaneous           TOTAL REVENUES         16,016,836         16,221,177         1,496,543         (125,614 Miscellaneous)           EXPENDITURES           Current:           General government         2,024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563         874,145 Miscellaneous           Public protection         5,361,526         5,432,617         5,188,548         244,069 Miscellaneous           Health and sanitation         3,539,831         3,486,984         3,024,533         462,451 Miscellaneous           Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563 Miscellaneous           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109 Miscellaneous           Debt service-         1,146,142,607         5,716,044         426,563 Miscellaneous         42,252 Miscellaneous           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645 Miscellaneous           TOTAL E	Royalties	1,075	1,075	551	(524)
State Other         5,318,819         5,328,295         5,135,789         (192,506 Other Ot	Intergovernmental revenues:				
Other Charges for services Charges for services         1,646,255 1,622,157 1,496,543 (125,614 1)         (15,798 1)           Miscellaneous Charges for services Miscellaneous District Charges for services Charges for services Charges for services         153,427 195,338 212,078 212,078 16,740 16,740 16,836 16,261,117 15,431,673 (829,444 16,740 16)         16,016,836 16,261,117 15,431,673 (829,444 16,740 16)           EXPENDITURES           Current:           General government Public protection 5,361,526 5,432,617 5,188,548 244,069 14,000	Federal	3,820,940	3,948,302	3,373,530	(574,772)
Charges for services         1,646,255         1,622,157         1,496,543         (125,614 Miscellaneous)           TOTAL REVENUES         153,427         195,338         212,078         16,740           TOTAL REVENUES         16,016,836         16,261,117         15,431,673         (829,444           EXPENDITURES         Current:           General government         2,024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563         874,145           Public protection         5,361,526         5,432,617         5,188,548         244,069           Health and sanitation         3,539,831         3,486,984         3,024,533         462,451           Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service-         Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538	State	5,318,819	5,328,295	5,135,789	(192,506)
Miscellaneous         153,427         195,338         212,078         16,740           TOTAL REVENUES         16,016,836         16,261,117         15,431,673         (829,444           EXPENDITURES         Current:         General government         2,024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563         874,145           Public protection         5,361,526         5,432,617         5,188,548         244,069           Health and sanitation         3,539,831         3,486,984         3,024,533         462,451           Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service-         Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129         2,129           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563	Other	25,860	57,835	42,037	(15,798)
Miscellaneous         153,427         195,338         212,078         16,740           TOTAL REVENUES         16,016,836         16,261,117         15,431,673         (829,444           EXPENDITURES           Current:         General government         2,024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563         874,145           Public protection         5,361,526         5,432,617         5,188,548         244,069           Health and sanitation         3,539,831         3,486,984         3,024,533         462,451           Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service- Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129         2,129           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563           Transfers out<	Charges for services	1,646,255	1,622,157	1,496,543	(125,614)
EXPENDITURES  Current:  General government 2,024,233 1,984,708 1,110,563 874,145  Public protection 5,361,526 5,432,617 5,188,548 244,069  Health and sanitation 3,539,831 3,486,984 3,024,533 462,451  Public assistance 6,102,852 6,142,607 5,716,044 426,563  Recreation and cultural services 322,583 329,131 313,022 16,109  Debt service- Interest 2,129 2,129 2,129  Capital outlay 836,113 845,182 149,537 695,645  TOTAL EXPENDITURES 18,189,267 18,223,358 15,504,376 2,718,982  DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (2,172,431) (1,962,241) (72,703) 1,889,538  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Sales of capital assets 307 307 870 563  Transfers in 711,164 735,539 378,219 (357,320  Transfers out (263,758) (399,947) (388,051) 11,896  Appropriations for contingencies (5,000) (48,924) (289,24)  Changes in fund balance 163,455 109,003 265,528 156,525  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET 606,168 395,978 256,566 (139,412  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (1,566,263) 1,566,263 1,566,263	Miscellaneous	153,427		212,078	16,740
Current:         Current         Current         Ceneral government         2,024,233         1,984,708         1,110,563         874,145           Public protection         5,361,526         5,432,617         5,188,548         244,069           Health and sanitation         3,539,831         3,486,984         3,024,533         462,451           Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service-         Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129         12,129         12,129         2,129	TOTAL REVENUES	16,016,836	16,261,117	15,431,673	(829,444)
Public protection         5,361,526         5,432,617         5,188,548         244,069           Health and sanitation         3,539,831         3,486,984         3,024,533         462,451           Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service- Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129         2,129           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Sales of capital assets         307         307         870         563           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,16					
Health and sanitation   3,539,831   3,486,984   3,024,533   462,451   Public assistance   6,102,852   6,142,607   5,716,044   426,563   Recreation and cultural services   322,583   329,131   313,022   16,109	General government	2,024,233	1,984,708	1,110,563	874,145
Public assistance         6,102,852         6,142,607         5,716,044         426,563           Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service- Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129         2,129           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563           Transfers in         711,164         735,539         378,219         (357,320           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         1,566,263         1,566	Public protection	5,361,526	5,432,617	5,188,548	244,069
Recreation and cultural services         322,583         329,131         313,022         16,109           Debt service- Interest         2,129         2,129         2,129         2,129           Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563           Transfers in         711,164         735,539         378,219         (357,320           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         (1,566,263)         1,566,263         1,566,263           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         1,566,263         1,566,263	Health and sanitation		3,486,984	3,024,533	462,451
Debt service-  Interest   2,129   2,	Public assistance	6,102,852	6,142,607	5,716,044	426,563
Interest	Recreation and cultural services	322,583	329,131	313,022	16,109
Capital outlay         836,113         845,182         149,537         695,645           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563           Transfers in         711,164         735,539         378,219         (357,320           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         (1,566,263)         1,566,263         1,566,263           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263	Debt service-				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES         18,189,267         18,223,358         15,504,376         2,718,982           DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563           Sales of capital assets         307         307         870         563           Transfers in         711,164         735,539         378,219         (357,320           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         (1,566,263)         1,566,263         1,566,263           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263	Interest	2,129	2,129	2,129	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (2,172,431)         (1,962,241)         (72,703)         1,889,538           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         307         307         870         563           Sales of capital assets         307         307         870         563           Transfers in         711,164         735,539         378,219         (357,320           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         (1,566,263)         183,863         1,750,126           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263	Capital outlay	836,113	845,182	149,537	695,645
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)  Sales of capital assets  Transfers in  Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies Changes in fund balance  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET  OTHER FINANCE (1,566,263)  Transfers out (263,758) (399,947) (388,051) (388,051) (388,051) (48,924) (48,924) (48,924) (5,000) (48,924) (48,924) (500) (500) (500) (500) (600) (	TOTAL EXPENDITURES	18,189,267	18,223,358	15,504,376	2,718,982
Sales of capital assets       307       307       870       563         Transfers in       711,164       735,539       378,219       (357,320         Transfers out       (263,758)       (399,947)       (388,051)       11,896         Appropriations for contingencies       (5,000)       (48,924)       48,924         Changes in fund balance       163,455       109,003       265,528       156,525         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       606,168       395,978       256,566       (139,412         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (1,566,263)       (1,566,263)       183,863       1,750,126         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       1,566,263       1,566,263       1,566,263	DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(2,172,431)	(1,962,241)	(72,703)	1,889,538
Sales of capital assets       307       307       870       563         Transfers in       711,164       735,539       378,219       (357,320         Transfers out       (263,758)       (399,947)       (388,051)       11,896         Appropriations for contingencies       (5,000)       (48,924)       48,924         Changes in fund balance       163,455       109,003       265,528       156,525         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       606,168       395,978       256,566       (139,412         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (1,566,263)       (1,566,263)       183,863       1,750,126         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       1,566,263       1,566,263       1,566,263	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in Transfers out         711,164         735,539         378,219         (357,320           Transfers out         (263,758)         (399,947)         (388,051)         11,896           Appropriations for contingencies         (5,000)         (48,924)         48,924           Changes in fund balance         163,455         109,003         265,528         156,525           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         (1,566,263)         183,863         1,750,126           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263	, ,	307	307	870	563
Transfers out       (263,758)       (399,947)       (388,051)       11,896         Appropriations for contingencies       (5,000)       (48,924)       48,924         Changes in fund balance       163,455       109,003       265,528       156,525         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       606,168       395,978       256,566       (139,412         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (1,566,263)       (1,566,263)       183,863       1,750,126         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       1,566,263       1,566,263       1,566,263					
Appropriations for contingencies       (5,000)       (48,924)       48,924         Changes in fund balance       163,455       109,003       265,528       156,525         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       606,168       395,978       256,566       (139,412         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (1,566,263)       (1,566,263)       183,863       1,750,126         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       1,566,263       1,566,263       1,566,263		•	•	•	
Changes in fund balance       163,455       109,003       265,528       156,525         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       606,168       395,978       256,566       (139,412         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (1,566,263)       (1,566,263)       183,863       1,750,126         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       1,566,263       1,566,263       1,566,263				(000,001)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         606,168         395,978         256,566         (139,412           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (1,566,263)         (1,566,263)         183,863         1,750,126           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         1,566,263         1,566,263         1,566,263				265 528	·
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (1,566,263) (1,566,263) 183,863 1,750,126  FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16) 1,566,263 1,566,263 1,566,263	•				
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16) 1,566,263 1,566,263 1,566,263	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		000,010	200,000	(100,112)
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,566,263)	(1,566,263)	183,863	1,750,126
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16) \$ 1,750,126 1,750,126	FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)	1,566,263	1,566,263	1,566,263	
+ 1,100,120 1,100,120	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16)	\$		1,750,126	1,750,126

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT					
	0	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE WITH	
	В	UDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET	
				BASIS	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	726,929	739,206	747,600	8,394	
Licenses, permits and franchises	•	13,167	13,167	12,755	(412)	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties		3,830	3,830	3,225	(605)	
Revenue from use of money and property:		-,	-,	-, -	()	
Investment income		700	700	900	200	
Rents and concessions		85	85	99	14	
Intergovernmental revenues:						
Federal		19,685	19,685	8,134	(11,551)	
State		16,767	16,767	17,037	270	
Other		,	•	1,572	1,572	
Charges for services		184,164	184,507	188,462	3,955	
Miscellaneous		1,077	1,077	1,410	333	
TOTAL REVENUES		966,404	979,024	981,194	2,170	
EXPENDITURES						
Current-Public protection:						
Salaries and employee benefits		852,040	856,941	842,420	14,521	
Services and supplies		143,429	138,728	113,090	25,638	
Other charges		6,468	6,768	3,453	3,315	
Capital assets		36,558	36,252	19,105	17,147	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		1,038,495	1,038,689	978,068	60,621	
EVOCES (DEFICIENCY) OF DEVENIUES						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(72,091)	(59,665)	3,126	62,791	
		(, =,00.)	(00,000)	0,:20	52,. 5 .	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sales of capital assets		762	762	225	(537)	
Transfers in		234	546	546		
Transfers out		(6,374)	(7,135)	(7,135)		
Appropriation for contingencies			(12,277)		12,277	
Changes in fund balance		28,682	28,982	37,218	8,236	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		23,304	10,878	30,854	19,976	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(48,787)	(48,787)	33,980	82,767	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)		48,787	48,787	48,787	_	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16)	\$			82,767	82,767	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

NICHINAL BUDGET   BUDGET BASIS   NATIONAL PINAL BUDGET BASIS   NOSITIVE (NEGATIVE)		FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT				
REVENUES		0	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE WITH
REVENUES         Taxes         \$ 102,006         121,726         124,994         3,268           Licenses, permits and franchises         707         707         848         141           Fines, forfeitures and penaltiles         1,487         1,487         1,024         (463)           Revenue from use of money and property:         1,579         1,579         2,439         860           Rents and concessions         7,346         7,346         9,966         2,620           Royalties         1,000         1,000         949         (51)           Intergovernmental revenues:         Federal         925         925           Foderal         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         726         1,796         1,070           Charges for services         113,356         113,356         115,599         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         2,33           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         20,208         208,208         176,921         3,151           Current-Public protection:         7,579         7,579         7,579		В	UDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET
Taxes         \$ 102,006         121,726         124,994         3,268           Licenses, permits and franchises         707         707         848         141           Fines, forfeitures and penalties         1,487         1,024         (463)           Revenue from use of money and property:         1,579         1,579         2,439         860           Rents and concessions         7,346         7,346         9,966         2,620           Royalties         1,000         1,000         949         (51)           Intergovernmental revenues:         5         925         925           Federal         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         726         1,796         1,070           Charges for services         113,356         113,356         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         335           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         20         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,282         3,161           Capital assets					BASIS	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
Taxes         \$ 102,006         121,726         124,994         3,268           Licenses, permits and franchises         707         707         848         141           Fines, forfeitures and penalties         1,487         1,024         (463)           Revenue from use of money and property:         1,579         1,579         2,439         860           Rents and concessions         7,346         7,346         9,966         2,620           Royalties         1,000         1,000         949         (51)           Intergovernmental revenues:         5         925         925           Federal         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         726         1,796         1,070           Charges for services         113,356         113,356         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         335           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         20         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,282         3,161           Capital assets						
Licenses, permits and franchises         707         707         848         141           Fines, forfeitures and penalties         1,487         1,487         1,024         (463)           Revenue from use of money and property:         Investment income         1,579         1,579         2,439         860           Rents and concessions         7,346         7,346         9,966         2,620           Royalties         1,000         1,000         949         (51)           Intergovernmental revenues:         5         925         925           State         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         7,26         1,762         1,070           Charges for services         113,356         113,356         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         (335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						
Fines, forfeitures and penalties         1,487         1,024         (463)           Revenue from use of money and property:         1,579         1,579         2,439         860           Rents and concessions         7,346         7,346         9,966         2,620           Royalties         1,000         1,000         949         (51)           Intergovernmental revenues:         Federal         925         925           State         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         726         1,796         1,070           Charges for services         113,355         113,355         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         7,08         (335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         201,043         1,76,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         151         159         352           Capital assets         511         511         159         362         36,376           EXCES (DEFIC		\$			,	·
Revenue from use of money and property:   Investment income   1,579   1,579   2,439   860   2,620   Rents and concessions   7,346   7,346   9,966   2,620   Royalties   1,000   1,000   949   (51)						
Investment income			1,487	1,487	1,024	(463)
Rents and concessions         7,346         7,346         9,966         2,620           Royalties         1,000         1,000         949         (51)           Intergouremmental revenues:         Federal         925         925           State         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         726         1,796         1,070           Charges for services         113,356         113,356         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         205,208         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836						
Royalties			· ·	•	,	
Intergovernmental revenues:   Federal   925   925   925   State   2,570   2,570   3,762   1,192   Other   726   726   1,796   1,070   Charges for services   113,356   113,356   115,589   2,233   Miscellaneous   1,043   1,043   708   (335)   TOTAL REVENUES   231,820   251,540   263,000   11,460      EXPENDITURES			-	•	•	•
Federal         925         925           State         2,570         2,570         3,762         1,192           Other         726         726         1,796         1,070           Charges for services         113,356         113,356         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         (335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         205,208         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         36e         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,83			1,000	1,000	949	(51)
State Other         2,570 (The Content of Table 1)         3,762 (The Content of Table 1)         1,192 (The Content of Table 1)         1,193 (The Content of Table 1)         1,194 (The Content of Table 1)         1,1,140 (The Content of Table 1)         1,1,141 (The Content of Table 1)	•					
Other Charges for services Charges for services         1726 113,356 113,356 115,589 2,233 (335)         1,043 1,043 708 (335)         1,043 708 (335)           Miscellaneous         1,043 1,043 708 (335)         2,033 (335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820 251,540 263,000 11,460           EXPENDITURES         208,208 176,921 31,287           Current-Public protection:         3,151 51 511 511 159 352           Services and supplies 7,579 7,579 4,428 3,151 511 511 159 352         3,151 511 511 159 352           Capital assets 5 511 511 511 159 352         3,666           Capital outlay 58,443 55,443 3,857 51,586         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741 271,741 185,365 86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (39,921) (20,201) 77,635 97,836         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets 20 20 107 87 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17						
Charges for services Miscellaneous         113,356         113,356         113,356         115,589         2,233           Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         (335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES         Current-Public protection:			-	•		
Miscellaneous         1,043         1,043         708         (335)           TOTAL REVENUES         231,820         251,540         263,000         11,460           EXPENDITURES           Current-Public protection:         Services and supplies         205,208         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         20         20         107         87           Transfers out         (7,779)         (7,779)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies         (19,720)         19,720           Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td>					•	
TOTAL REVENUES  231,820 251,540 263,000 11,460  EXPENDITURES  Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 205,208 208,208 176,921 31,287 Other charges 7,579 7,579 4,428 3,151 Capital assets 511 511 159 352 Capital outlay 58,443 55,443 3,857 51,586  TOTAL EXPENDITURES 271,741 271,741 185,365 86,376  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (39,921) (20,201) 77,635 97,836  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets 20 20 107 87 Transfers out (7,779) (7,779) (2,711) 5,068 Appropriations for contingencies (19,720) Changes in fund balance (81,737) (81,737) (68,222) 13,515  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (89,496) (109,216) (70,826) 38,390  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (129,417) (129,417) 6,809 136,226			· ·			
EXPENDITURES Current-Public protection: Services and supplies 205,208 208,208 176,921 31,287 Other charges 7,579 7,579 4,428 3,151 Capital assets 511 511 159 352 Capital outlay 58,443 55,443 3,857 51,586  TOTAL EXPENDITURES 271,741 271,741 185,365 86,376  EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (39,921) (20,201) 77,635 97,836  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets 20 20 107 87 Transfers out (7,779) (7,779) (2,711) 5,068 Appropriations for contingencies (19,720) 19,720 Changes in fund balance (81,737) (81,737) (68,222) 13,515  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (89,496) (109,216) (70,826) 38,390  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (129,417) (129,417) 6,809 136,226  FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16) 129,417 129,417	Miscellaneous		1,043	1,043	708	(335)
Current-Public protection:           Services and supplies         205,208         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies         (7,779)         (7,779)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417	TOTAL REVENUES		231,820	251,540	263,000	11,460
Current-Public protection:           Services and supplies         205,208         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies         (7,779)         (7,779)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417	EXPENDITURES					
Services and supplies         205,208         208,208         176,921         31,287           Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets         20         20         107         87           Transfers out         (7,779)         (7,779)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies         (19,720)         19,720           Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417						
Other charges         7,579         7,579         4,428         3,151           Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies         (7,779)         (7,779)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies         (19,720)         19,720           Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417			205 208	208 208	176 921	31 287
Capital assets         511         511         159         352           Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies         (19,720)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417	• •		•	•		
Capital outlay         58,443         55,443         3,857         51,586           TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies         (19,720)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417	-		-	•	•	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES         271,741         271,741         185,365         86,376           EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies         (7,779)         (7,779)         (2,711)         5,068           Appropriations for contingencies         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417						
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES  (39,921) (20,201) 77,635 97,836  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Sales of capital assets 20 20 107 87 Transfers out (7,779) (7,779) (2,711) 5,068 Appropriations for contingencies (19,720) 19,720 Changes in fund balance (81,737) (81,737) (68,222) 13,515  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (89,496) (109,216) (70,826) 38,390  NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (129,417) (129,417) 6,809 136,226  FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16) 129,417 129,417						
OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies Appropriations for contingencies (19,720)         (19,720)         19,720           Changes in fund balance (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (129,417)         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417	TOTAL EXPENDITURES		271,741	271,741	185,365	86,376
OVER EXPENDITURES         (39,921)         (20,201)         77,635         97,836           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         20         20         107         87           Transfers out Appropriations for contingencies Appropriations for contingencies (19,720)         (19,720)         19,720           Changes in fund balance (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (129,417)         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417         129,417	EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES					
Sales of capital assets       20       20       107       87         Transfers out       (7,779)       (7,779)       (2,711)       5,068         Appropriations for contingencies       (19,720)       19,720         Changes in fund balance       (81,737)       (81,737)       (68,222)       13,515         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       (89,496)       (109,216)       (70,826)       38,390         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (129,417)       (129,417)       6,809       136,226         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       129,417       129,417       129,417       129,417			(39,921)	(20,201)	77,635	97,836
Sales of capital assets       20       20       107       87         Transfers out       (7,779)       (7,779)       (2,711)       5,068         Appropriations for contingencies       (19,720)       19,720         Changes in fund balance       (81,737)       (81,737)       (68,222)       13,515         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       (89,496)       (109,216)       (70,826)       38,390         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (129,417)       (129,417)       6,809       136,226         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       129,417       129,417       129,417       129,417	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers out       (7,779)       (7,779)       (2,711)       5,068         Appropriations for contingencies       (19,720)       19,720         Changes in fund balance       (81,737)       (81,737)       (68,222)       13,515         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       (89,496)       (109,216)       (70,826)       38,390         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (129,417)       (129,417)       6,809       136,226         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       129,417       129,417       129,417			20	20	107	87
Appropriations for contingencies       (19,720)       19,720         Changes in fund balance       (81,737)       (81,737)       (68,222)       13,515         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET       (89,496)       (109,216)       (70,826)       38,390         NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (129,417)       (129,417)       6,809       136,226         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       129,417       129,417       129,417						
Changes in fund balance         (81,737)         (81,737)         (68,222)         13,515           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET         (89,496)         (109,216)         (70,826)         38,390           NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE         (129,417)         (129,417)         6,809         136,226           FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)         129,417         129,417         129,417			( , - ,		( , , ,	•
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (129,417)       (129,417)       6,809       136,226         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       129,417       129,417       129,417			(81,737)		(68,222)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE       (129,417)       (129,417)       6,809       136,226         FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)       129,417       129,417       129,417						
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16) 129,417 129,417 129,417	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(89,496)	(109,216)	(70,826)	38,390
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(129,417)	(129,417)	6,809	136,226
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16) \$ 136,226 136,226	FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)		129,417	129,417	129,417	
	FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16)	\$			136,226	136,226

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
PUBLIC LIBRARY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	PUBLIC LIBRARY				
		RIGINAL UDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)
REVENUES					
Taxes	\$	77,079	77,396	79,334	1,938
Fines, forfeitures and penalties				458	458
Revenue from use of money and property:		400	400	450	50
Investment income Rents and concessions		400 15	400 15	450 14	50
Intergovernmental revenues:		13	15	14	(1)
Federal				9	9
State		666	666	564	(102)
Other		165	165	344	179
Charges for services		3,169	3,169	2,191	(978)
Miscellaneous		958	958	765	(193)
TOTAL REVENUES		82,452	82,769	84,129	1,360
EXPENDITURES					
Current-Education:					
Salaries and employee benefits		91,330	91,330	79,765	11,565
Services and supplies		74,847	71,894	46,763	25,131
Other charges		137	4,137	38	4,099
Capital assets		600	650	450	200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		166,914	168,011	127,016	40,995
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(84,462)	(85,242)	(42,887)	42,355
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Sales of capital assets		13	13	19	6
Transfers in		47,494	52,031	47,623	(4,408)
Transfers out		(2,734)	(6,374)	(6,374)	
Appropriation for contingencies			(317)		317
Changes in fund balance		(1,486)	(1,286)	(642)	644
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		43,287	44,067	40,626	(3,441)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(41,175)	(41,175)	(2,261)	38,914
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)		41,175	41,175	41,175	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16)	\$			38,914	38,914

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ON BUDGETARY BASIS
REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	REGIONAL PARK AND OPEN SPACE DISTRICT					
	С	RIGINAL	FINAL	ACTUAL ON	VARIANCE WITH	
	E	BUDGET	BUDGET	BUDGETARY	FINAL BUDGET	
				BASIS	POSITIVE (NEGATIVE)	
REVENUES						
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	\$	826	826	815	(11)	
Revenue from use of money and property-						
Investment income		1,950	1,950	2,148	198	
Charges for services		80,279	80,279	80,340	61	
TOTAL REVENUES		83,055	83,055	83,303	248	
EXPENDITURES						
Current-Recreation and cultural services:						
Services and supplies		10,414	12,299	6,714	5,585	
Other charges		276,890	275,103	56,180	218,923	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		287,304	287,402	62,894	224,508	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES		(204,249)	(204,347)	20,409	224,756	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		106,178	110,807	112,016	1,209	
Transfers out		(142,484)	(147,015)	(143,750)	3,265	
Changes in fund balance		4,453	4,453	8,893	4,440	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) - NET		(31,853)	(31,755)	(22,841)	8,914	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(236,102)	(236,102)	(2,432)	233,670	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1, 2014 (Note 16)		236,272	236,272	236,272		
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30, 2015 (Note 16)	\$	170	170	233,840	233,670	

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS				
JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)				PE ACTIVITIES -
	Harbor	Olive View	LAC+USC	Rancho Los
	UCLA Medical	UCLA Medical	Medical	Amigos National
ACCETC	Center	Center	Center	Rehab Center
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)	\$ 1,599	656	1,587	276
Operating Other	7,835	4,674	1,367	2,095
Total pooled cash and investments	9,434	5,330	12,803	2,371
Taxes receivable	3,434	3,330	12,003	2,371
Accounts receivable - net (Note 14)	473,023	207,961	515,700	274,183
Interest receivable	62	33	30	11
Other receivables	14,035	12,146	26,303	5,338
Due from other funds (Note 15)	93,780	68,107	151,392	24,757
Advances to other funds (Note 15)				
Inventories	7,994	4,377	9,948	1,124
Total current assets	598,328	297,954	716,176	307,784
Noncurrent assets:				40.400
Restricted assets (Note 5)	87,772	38,757	4,873	10,130
Other receivables (Note 14 and 15)	43,695	23,818	70,028	15,843
Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 10)	2.070	40.400	40.400	047
Land and easements	3,276 896,796	16,426 336,234	18,183 1,080,000	217 187,180
Buildings and improvements Equipment	87,300	66,146	110,554	22,761
Intangible - software	16,921	14,359	20,704	5,616
Infrastructure	10,021	14,000	20,704	0,010
Construction in progress	611	348		29,819
Less accumulated depreciation	(234,864)	(147,548)	(329,205)	(124,083)
Total capital assets - net	770,040	285,965	900,236	121,510
Total noncurrent assets	901,507	348,540	975,137	147,483
TOTAL ASSETS	1,499,835	646,494	1,691,313	455,267
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)	63,506	41,859	87,299	19,141
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	103,601	42,872	124,642	26,062
Accrued payroll	26,827	15,979	36,523	7,063
Other payables	4,113	1,969	3,507	1,096
Accrued interest payable Due to other funds (Note 15)	14,804 89,494	4,940 55,634	48 76,457	111 42,664
Advances from other funds (Note 15)	176,412	12,131	99,716	144,156
Advances payable	170,412	12,101	738	18
Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 11)	60,744	16,910	39,721	42,591
Total current liabilities	475,995	150,435	381,352	263,761
Noncurrent liabilities:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Accrued compensated absences (Note 11)	57,513	31,291	76,067	14,486
Bonds and notes (Note 11)	546,066	208,411		
Premiums on bonds and notes payable (Note 11)	18,196	14,708		
Workers' compensation (Notes 11 and 18)	67,212	23,398	108,999	21,190
Litigation and self-insurance (Notes 11 and 18)	22,194	1,316	45,962	00 0E7
Net pension liability (Notes 8 and 11) OPEB obligation (Notes 9 and 11)	297,426 546,487	196,023 371,316	409,439 837,515	89,957 175,078
Third party payor (Notes 11 and 14)	85,038	97,256	236,412	32,987
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,640,132	943,719	1,714,394	333,698
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,116,127	1,094,154	2,095,746	597,459
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)	128,045	84,412	175,688	38,414
NET POSITION	120,010	,	,	
Net investment in capital assets	295,505	112,385	898,224	94,336
Restricted:	,	,	,	- ,
Debt service			4,873	
Public ways and facilities				
Unrestricted (deficit)	(976,336)	(602,598)	(1,395,919)	(255,801)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) (Note 3)	\$ (680,831)	(490,213)	(492,822)	(161,465)

ENTE	DDDIOE EUN	D0			ERNMENTAL	
ENIE	RPRISE FUN				Internal	
١٨/	4 - w wl	Nonmajor			Internal	
	terworks	Aviation			Service	
	unds	Funds	Total		Funds	
						ASSETS
						Current assets:
_			_			Pooled cash and investments: (Notes 1 and 5)
\$	71,034	8,624	\$ 83,776	\$	59,031	Operating
	1,967	159	27,946		6,337	Other
	73,001	8,783	111,722		65,368	Total pooled cash and investments
	717		717			Taxes receivable
	11,918	752	1,483,537		404	Accounts receivable - net (Note 14)
	173	18	327		164	Interest receivable
	2 220	40	57,822		13,856	Other receivables
	2,338	48	340,422		78,148	Due from other funds (Note 15)
	1,347		1,347 23,443		9,851	Advances to other funds (Note 15) Inventories
	90.404	0.601				
	89,494	9,601	2,019,337		167,387	Total current assets
			141 522		14 240	Noncurrent assets:
			141,532		14,249	Restricted assets (Note 5)
			153,384			Other receivables (Note 14 and 15)
	44.000	404.000	404 400			Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 10)
	11,699	134,692	184,493			Land and easements
	119,091 1,076	37,907 1,325	2,657,208 289,162		308,363	Buildings and improvements
	1,322	1,323	58,922		300,303	Equipment Intangible - software
	1,194,490	55,044	1,249,534			Infrastructure
	22,550	908	54,236			Construction in progress
	(611,563)	(62,710)	(1,509,973)		(153,211)	Less accumulated depreciation
	738,665				155,152	
	738,665	167,166	2,983,582		169,401	Total capital assets - net Total noncurrent assets
	828,159	167,166 176,767	3,278,498		336,788	TOTAL ASSETS
	626,139	170,707	5,297,835			
			211,805		46,216	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)
						LIABILITIES
	0.000	4.44	000 407		5.057	Current liabilities:
	3,089	141	300,407		5,657	Accounts payable
		261	86,392 10,946		16,806	Accrued payroll Other payables
		201	19,903		2,113 242	
	4,932	239	269,420		39,357	Accrued interest payable Due to other funds (Note 15)
	4,932	239	432,415		22,000	Advances from other funds (Note 15)
	24		780		234	Advances payable
	1,828	92	161,886		33,918	Current portion of long-term liabilities (Note 11)
-	9,873	733	1,282,149		120,327	Total current liabilities
	3,073	733	1,202,143		120,027	Noncurrent liabilities:
			179,357		46,718	Accrued compensated absences (Note 11)
	8,236	1,908	764,621		54,540	Bonds and notes (Note 11)
	0,200	1,000	32,904		0 1,0 10	Premiums on bonds and notes payable (Note 11)
			220,799		37,037	Workers' compensation (Notes 11 and 18)
			69,472		01,001	Litigation and self-insurance (Notes 11 and 18)
			992,845		216,720	Net pension liability (Notes 8 and 11)
			1,930,396		410,730	OPEB obligation (Notes 9 and 11)
			451,693		-,	Third party payor (Notes 11 and 14)
	8,236	1,908	4,642,087		765,745	Total noncurrent liabilities
	18,109	2,641	5,924,236		886,072	TOTAL LIABILITIES
	.0,.00		426,559		93,034	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 20)
			720,009		55,054	NET POSITION
	720.251	167 166	2 207 967		00.800	
	730,251	167,166	2,297,867		90,809	Net investment in capital assets Restricted:
			A 979			
	70 700		4,873			Debt service
	79,799	6.000	79,799		(606.044)	Public ways and facilities
<u> </u>	910.050	6,960	(3,223,694)	•	(686,911)	Unrestricted (deficit)
Ф	810,050	174,126	(841,155)	\$	(596,102)	TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) (Note 3)
		_			_	Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal
			3,998			service fund activities related to enterprise funds
			\$ (837,157)			NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES (PAGE 25)

			BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -			
	Harbor UCLA Medical Center	Olive View UCLA Medical Center	LAC+USC Medical Center	Rancho Los Amigos National Rehab Center		
OPERATING REVENUES:  Net patient service revenues (Note 14)  Rentals	\$ 871,755	592,091	1,327,361	191,406		
Charges for services Other (Note 14)	130,576	45,446	213,164	114,015		
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	1,002,331	637,537	1,540,525	305,421		
OPERATING EXPENSES: Salaries and employee benefits Services and supplies Other professional services Depreciation and amortization (Note 6) Medical malpractice Rent	668,329 164,627 183,908 22,656 2,655 10,953	392,569 97,796 122,990 10,471 883 3,544	918,075 220,127 360,138 26,461 5,588 3,062	173,746 27,248 44,804 3,675 139 1,964		
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	1,053,128	628,253	1,533,451	251,576		
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(50,797)	9,284	7,074	53,845		
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Taxes Investment income Interest expense Intergovernmental transfers expense (Note 14) Intergovernmental revenues: State Federal Other	306 (35,172) (155,738)	64 (12,056) (88,422)	101 (1,020) (228,135)	27 (1,528) (29,161)		
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(190,604)	(100,414)	(229,054)	(30,662)		
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	(241,401)	(91,130)	(221,980)	23,183		
Capital contributions Transfers in (Note 15) Transfers out (Note 15)	5,040 262,033 (17,749)	4,123 113,571 (18,289)	3,864 236,128	1,918 33,108 (21,520)		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	7,923	8,275	18,012	36,689		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JULY 1, 2014, AS RESTATED (Note 2)	(688,754)	(498,488)	(510,834)	(198,154)		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JUNE 30, 2015	\$ (680,831)	(490,213)	(492,822)	(161,465)		

GOVERNMENTAL

ENT	ERPRISE FUN	NDS		ACTIVITIES	
Nonmajor				Internal	
W	aterworks	Aviation		Service	
	Funds	Funds	Total	Funds	
					OPERATING REVENUES:
\$			\$ 2,982,613	\$	Net patient service revenues (Note 14)
		3,883	3,883	28,035	Rentals
	73,499	364	73,863	475,620	Charges for services
	103		503,304		Other (Note 14)
	73,602	4,247	3,563,663	503,655	TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES
	70,002	7,277	0,000,000	000,000	TOTAL OF EIGHT NO REVERTOES
					OPERATING EXPENSES:
			2,152,719	419,603	Salaries and employee benefits
	59,824	4,220	573,842	44,435	Services and supplies
	3,083	521	715,444	38,825	Other professional services
	22,374	1,934	87,571	36,132	Depreciation and amortization (Note 6)
			9,265		Medical malpractice
			19,523		Rent
	85,281	6,675	3,558,364	538,995	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES
	03,201	0,073	3,330,304	330,993	TOTAL OF EIVATING EXPENSES
	(11,679)	(2,428)	5,299	(35,340)	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)
					NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):
	4,919		4,919		Taxes
	696	71	1,265	158	Investment income
	(198)		(49,974)	(1,760)	Interest expense
			(501,456)		Intergovernmental transfers expense (Note 14)
	40	700	740		Intergovernmental revenues:
	43 120	700 40	743 160		State Federal
	112	40	112		Other
	112		112		Other
	5,692	811	(544,231)	(1,602)	TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)
					,
	(5,987)	(1,617)	(538,932)	(36,942)	INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS
	4-	0.000	17.000		
	45	2,308	17,298	0.500	Capital contributions
	103		644,943	8,536	Transfers in (Note 15)
	(63)		(57,621)	(9)	Transfers out (Note 15)
	(5,902)	691	65,688	(28,415)	CHANGE IN NET POSITION
	, ,			,	
	815,952	173,435		(567,687)	NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JULY 1, 2014, AS RESTATED (Note 2)
¢	910.050	174 106		¢ (E06 100\	NET DOSITION (DECICIT). ILINE 20, 2015
Φ	810,050	174,126		\$ (596,102)	NET POSITION (DEFICIT), JUNE 30, 2015  Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal
			1,526		service fund activities related to enterprise funds
			1,320		CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF BUSINESS-TYPE
			\$ 67,214		ACTIVITIES (PAGE 27)
					,

Harbor   UCLA Medical					BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES -				
Center   C		Harbor		Olive View	LAC+USC	Rancho Los			
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from patient services Rentals received from other funds Cash received from charges for services Other operating revenues Cash received for services provided to other funds Cash paid for selvices and employee benefits (603,849) Cash paid for services and employee benefits (603,849) Cash paid for services and employee benefits (603,849) Cash paid for services and supplies (11,660) Cith or operating expenses (200,212) Cither operating expenses (200,212) Cither operating expenses (200,212) Cites (128,142) Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds (93,270) Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds Cash provided by operating activities (89,738) Net cash provided by operating activities (745,103) Cash (200,212) Cash advances received/returned from other funds (745,103) Cash advances paid/returned to other funds (745,103) Cash advances paid/returned to other funds (745,103) Cash advances paid/returned to other funds (745,103) Cites (7		UCI	LA Medical	<b>UCLA Medical</b>	Medical	Amigos National			
Cash received from patient services   \$824,133   638,843   1,361,574   90,987			Center	Center	Center	Rehab Center			
Rentals received from other funds Cash received from charges for services Other operating revenues 130,576 145,446 213,164 114,015 Cash received from charges for services Other operating revenues 130,576 24,068 42,628 938 Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits (603,849) (362,521) (822,811) (184,04) Cash paid for services and supplies (14,650) (11,290) 176 (251) Other operating expenses (200,212) (128,142) (371,429) (46,913) Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds (83,270) (66,275) (145,504) 3,285  Net cash provided by operating activities 69,738 140,129 277,798 3,657  CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Cash advances received/returned from other funds (745,103) (538,066) (1,174,905) (171,542) Interest paid on advances (155,739) (88,422) (228,135) (29,161) Intergovernmental transfers (155,738) (88,422) (228,135) (29,161) Intergovernmental receipts Transfers in (17,749) (18,289)  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from bonds and notes CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from bonds and notes (15,502) (17,749) (18,289)  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from bonds and notes (15,502) (14,778) (16,627) (17,544) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (36,334) (11,868) (710) (16,684) Principal payments on bonds and notes (36,3394) (11,868) (710) (16,672) (17,544) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (36,107) (723) (65,721) (723) (66,721) (724)  Net cash required for capital and related financing activities (36,307) (723) (66,721) (723) (724) (725) (725) (726) (727) (727) (728) (728) (729	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		<u>.</u>						
Rentals received from other funds Cash received from charges for services Other operating revenues 130,576	•	\$	824,133	638,843	1,361,574	90,987			
Cash received from charges for services   Cheer operating revenues   130,576   45,446   213,164   114,015   130,576   24,088   42,628   938   24,028   24,									
Cash received for services provided to other funds   27,010   24,068   42,628   938   938   326   32									
Cash received for services provided to other funds         27,010         24,068         42,628         938           Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits         (603,849)         (362,521)         (822,811)         (158,404)           Cash paid for services and supplies         (14,650)         (11,290)         176         (251)           Other operating expenses         (200,212)         (128,142)         (371,429)         (46,913)           Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds         (93,270)         (66,275)         (145,504)         3,285           Net cash provided by operating activities         69,738         140,129         277,798         3,657           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Cash advances paid/returned from other funds         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,542)           Intergovernmental transfers         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental transfers         (257,38)         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           Vet cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906									
Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits         (603,849)         (362,521)         (822,811)         (158,404)           Cash paid for services and supplies         (14,650)         (11,290)         176         (251)           Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds         (93,270)         (66,275)         (145,504)         3,285           Net cash provided by operating activities         69,738         140,129         277,798         3,657           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances received/returned from other funds         (657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (11,74,905)         (171,542)           Interest paid on advances         (388)         (217)         (4656)         (203)           Intergovernmental transfers         (156,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         (17,749)         (18,289)         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxe				,	- / -				
Cash paid for services and supplies         (14,650)         (11,290)         176         (251)           Other operating expenses         (200,212)         (128,142)         (371,429)         (46,913)           Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds         (93,270)         (66,275)         (145,504)         3,285           Net cash provided by operating activities         69,738         140,129         277,798         3,657           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Cash advances received/returned from other funds         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,542)           Intergovernmental transfers         (185,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Transfers in         262,033         113,571         236,128         33,108           Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds f	•		27,010	24,068	42,628				
Other operating expenses         (200,212)         (128,142)         (371,429)         (46,913)           Cash (pald) returned for services from other funds         (93,270)         (66,275)         (145,504)         3,285           Net cash provided by operating activities         69,738         140,129         277,798         3,657           CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned from other funds         (574,013)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,542)           Interest paid on advances         (388)         (217)         (456)         (203)           Intergovernmental transfers         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         17         236,128         33,108         33,108         31,571         236,128         33,108           Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         (21,520)         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         616         7         32,641         32,641         33,544         3			, ,	, , ,	, ,	, ,			
Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			, , ,		, ,			
Net cash provided by operating activities   69,738	Other operating expenses		(200,212)	(128,142)	(371,429)	(46,913)			
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES           Cash advances received/returned from other funds         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,542)           Intergovernmental transfers         (388)         (217)         (456)         (203)           Intergovernmental transfers         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Transfers in         262,033         113,571         236,128         33,108           Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         616         7         32,641         (11,268)         (710)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664)         (1,664) <t< td=""><td>Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds</td><td></td><td>(93,270)</td><td>(66,275)</td><td>(145,504)</td><td>3,285</td></t<>	Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds		(93,270)	(66,275)	(145,504)	3,285			
Cash advances received/returned from other funds         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,1542)           Interest paid on advances         (388)         (217)         (456)         (203)           Intergovernmental transfers         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         262,033         113,571         236,128         33,108           Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         261,209         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         7         32,641         11,1668         7         32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing         (35,394)         (11,868)         (710)         (1,664)           Proceeds from bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activiti	Net cash provided by operating activities		69,738	140,129	277,798	3,657			
Cash advances received/returned from other funds         657,400         399,377         930,368         192,224           Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,1542)           Interest paid on advances         (388)         (217)         (456)         (203)           Intergovernmental transfers         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         262,033         113,571         236,128         33,108           Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         261,209         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         7         32,641         11,1668         7         32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing         (35,394)         (11,868)         (710)         (1,664)           Proceeds from bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activiti	CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Cash advances paid/returned to other funds         (745,103)         (538,066)         (1,174,905)         (171,542)           Interest paid on advances         (388)         (217)         (456)         (203)           Intergovernmental transfers         (155,738)         (88,422)         (228,135)         (29,161)           Intergovernmental receipts         Transfers in         262,033         113,571         236,128         33,108           Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         23,200         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         616         7         32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing         (35,394)         (11,868)         (710)         (1,664)           Principal payments on bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>657 400</td> <td>399 377</td> <td>930.368</td> <td>192 224</td>			657 400	399 377	930.368	192 224			
Interest paid on advances (388) (217) (456) (203) Intergovernmental transfers (155,738) (88,422) (228,135) (29,161) Intergovernmental transfers (155,738) (88,422) (228,135) (29,161) Intergovernmental receipts (20,33 113,571 236,128 33,108 Transfers out (17,749) (18,289) (21,520) (21,520) (21,520) (21,520) (21,520) (21,520) (21,520) (22,520) (22,520) (237,000) (237			•	•		·			
Intergovernmental transfers (155,738) (88,422) (228,135) (29,161) Intergovernmental receipts  Transfers in 262,033 113,571 236,128 33,108 Transfers out (17,749) (18,289) (21,520)  Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities 455 (132,046) (237,000) 2,906  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes Capital contributions Proceeds from bonds and notes 616 7 32,641 Interest paid on capital borrowing (35,394) (11,868) (710) (1,664) Principal payments on bonds and notes (13,502) (1,478) (40,147) (17,544) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (36,107) (723) (5,721) (14,227)  Net cash required for capital and related financing activities (84,387) (14,069) (46,571) (794)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income 327 66 102 27  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (13,867) (5,920) (5,671) 5,796  Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014 111,073 50,007 23,347 6,705			, ,	, ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
Intergovernmental receipts   262,033   113,571   236,128   33,108   Transfers out   (17,749)   (18,289)   (21,520)   (21,520)     Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities   455   (132,046)   (237,000)   2,906     CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes   Capital contributions   616   7   32,641     Interest paid on capital borrowing   (35,394)   (11,868)   (710)   (1,664)     Principal payments on bonds and notes   (13,502)   (1,478)   (40,147)   (17,544)     Acquisition and construction of capital assets   (36,107)   (723)   (5,721)   (14,227)     Net cash required for capital and related financing activities   (84,387)   (14,069)   (46,571)   (794)     CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES   Investment income   327   66   102   27     Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents   (13,867)   (5,920)   (5,671)   5,796     Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014   111,073   50,007   23,347   6,705				` '					
Transfers in Transfers out         262,033 (17,749)         113,571 (18,289)         236,128 (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455 (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         Capital contributions         7 32,641           Proceeds from bonds and notes         616 7 32,641         7 32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing (35,394) (11,868) (710) (1,664)         (16,64)           Principal payments on bonds and notes (13,502) (1,478) (40,147) (17,544)         (40,147) (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets (36,107) (723) (5,721) (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities (84,387) (14,069) (46,571) (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327 66 102 27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (13,867) (5,920) (5,671) 5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014 111,073 50,007 23,347 6,705	•		(100,700)	(00,422)	(220, 100)	(23,101)			
Transfers out         (17,749)         (18,289)         (21,520)           Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         8         8         8         8         8         8         9         10 <td></td> <td></td> <td>262 033</td> <td>113 571</td> <td>236 128</td> <td>33 108</td>			262 033	113 571	236 128	33 108			
Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities         455         (132,046)         (237,000)         2,906           CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes         Capital contributions         7         32,641           Proceeds from bonds and notes         616         7         32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing         (35,394)         (11,868)         (710)         (1,664)           Principal payments on bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705			•	•	230,120	•			
A 455 (132,046) (237,000) 2,906  CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes Capital contributions Proceeds from bonds and notes 616 7 32,641 Interest paid on capital borrowing (35,394) (11,868) (710) (1,664) Principal payments on bonds and notes (13,502) (1,478) (40,147) (17,544) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (36,107) (723) (5,721) (14,227)  Net cash required for capital and related financing activities (84,387) (14,069) (46,571) (794)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income 327 66 102 27  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (13,867) (5,920) (5,671) 5,796  Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014 111,073 50,007 23,347 6,705		-	( , -,			( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from taxes Capital contributions Proceeds from bonds and notes Interest paid on capital borrowing Interest paid on capital assets Interest paid	Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing								
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES         Proceeds from taxes       Capital contributions         Proceeds from bonds and notes       616       7       32,641         Interest paid on capital borrowing       (35,394)       (11,868)       (710)       (1,664)         Principal payments on bonds and notes       (13,502)       (1,478)       (40,147)       (17,544)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (36,107)       (723)       (5,721)       (14,227)         Net cash required for capital and related financing activities       (84,387)       (14,069)       (46,571)       (794)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES       Investment income       327       66       102       27         Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (13,867)       (5,920)       (5,671)       5,796         Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014       111,073       50,007       23,347       6,705	activities		455	(132,046)	(237,000)	2,906			
Proceeds from taxes Capital contributions Proceeds from bonds and notes 616 7 32,641 Interest paid on capital borrowing (35,394) (11,868) (710) (1,664) Principal payments on bonds and notes (13,502) (1,478) (40,147) (17,544) Acquisition and construction of capital assets (36,107) (723) (5,721) (14,227)  Net cash required for capital and related financing activities (84,387) (14,069) (46,571) (794)  CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income 327 66 102 27  Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (13,867) (5,920) (5,671) 5,796  Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014 111,073 50,007 23,347 6,705	CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND								
Capital contributions       616       7       32,641         Proceeds from bonds and notes       616       7       32,641         Interest paid on capital borrowing       (35,394)       (11,868)       (710)       (1,664)         Principal payments on bonds and notes       (13,502)       (1,478)       (40,147)       (17,544)         Acquisition and construction of capital assets       (36,107)       (723)       (5,721)       (14,227)         Net cash required for capital and related financing activities       (84,387)       (14,069)       (46,571)       (794)         CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES       327       66       102       27         Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (13,867)       (5,920)       (5,671)       5,796         Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014       111,073       50,007       23,347       6,705	RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
Proceeds from bonds and notes         616         7         32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing         (35,394)         (11,868)         (710)         (1,664)           Principal payments on bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705	Proceeds from taxes								
Proceeds from bonds and notes         616         7         32,641           Interest paid on capital borrowing         (35,394)         (11,868)         (710)         (1,664)           Principal payments on bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705	Capital contributions								
Principal payments on bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705	•		616		7	32,641			
Principal payments on bonds and notes         (13,502)         (1,478)         (40,147)         (17,544)           Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705	Interest paid on capital borrowing		(35,394)	(11,868)	(710)	(1,664)			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets         (36,107)         (723)         (5,721)         (14,227)           Net cash required for capital and related financing activities         (84,387)         (14,069)         (46,571)         (794)           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705			(13,502)	(1,478)	(40,147)	(17,544)			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705			(36,107)	(723)	(5,721)				
Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705	Net cash required for capital and related financing activities		(84,387)	(14,069)	(46,571)	(794)			
Investment income         327         66         102         27           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         (13,867)         (5,920)         (5,671)         5,796           Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014         111,073         50,007         23,347         6,705	OACH ELONG EDOM INIVESTINO ACTIVITIES								
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       (13,867)       (5,920)       (5,671)       5,796         Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014       111,073       50,007       23,347       6,705			327	66	102	27			
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014 111,073 50,007 23,347 6,705									
	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(13,867)	(5,920)	(5,671)	5,796			
Cook and each equivelents, lune 20, 2015.	Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014		111,073	50,007	23,347	6,705			
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2013       \$ 97,200       44,087       17,076       12,501	Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2015	\$	97,206	44,087	17,676	12,501			

ENTERPRISE FUND	os		ACTIVITIES	
Waterworks	Nonmajor Aviation		Internal Service	
Funds	Funds	Total	Funds	
•		<b>^</b>	•	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES
\$	2.002	\$ 2,915,537	\$	Cash received from patient services
	3,883	3,883	7	Rentals received
72 550	1 104	74.654	28,468	Rentals received from other funds
73,550	1,104	74,654	51,713	Cash received from charges for services
103		503,304 94,644	426,345	Other operating revenues  Cash received for services provided to other funds
		•	(381,053)	•
(59,776)	(4,250)	(1,947,585) (90,041)	(30,065)	Cash paid for salaries and employee benefits  Cash paid for services and supplies
(1,566)	(521)	(748,783)	(38,825)	Other operating expenses
(1,566)	(321)	, , ,	(30,023)	·
		(301,764)		Cash (paid) returned for services from other funds
12,311	216	503,849	56,590	Net cash provided by operating activities
				CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES
24		2,179,393	234	Cash advances received/returned from other funds
(29)		(2,629,645)		Cash advances paid/returned to other funds
		(1,264)		Interest paid on advances
		(501,456)		Intergovernmental transfers
275	740	1,015		Intergovernmental receipts
103		644,943	8,536	Transfers in
(63)		(57,621)	(9)	Transfers out
				Not each provided by (required for) percental financing
310	740	(364,635)	8,761	Net cash provided by (required for) noncapital financing activities
	740	(504,055)	0,701	delivities
				CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND
				RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES
4,952		4,952		Proceeds from taxes
	2,308	2,308		Capital contributions
758	2,000	36,022	40,000	Proceeds from bonds and notes
(198)		(49,834)	(1,758)	Interest paid on capital borrowing
(350)		(73,021)	(18,620)	Principal payments on bonds and notes
(9,097)	(5,089)	(70,964)	(49,437)	Acquisition and construction of capital assets
(3,935)	(781)	(150,537)	(29,815)	Net cash required for capital and related financing activities
				CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES
680	76	1,278	126	Investment income
9,366	251	(10,045)	35,662	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
-,				,
63,635	8,532	263,299	43,955	Cash and cash equivalents, July 1, 2014
\$ 73,001	8,783	\$ 253,254	\$ 79,617	Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2015

Continued...

			BUSINESS-	TYPE ACTIVITIES -
	Harbor UCLA Medi Center	Olive View cal UCLA Medical Center	LAC+USC Medical Center	Rancho Los Amigos National Rehab Center
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY	)			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$ (50,	797) 9,284	7,074	53,845
to net cash provided by operating activities:  Depreciation and amortization	22,	656 10,471	26,461	3,675
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivable - net	(4,	933) 39,018	97,714	(94,847)
Other receivables		770 13,732	7,075	16,794
Due from other funds	(30,	665) (30,200)	(29,231)	(18,628)
Inventories Increase (decrease) in:		64 167	(82)	100
Accounts payable	1	454 2,673	25,308	(260)
Accrued payroll	-	152 782	2,680	519
Other payables	_,	40 22	48	19
Accrued compensated absences	2.	262 937	5,156	516
Due to other funds		189 17,391	49,573	30,442
Advances payable		·	(222)	(23)
Workers' compensation	3,	504 1,042	5,535	819
Litigation and self-insurance	(	727) (175)	(7,981)	(6)
Net pension liability and related changes in				
deferred outflows and inflows of resources	(34,	575) (22,792)	(47,438)	(10,373)
OPEB obligation	90,	951 50,517	137,375	24,328
Third party payor	4,	393 47,260	(1,247)	(3,263)
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	120,	535 130,845	270,724	(50,188)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 69,	738 140,129	277,798	3,657
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES-				
Capital contributions	\$ 5,	040 4,123	3,864	1,918
TOTAL	\$ 5,	040 4,123	3,864	1,918
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:				
Pooled cash and investments Restricted assets		434 5,330 772 38,757	12,803 4,873	2,371 10,130
TOTAL	\$ 97,	206 44,087	17,676	12,501

ENTE	ERPRISE FUND	S			ERNMENTAL CTIVITIES	
		Nonmajor		_	Internal	
W	aterworks	Aviation			Service	
	Funds	Funds		Total	 Funds	
•	(44.070)	(0.400)	•	5.000	(05.040)	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:
\$	(11,679)	(2,428)	\$	5,299	\$ (35,340)	Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)  to net cash provided by operating activities:
	22,374	1,934		87,571	36,132	Depreciation and amortization (Increase) decrease in:
	1,372	787		39,111		Accounts receivable - net
				46,371	(4,370)	Other receivables
	(1,251)	(47)		(110,022)	6,397	Due from other funds
	3			252	798	Inventories
						Increase (decrease) in:
	(98)	30		29,107	(1,172)	Accounts payable
	()			6,133	1,080	Accrued payroll
		132		261	58	Other payables
		.02		8,871	1,720	Accrued compensated absences
	143	(192)		152,546	14,744	Due to other funds
	(70)	()		(315)	(340)	Advances payable
	(10)			10,900	2,702	Workers' compensation
	1,517			(7,372)	(250)	Litigation and self-insurance
	1,517			(1,512)	(230)	Net pension liability and related changes in
				(115,178)	(25,121)	deferred outflows and inflows of resources
				303,171	59,552	OPEB obligation
					59,552	
				47,143	 	Third party payor
	23,990	2,644		498,550	 91,930	TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS
\$	12,311	216	\$	503,849	\$ 56,590	NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES
						NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES-
\$	45		\$	14,990	\$ 	Capital contributions
\$	45		\$	14,990	\$ 	TOTAL
						RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:
\$	73,001	8,783	\$	111,722	\$ 65,368	Pooled cash and investments
		_		141,532	 14,249	Restricted assets
\$	73,001	8,783	\$	253,254	\$ 79,617	TOTAL

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

ASSETS	POSTE	PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT INVESTMENT BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS TRUST FUNDS			AGENCY FUNDS		
Pooled cash and investments (Note 5)	\$	85,364	\$	15,486,371	\$	1,709,773	
Other investments: (Note 5)	Ψ	05,504	φ	120,928	φ	30,806	
Short-term investments		1,305,372		120,920		30,000	
Equity		25,077,955					
Fixed income		12,881,582					
Private equity		4,346,854					
Real estate		5,480,795					
Hedge funds		691,537					
Cash collateral on loaned securities		1,033,471					
Taxes receivable		, ,				222,616	
Interest receivable		99,786		37,010		50,288	
Other receivables		880,099					
TOTAL ASSETS		51,882,815		15,644,309		2,013,483	
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable		1,471,192					
Other payables (Note 5)		1,104,914					
Due to other governments						2,013,483	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,576,106				2,013,483	
NET POSITION							
Net position restricted for pension benefits and other purposes	\$	49,306,709	\$	15,644,309	\$		

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	PENSIO POSTE BENEFIT	INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS			
ADDITIONS					
Contributions:					
Pension and OPEB trust contributions:					
Employer	\$	1,945,115	\$		
Member		441,258			
Contributions to investment trust funds				43,181,150	
Total contributions		2,386,373		43,181,150	
Investment earnings:					
Investment income		2,422,176		120,526	
Net decrease in the fair value of investments		(326,375)			
Securities lending income (Note 5)		6,551			
Total investment earnings		2,102,352		120,526	
Less - Investment expenses-					
Expense from investing activities		108,307			
Net investment earnings		1,994,045		120,526	
Miscellaneous	-	1,695			
TOTAL ADDITIONS		4,382,113		43,301,676	
DEDUCTIONS					
Salaries and employee benefits		46,090			
Services and supplies		16,653			
Benefit payments		3,193,139			
Distributions from investment trust funds				41,151,532	
Miscellaneous		25,623			
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		3,281,505		41,151,532	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,100,608		2,150,144	
NET POSITION, JULY 1, 2014		48,206,101		13,494,165	
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2015	\$	49,306,709	\$	15,644,309	

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	DEVI	MMUNITY ELOPMENT MMISSION	FIRST 5 LA		TOTAL
ASSETS			111(01 0 2)(		101712
Pooled cash and investments- (Notes 1 and 5)					
Operating	\$	170,722	520,768	\$	691,490
Other investments (Note 5)	Ψ	212,111	020,700	Ψ	212,111
Accounts receivable - net		29,733			29,733
Interest receivable			527		527
Other receivables		9,988	63,464		73,452
Inventories		19,065			19,065
Capital assets: (Notes 6 and 10)					
Capital assets, not being depreciated		94,926	2,039		96,965
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		81,213	9,846		91,059
Total capital assets		176,139	11,885		188,024
TOTAL ASSETS		617,758	596,644		1,214,402
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,282			2,282
LIABILITIES			_		_
Accounts payable		25,148	40,643		65,791
Other payables		1,148	16		1,164
Advances payable		186			186
Long-term liabilities: (Note 11)					
Due within one year		5,252	76		5,328
Due in more than one year		69,981	502		70,483
TOTAL LIABILITIES		101,715	41,237		142,952
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		13,322			13,322
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		145,671	11,885		157,556
Restricted for:					
Community development		321,943			321,943
First 5 LA			543,522		543,522
Unrestricted		37,389			37,389
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	505,003	555,407	\$	1,060,410

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 (in thousands)

	DEV	MMUNITY ELOPMENT MMISSION	FIRST 5 LA	TOTAL	
PROGRAM (EXPENSES) REVENUES:					
Expense	\$	(418,918)	(199,971)	\$	(618,889)
Program revenues:	•	( -,,	(,- ,	Ť	( / /
Charges for services		52,195			52,195
Operating grants and contributions		404,955	104,455		509,410
Net program (expenses) revenues		38,232	(95,516)		(57,284)
GENERAL REVENUES:					
Investment income		3,515	6,056		9,571
Miscellaneous		1,069	104		1,173
Total general revenues		4,584	6,160		10,744
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		42,816	(89,356)		(46,540)
NET POSITION, JULY 1, 2014, AS PREVIOUSLY STATED		483,329	644,763		1,128,092
Net pension liabilty adjustment		(21,142)			(21,142)
NET POSITION, JULY 1, 2014, AS RESTATED		462,187	644,763		1,106,950
NET POSITION, JUNE 30, 2015	\$	505,003	\$ 555,407	\$	1,060,410



#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Reporting Entity

The County of Los Angeles (County), which was established in 1850, is a legal subdivision of the State of California (State) charged with general governmental powers. The County's powers are exercised through an elected five member Board of Supervisors (Board), which, as the governing body of the County, is responsible for the legislative and executive control of the County. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these basic financial statements include both those of the County and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the County.

The basic financial statements include both blended and discretely presented component units. The blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the County's operations. The data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements.

## Blended Component Units

While each of the component units is legally separate from the County, the County is financially accountable for these entities. Financial accountability is primarily demonstrated by the County's Board acting as the governing board for each of the component units and its ability to impose its will or an existence of a financial benefit/burden relationship. County management has determined that the following related entities should be included in the basic financial statements as blended component units:

Fire Protection District
Flood Control District
Garbage Disposal Districts
Improvement Districts
Regional Park and Open Space District
Sewer Maintenance Districts
Street Lighting Districts
Waterworks Districts

Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing Corporation (a Non Profit Corporation) (NPC) Various Joint Powers Authorities (JPAs) Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association (LACERA) Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation (LACSC)

The various districts are included primarily because the Board is also their governing board and the County has operational responsibilities for the districts except for LACERA. As such, the Board establishes policy, appoints management and exercises budgetary control. The NPC and JPAs have been included because their sole purpose is to finance and construct County capital assets and because they are dependent upon the County for funding. LACERA is reported in the Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Funds on the Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds of the basic financial statements and has been included because its operations are dependent upon County funding and because its operations, almost exclusively, benefit the County. Separate financial statements are issued by LACERA.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## Blended Component Units-Continued

The LACSC is a California public benefit corporation created by the County Board of Supervisors in January 2006. Three directors, the County's Auditor-Controller, Treasurer and Tax Collector, and an independent party designated by at least one of the County directors, govern the LACSC. The LACSC purpose is to acquire the County's rights in relation to future tobacco settlement payments and to facilitate the issuance of long-term bonds secured by the County Tobacco Assets. The LACSC provides service solely to the County and is reported as a blended component unit of the County.

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>

### Community Development Commission (CDC) of the County of Los Angeles

CDC, established on July 1, 1982 by ordinance of the Board of Supervisors, is responsible for:

- Directing the County's housing programs, including planning, housing finance, production and conservation, and management of the County's public housing developments;
- Financing community improvements such as resurfacing streets, rehabilitating homes and businesses, and removing graffiti;
- Providing economic development and business revitalization services;
- Redeveloping housing, business, and industry in designated areas; and
- Providing comprehensive planning systems for housing and economic development.

While its Board members are the same as the County Board of Supervisors, CDC does not meet the criteria for blending due to the following: 1) there is no financial burden or benefit relationship with the County nor does management of the County have operational responsibilities over it; 2) the CDC does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County; and 3) the CDC total debt outstanding is not expected to be repaid with resources of the County. The financial activity of the CDC is reported on the Discretely Presented Component Units column of the government-wide financial statements. CDC issues a separate financial report that can be obtained by writing to the Community Development Commission at 700 W. Main Street, Alhambra, California 91801.

# <u>Los Angeles County Children and Families First – Proposition 10 Commission</u>

First 5 LA (First 5) was established by the County as a separate legal entity to administer the County's share of tobacco taxes levied by the State pursuant to Proposition 10. The County's Board established First 5 with nine voting members and four non-voting representatives. Of the nine voting members, one is a member of the Board of Supervisors, three are heads of County Departments (Public Health Services, Mental Health, and Children and Family Services), and five are public members appointed by the Board. The non-voting representatives are from other County commissions and planning groups.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## <u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>-Continued

### Los Angeles County Children and Families First – Proposition 10 Commission-Continued

First 5 services are focused on the development and well-being of all children, from the prenatal stage until age five. First 5 is a discretely presented component unit of the County because the County's Board appoints the voting Commissioners and the County has the ability to impose its will by removing those Commissioners at will. First 5 hires its own employees, including an Executive Director and functions independent of the County. It is discretely presented because its governing body is not substantially the same as the County's governing body and it does not provide services entirely or exclusively to the County. The financial activity of First 5 is reported on the Discretely Presented Component Units column of the government-wide financial statements. First 5 issues a separate financial report that can be obtained by writing to First 5 LA at 750 N. Alameda Street, Suite 300, Los Angeles, California 90012.

### Related Organization

Los Angeles County Office of Education (LACOE) is a legally separate entity from the County. LACOE is governed by a seven-member Board of Education appointed by the County Board of Supervisors. However, the County's accountability for LACOE does not extend beyond making appointments and no financial benefit/burden relationship exists between the County and LACOE. LACOE is deemed to be a related organization. LACOE issues a separate financial report that can be obtained by writing to the Los Angeles County Office of Education at 9300 Imperial Highway, Downey, California 90242-2890.

## **Basic Financial Statements**

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 34, the basic financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements;
- Fund financial statements; and
- Notes to the basic financial statements.

### Government-wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the primary government, the County, and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities, except for services provided among funds (other than internal service funds). These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the County and between the County and its discretely presented component units.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## Government-wide Financial Statements-Continued

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs. Grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program are also recognized as program revenues. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented instead as general revenues.

Net position is classified into the following three components: 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted and 3) unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when it has external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2015, the restricted net position balances were \$3.099 billion and \$84.67 million for governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively. For governmental activities, \$713.34 million was restricted by enabling legislation.

When both the restricted and unrestricted components of net position are available, restricted resources are used first and then unrestricted resources are used to the extent necessary.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

### General Fund

The General Fund is available for any authorized purpose and is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

### Fire Protection District Fund

The Fire Protection District Fund is used to account for fire prevention and suppression, rescue service, management of hazardous materials incidents, ocean lifeguard services, and acquisition and maintenance of District property and equipment. Funding comes primarily from the District's statutory share of the Countywide tax levy, voter-approved taxes and charges for services.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## Fund Financial Statements-Continued

### Flood Control District Fund

The Flood Control District Fund is used to account for the control and conservation of flood, storm and other waste waters, to conserve such waters for beneficial and useful purposes, and to protect the harbors, waterways, public highways and property located within the District from damage from such flood and storm waters. Funding comes primarily from the District's statutory share of the Countywide tax levy and benefit assessments (charges for services).

#### Public Library Fund

The Public Library Fund is used to account for free library services to the unincorporated areas of the County and to cities that contract for these services. Funding comes primarily from the District's statutory share of the Countywide tax levy and voter-approved taxes.

### Regional Park and Open Space District Fund

The Regional Park and Open Space District Fund is used to account for the programs designed to preserve beaches, parks, and wild lands, to acquire and renovate new and existing recreational facilities, and to restore rivers, streams, and trails in the County. Funding comes primarily from voter-approved assessments, charges for services and long-term debt proceeds.

The County's enterprise funds consist of four Hospital Funds, Waterworks Enterprise Funds and Nonmajor Aviation Enterprise Funds. The Hospital Enterprise funds provide health services to County residents. Revenues are principally patient service fees. Subsidies are also received from the General Fund. The Waterworks Enterprise Funds provide water services to County residents. Revenues are derived primarily from the sale of water and water service standby charges. The Aviation Enterprise Funds provide airport services for five County airports. Revenues are derived primarily from airport charges and rentals. A description of each Enterprise Fund is provided below:

# Harbor-UCLA Medical Center

The Harbor-UCLA Medical Center (H/UCLA) provides acute and intensive care unit medical/surgical inpatient and outpatient services, trauma and emergency room services, acute psychiatric services, pediatric and obstetric services, and transplants.

#### Olive View-UCLA Medical Center

The Olive View-UCLA Medical Center (OV/UCLA) provides acute and intensive care, emergency services, medical/surgical inpatient and outpatient health care services, obstetric and gynecological services, and psychiatric services.

## LAC+USC Medical Center

The LAC+USC Medical Center (LAC+USC) provides acute and intensive care unit medical/surgical inpatient and outpatient services, trauma and emergency room services, a burn center, psychiatric services, renal dialysis, AIDS services, pediatric and obstetric services, and communicable disease services.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

### Fund Financial Statements-Continued

### Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center

The Rancho Los Amigos National Rehabilitation Center (Rancho) specializes in the rehabilitation for victims of spinal cord injuries and strokes, pathokinesiology and polio services, services for liver diseases, pediatrics, ortho diabetes, dentistry, and neuro-science.

## Waterworks Funds

The Waterworks Enterprise funds are used to account for the administration, maintenance, operation and improvement of district water systems.

### **Aviation Funds**

The Aviation Enterprise Funds are used to account for the administration, maintenance, operation and improvement of the five airports which are owned by the County.

The following fund types have also been reported:

### Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of services provided by a department or agency to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's principal Internal Service Fund is used to account for the cost of services provided by the Department of Public Works to various other County funds and agencies.

#### Fiduciary Fund Types

## Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Funds

The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for financial activities of the County's Pension Plan administered by LACERA.

The Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund is used to account for the financial activities of the OPEB trust for the purpose of holding and investing assets to pre-fund the Retiree Health Program administered by LACERA.

#### Investment Trust Funds

The Pooled Investment Trust Fund is used to account for the net position of the County's external investment pool.

The Specific Investment Trust Fund is used to account for the net position of individual investment accounts, in aggregate. The related investment activity occurs separately from the County's investment pool and is provided as a service to external investors.

### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements-Continued

# Fiduciary Fund Types-Continued

### Agency Funds

The Agency Funds are used primarily to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity pending transfer or distribution to individuals, private organizations, other governmental entities, and other funds. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. These funds (including property taxes and departmental funds) account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals or other government units.

# **Basis of Accounting**

The government-wide, proprietary, pension and other postemployment benefit, and investment trust funds financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property and sales taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and similar items are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers revenues to be available if collectible within one year after yearend, except for property taxes, which are considered available to the extent that they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. When property taxes are measurable but not available, the collectible portion (taxes levied less estimated uncollectibles) is recorded as deferred inflows of resources in the period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises or when the resources are received, whichever occurs first. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims (including workers' compensation) and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and capital lease obligations are reported as other financing sources.

For the governmental funds financial statements, revenues are recorded when they are susceptible to accrual. Specifically, ad valorem property taxes (except for redevelopment agency dissolution), sales taxes, investment income (loss), charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier, if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. When all eligibility requirements are met, except for the timing requirements, a deferred inflow of resources is reported until the time requirements have passed. All other revenues are not considered susceptible to accrual and are recognized when received, including property tax revenues derived from redevelopment agency dissolution.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## Basis of Accounting-Continued

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County's four Hospital Enterprise Funds (Hospitals) are from patient services. The principal operating revenues for the Waterworks Enterprise Funds are from charges for services. The principal operating revenues for the Nonmajor Aviation Enterprise Funds and Internal Service Funds are charges for services and rental revenues. Operating expenses for all Enterprise Funds and the Internal Service Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. Medical malpractice expenses, which are self-insured, are classified as operating expenses of the Hospitals. All other revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items. As discussed in Note 14, intergovernmental transfer payments are recorded in the Hospitals and this item is classified as a nonoperating expense.

Agency funds do not have a measurement focus because they report only assets and liabilities. They do however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

### **Budgetary Data**

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000-29144 of the Government Code of the State of California (Government Code), commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County prepares and adopts a budget on or before October 2 for each fiscal year. Budgets are adopted for the major governmental funds and certain nonmajor governmental funds on a basis of accounting, which is different from GAAP. Annual budgets were not adopted for the JPAs, Public Buildings and the LACSC debt service funds, the capital project funds and the permanent funds.

The County budget is organized by budget unit and by expenditure object. Budget units are established at the discretion of the Board of Supervisors. Within the General Fund (with certain exceptions), budget units are generally defined as individual departments. For other funds, each individual fund constitutes a budget unit. Expenditures are controlled at the object level for all budget units within the County, except for capital asset expenditures, which are controlled at the sub-object level. The total budget exceeds \$27.929 billion and is currently controlled through the use of approximately 400 separate budget units. There were no excesses of expenditures over the related appropriations within any fund for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County prepares a separate budgetary document, the County Budget, which demonstrates legal compliance with budgetary control. This document is made available to the public on the County's website at <a href="http://ceo.lacounty.gov/budget.htm">http://ceo.lacounty.gov/budget.htm</a>, or can be obtained from the Auditor-Controller's office.

Transfers of appropriations between budget units must be approved by the Board. Supplemental appropriations financed by unanticipated revenue during the year must also be approved by the Board. Transfers of appropriations between objects of expenditure within the same budget unit must be approved by the Board or the Chief Executive Office, depending upon the amount transferred. The original and final budget amounts are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements. Any excess of budgetary expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources is financed by beginning available fund balances as provided for in the County Budget Act.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## **Budgetary Data**-Continued

Note 16 describes the differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and GAAP. A reconciling schedule is also presented for the major governmental funds.

### **Property Taxes**

All jurisdictions within California derive their taxing authority from the State Constitution and various legislative provisions contained in the Government Code and Revenue and Taxation Code. Property is assessed at 100% of full cash or market value (with some exceptions) pursuant to Article XIIIA of the California State Constitution and statutory provisions by the County Assessor and State Board of Equalization. The total FY 2014-2015 assessed valuation of the County of Los Angeles approximated \$1,208 trillion.

The property tax levy to support general operations of the various jurisdictions is limited to one percent (1%) of full cash value and is distributed in accordance with statutory formulae. Amounts needed to finance the annual requirements of voter-approved debt are excluded from this limitation and are separately calculated and levied each fiscal year. The rates are formally adopted by either the Board or the city councils and, in some instances, the governing board of a special district.

The County is divided into 12,703 tax rate areas, which are unique combinations of various jurisdictions servicing a specific geographic area. The rates levied within each tax rate area vary only in relation to levies assessed as a result of voter-approved taxes or indebtedness.

Property taxes are levied on both real and personal property. Secured property taxes are levied during September of each year. They become a lien on real property on January 1 preceding the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. These tax payments can be made in two equal installments; the first is due November 1 and delinquent with penalties after December 10; the second is due February 1 and delinquent with penalties after April 10. Secured property taxes, which are delinquent and unpaid as of June 30, are declared to be tax defaulted and are subject to redemption penalties, costs, and interest when paid. If the delinquent taxes are not paid at the end of five (5) years, the property may be sold at public auction. The proceeds are used to pay the delinquent amounts due, and any excess is remitted, if claimed, to the taxpayer. Additional tax liens are created when there is a change in ownership of property or upon completion of new construction. Tax bills for these new tax liens are issued throughout the fiscal year and contain various payment and delinquent dates but are generally due within one year. If the new tax liens are lower, the taxpayer receives a tax refund rather than a tax bill. Unsecured personal property taxes are not a lien against real property. These taxes are due on August 1 and become delinquent, if unpaid, on August 31.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

### Legislation Dissolving Redevelopment Agencies and Affect on Property Taxes

State Assembly Bill (AB) x1 26, also referred to as the "Redevelopment Dissolution Act" was approved in 2011. Under AB x1 26, property tax revenues are allocated to pay enforceable legal obligations, pass-through payments and eligible administrative costs. Any remaining property tax revenues, otherwise known as "residual taxes," are distributed as property tax revenue to the appropriate local government agencies, including the County. Oversight Boards have been established for each of the 71 successor agencies within the County. The Oversight Boards are required to evaluate and approve the successor agencies' remaining enforceable legal obligations. The County Auditor-Controller is responsible for disbursing property tax increment revenues in accordance with provisions of AB x1 26 and applicable amendments. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County's share of residual property tax revenues was \$189.73 million, of which \$161.70 million was recognized in the County's General Fund.

### Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as discussed in Note 5 are reflected in the following asset accounts:

## Pooled Cash and Investments

As provided for by the Government Code, the cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to participating funds based upon each fund's average daily deposit balance during the allocation period. Each respective fund's share of the total pooled cash and investments is included among asset balances under the caption "Pooled Cash and Investments."

Pooled Cash and Investments are identified within the following categories for all County operating funds:

### Operating Pooled Cash and Investments

This account represents amounts reflected in the County's day-to-day financial records. Such amounts are utilized to determine the availability of cash for purposes of disbursing and borrowing funds.

### Other Pooled Cash and Investments

This account represents amounts identified in various agency funds as of June 30, 2015 that were owed to or were more appropriately classified in County operating funds. Accordingly, certain cash balances have been reclassified from the agency funds as required by GASB 34.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## **Deposits and Investments**-Continued

### Other Investments

This account represents Pension and OPEB Trust Fund investments, various JPAs, NPCs and Public Buildings (bond financed capital assets), and amounts on deposit with the County Treasurer, which are invested separately as provided by the Government Code or by specific instructions from the depositing entity.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Enterprise Funds' restricted assets represent cash and investments of certain JPAs and Public Buildings projects restricted in accordance with the provisions of the certificates of participation issued. The Internal Service Funds' restricted assets represent cash and investments restricted for debt service in accordance with the provisions of the LACCAL bond indenture. All of the above noted assets are included in the various disclosures in Note 5. These restricted assets are presented as noncurrent assets and are generally associated with long-term bonds payable.

### Inventories

Inventories, which consist of materials and supplies held for consumption, are valued at cost using the average cost basis. The inventory costs of the governmental funds are accounted for as expenditures when the inventory items are consumed. Reported inventories are categorized as nonspendable fund balance as required by GASB 54 because these amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and easements, buildings and improvements, equipment, intangible and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets are divided into the five following networks: road; water; sewer; flood control and aviation. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair value at the date of donation. Certain buildings and equipment are being leased under capital leases as defined in GASB 62. The present value of the minimum lease obligation has been capitalized in the statement of net position and is also reflected as a liability in that statement.

Capital outlay is recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements and as assets in the government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization threshold is met. Interest incurred during the construction phase of the capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds from tax-exempt debt over the same period. For taxable debt, business-type activities interest is capitalized and not netted with interest earnings.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

#### Capital Assets-Continued

The County's capitalization thresholds are \$5,000 for equipment, \$100,000 for buildings and improvements, \$1 million for software intangible assets, \$100,000 for non-software intangible assets, and \$25,000 for infrastructure assets. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation or amortization, as applicable, are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations. Specific disclosures related to capital assets appear in Note 6. Amortization for software and other intangible assets is included in the reporting of depreciation.

Capital assets are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements 10 to 50 years Equipment 2 to 35 years Software 5 to 25 years Infrastructure 15 to 100 years

Works of art and historical treasures held for public exhibition, education, or research in furtherance of public service, rather than financial gain, are not capitalized. These items are protected, encumbered, conserved, and preserved by the County. It is the County's policy to utilize proceeds from the sale of these items for the acquisition of other items for collection and display.

### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Pursuant to GASB 63 "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position," and GASB 65 "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities," the County recognizes deferred outflows of resources and/or deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position, governmental fund balance sheets, and proprietary funds' statement of net position.

In addition to assets, the financial statements report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time, except for pension related deferred inflows of resources, which will be recognized as a credit to expense.

Specific disclosures of items representing deferred outflows and inflows of resources appear in Note 20.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

### Advances Payable

The County uses certain agency funds as clearing accounts for the distribution of financial resources to other County funds. Pursuant to GASB 34, for external financial reporting purposes, the portions of the clearing account balances that pertain to other County funds should be reported as cash of the appropriate funds. The corresponding liability is included in "Advances Payable" because the amounts represent unearned revenue.

### **Compensated Absences**

Vacation pay benefits accrue to employees ranging from 10 to 20 days per year depending on years of service and the benefit plan. Sick leave benefits accrue at the rate of 10 to 12 days per year for union represented employees depending on years of service. Non-represented employees accrue at a rate of up to 8 days per year depending on the benefit plan. Employees can also accumulate unused holiday and compensatory time off benefits throughout the year. All benefits are payable upon termination, if unused, within limits and rates as specified in the County Salary Ordinance.

Liabilities for accrued compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary funds. For the governmental funds, expenditures are recorded when amounts become due and payable (i.e., when employees terminate from service).

### Net Pension Liability and Related Balances

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Los Angeles County Employees' Retirement Association (LACERA) and additions to/deductions from LACERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LACERA. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Reported results pertain to liability and asset information within the following defined timeframes:

Valuation Date (VD) - June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 Measurement Date (MD) - June 30, 2014 Measurement Period (MP) - July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014

### Long-term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary funds statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized in the period issued.

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

## Long-term Debt-Continued

In the governmental funds financial statements, bond premiums, discounts, and issuance costs, are recognized in the period issued. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Interest is reported as an expenditure in the period in which the related payment is made. The matured portion of long-term debt (i.e., portion that has come due for payment) is reported as a liability in the fund financial statements of the related fund.

### Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, the governmental funds report the classification of fund balance in accordance with GASB 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." The reported fund balances are categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned based on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Specific details related to Fund Balances appear in Note 21.

<u>Nonspendable Fund Balance</u> - amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories and long-term notes receivable.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - amounts with constraints placed on their use that are either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only by changing the condition of the constraint.

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, the County's Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally. The underlying action that imposed the limitation needs to occur no later than the close of the fiscal year.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. The intent can be established at either the highest level of decision making, or by a body or an official designated for that purpose. Authorization to assign fund balance rests with the County's Board through the budget process. The Board has also delegated authority to the Chief Executive Officer and County Department Heads for contracts and purchasing authority.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - the residual classification for the County's General Fund that includes amounts not contained in other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification is used only if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES-Continued

#### **Fund Balances-Continued**

The Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies, or rescinds fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. For its budget, the County utilizes the GASB 54 criteria and an ordinance or resolution is equally binding, for purposes of establishing a fund balance commitment. This is done through the adoption of the budget and subsequent amendments that occur throughout the fiscal year.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

# Cash Flows

For purposes of reporting cash flows, all amounts reported as "Pooled Cash and Investments," "Other Investments," and "Restricted Assets" are considered cash equivalents. Pooled cash and investment amounts represent funds held in the County Treasurer's cash management pool. Other investments and restricted assets are invested in money market mutual funds held by outside trustees. Such amounts are similar in nature to demand deposits (i.e., funds may be deposited and withdrawn at any time without prior notice or penalty).

# **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 2. NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS

The following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements have been implemented in the current basic financial statements.

GASB 68	Accounting and Financial Reporting
	For Pensions-An Amendment of GASB
	Statement No. 27

Improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions and improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. (Note 2, 8, 11, 20)

GASB 69 Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations

Establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. There were no government combinations and disposals of government operations during FY 2014-2015. While GASB 69 is not applicable for the current period, the County will apply the Statement in the future, as needed.

# 2. NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS-Continued

GASB 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date-An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68

Addresses the issue related to amounts associated with contributions made by state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement does have an impact because it clarifies the treatment of contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

#### Restatement of Net Position

Due to the implementation of GASB 68 and 71, the County made a change in accounting principle, which resulted in a restatement of net position due to the effects of GASB 68 and 71 and the recognition of net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources. The adjustment to the beginning net position is presented below (in thousands):

		uly 1, 2014, as viously reported	Net Position Effect of GASB 68 and 71	Ju	et Position ly 1, 2014, s restated
Government-Wide:					
Governmental activities	\$	9,316,775	\$ (7,835,193)	\$	1,481,582
Business-type activities		418,406	(1,322,777)		(904,371)
Discretely Presented Component			,		,
Unit		1,128,092	(21,142)		1,106,950
Proprietary Funds:					
Harbor UCLA Medical Center		(292,214)	(396,540)		(688,754)
Olive View UCLA Medical Center		(237,120)	(261,368)		(498,488)
LAC+USC Medical Center		34,432	(545,266)		(510,834)
Rancho Los Amigos National Rehat	)				
Center		(78,551)	(119,603)		(198,154)
Nonmajor Internal Service Fund					
Public Works		(288,920)	(288,659)		(577,579)

#### DEFICIT NET POSITION

The following funds had a net deficit at June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Accum	nulated Deficit
Government-wide-		
Business-Type Activities	\$	837,157
Enterprise Funds:		
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center	\$	680,831
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center		490,213
LAC+USC Medical Center		492,822
Rancho Los Amigos National Rehab Center		161,465
Internal Service Fund		
Public Works		607,656

The Government-wide Business-Type Activities, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds' deficits result primarily from the recognition of certain liabilities including accrued compensated absences, net pension liability, Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligation, workers' compensation, self-insurance and, for the enterprise funds, medical malpractice, and third party payors, as required by GAAP. Deficits are expected to continue until such liabilities are retired through user charges or otherwise funded.

#### 4. ELIMINATIONS

The Regional Park and Open Space District (RPOSD), a blended component unit, is authorized to issue assessment bonds to acquire and improve recreational land and facilities. These bonds are secured by voter-approved property tax assessments. The RPOSD executed a financing agreement with the Public Works Financing Authority, another blended component unit referred to in the basic financial statements as "Joint Powers Authorities" (JPAs). Under the terms of the agreement, the RPOSD sold \$510,185,000 of bonds in 1997 that were acquired as an investment by the JPAs. The JPAs financed this investment from proceeds of a simultaneous issuance of an equivalent amount of bonds as a public offering. The structure of the publicly offered JPA bonds was designed to match the RPOSD's bonds relative to the principal and interest maturities and interest rates. This series of transactions was conducted to facilitate the issuance of RPOSD related bonds and to minimize the County's overall interest cost. Pursuant to the financing agreement with the JPAs, the RPOSD has pledged all available tax assessments necessary to ensure the timely payment of principal and interest on the bonds issued by the JPAs. The 1997 bonds were partially refunded in 2004-2005 and the remaining 1997 bonds were fully refunded in 2007-2008. The transactions between the two component units have been accounted for as follows:

# **Fund Financial Statements**

At June 30, 2015, the governmental fund financial statements reflect an investment asset (referred to as "Other Investments") held by the JPAs of \$82,880,000 that has been recorded in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds. The governmental fund financial statements do not reflect a liability for the related bonds payable (\$82,880,000), as this obligation is not currently due. Accordingly, the value of the asset represents restricted fund balance in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

#### 4. ELIMINATIONS-Continued

#### Fund Financial Statements-Continued

In order to reflect the economic substance of the transaction described above, an eliminations column has been established in the governmental fund financial statements. The purpose of the column is to remove the duplication of assets, fund balances, revenues and expenditures that resulted from the consolidation of the two component units into the County's overall financial reporting structure.

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to minimize the duplicative effects of transactions between funds. Accordingly, the effects of the transaction described above have been eliminated from the amounts presented within governmental activities (as appropriate under the accrual basis of accounting). The specific items eliminated were other investments and bonds payable (\$82,880,000) and investment income and interest expense (\$4,998,000 for each). Accordingly, there are no reconciling differences between the two sets of financial statements (after the effects of eliminations) for this matter.

The bonds payable of \$82,880,000, that were publicly issued, are included among the liabilities presented in the Government-wide Financial Statements. Disclosures related to those outstanding bonds appear in Note 11 and are captioned "Assessment Bonds."

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Investments in the County's cash and investment pool, other cash and investments, and Pension and OPEB Trust Funds investments, are stated at fair value. Aggregate pooled cash and investments and other cash and investments are as follows at June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

			Restricted /	<u>Assets</u>	
	Pooled Cash	Other	Pooled Cash	Other	
	and Investments	Investments	and Investments	<u>Investments</u>	<u>Total</u>
Governmental Funds	\$ 6,310,313	\$ 55,525	\$	\$	\$ 6,365,838
Proprietary Funds	177,090		155,084	697	332,871
Fiduciary Funds					
(excluding Pension					
and OPEB)	17,196,144	151,734			17,347,878
Pension and OPEB					
Trust Funds	85,364	50,817,566			50,902,930
Discretely Presented					
Component Units	691,490	212,111			903,601
Total	\$ 24,460,401	\$51,236,936	\$ 155,084	\$ 697	\$75,853,118

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

A summary of cash and investments (by type) as of June 30, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

Cash:		Cash and investments are reported	ed as follows:
County			
Imprest Cash	\$ 10,658	Governmental Funds	\$ 6,365,838
Cash in Vault	1,687	Proprietary Funds	332,871
Cash in Bank	400,607	Investment Trust Funds	15,607,299
Deposits in Transit	5,713	Agency Funds	1,740,579
CDC	9,510	Pension Trust Fund (LACERA)	50,902,930
Outside Trustees	100	Discretely presented component	unit:
Total Cash	428,275	- First 5	520,768
		<ul> <li>Community Development</li> </ul>	
		Commission (CDC)	382,833
		Total Cash and Investments	\$ 75,853,118
Investments:			
In Treasury Pool	24,196,820		
In Specific Purpose Investment			
(SPI)	156,177		
In Other Specific Investments	302		
Held by Outside Trustees	51,377		
In LACERA	50,817,566		
In Discretely Presented			
Component Unit - CDC	202,601		
	75,424,843		

# County Treasurer Cash

Total Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the County Treasurer (Treasurer) maintained accounts in six banks. The carrying amount of the Treasurer's total deposits in financial institutions was \$400.61 million, \$5.71 million were deposits in transit, plus \$1.69 million in cash in the Treasurer's vault.

\$ 75,853,118

Under California Government Code Section 53652, each financial institution in California is required to pledge a pool of securities as collateral against all of its public deposits. California Government Code Section 53651 delineates the types of eligible securities, and the required collateral percentage, generally at 110%. In addition, under California Government Code Section 53653, the Treasurer has discretion to waive security for the portion of any deposits as insured pursuant to federal law. Through contractual agreement, the Treasurer has opted to waive security for the portion of deposits which is federally insured.

The total balance of deposits in financial institutions was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities monitored by the Local Agency Security Program (LASP) of California Department of Financial Institutions. LASP confirmed that the pools of collateral related to the County Treasurer's deposits were maintained at required levels as of June 30, 2015.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### County Investment Pool

California Government Code Sections 53601, 53635, 53534 and 53601g authorize the County Treasurer to invest the External Investment Pool (Pool) and Specific Purpose Investments (SPI) funds in obligations of the United States Treasury, federal agencies, State and local agencies, municipalities, asset-backed securities, mortgage-backed securities, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard and Poor's Rating Services (S&P) or P-1 by Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), negotiable certificates of deposit, medium-term notes, corporate notes, repurchase agreements, reverse repurchase agreements, floating rate notes, time deposits, shares of beneficial interest of a Joint Powers Authority that invests in authorized securities, shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies known as money market mutual funds (MMF) registered with the Securties and Exchange Commission, the State of California's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), guaranteed investment contracts, interest rate swaps, and supranationals. As permitted by the California Government Code, the Treasurer developed, and the Board adopted, an Investment Policy that further defines and restricts the limits within which the Treasurer may invest. The investments are managed by the Treasurer, which reports investment activity to the Board on a monthly basis. In addition, Treasurer investment activity is subject to an annual investment policy review, compliance oversight, quarterly financial review, and annual financial reporting. The Treasurer also maintains Other Specific Investments, which are invested pursuant to the California Government Code.

The School Districts and the Superior Court are required by legal provisions to participate in the County's investment pool. Eighty-five percent (85%) of the Treasurer's Pool consists of these involuntary participants. Voluntary participants in the County's Pool include the Sanitation Districts, Metropolitan Transportation Authority, the South Coast Air Quality Management District and other special districts with independent governing boards. The deposits held for both involuntary and voluntary entities are included in the Pooled Investment Trust Fund. Certain SPI have been made by the County, as directed by external depositors. This investment activity occurs separately from the County's Pool and is reported in the Specific Investment Trust Fund in the amount of \$121,357,000. The Pool is not registered as an investment company with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) nor is it an SEC Rule 2a7-like pool. California Government Code statutes and the County Board of Supervisors set forth the various investment policies that the County Treasurer must follow.

Investments are stated at fair value, except for certain non-negotiable securities that are reported at cost, which approximates fair value, because they are not transferable and have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates, such as mortgage trust deeds, Los Angeles County securities, and the investments in the LAIF. The fair value of investments is determined monthly and is provided by the custodian bank. The method used to determine the value of participant's equity withdrawn is based on the book value, which is amortized cost, of the participant's percentage participation on the date of such withdrawals.

Investments in LAIF are governed by the California Government Code and overseen by a five member Local Investment Advisory Board as designated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2015, the total amount invested by all California local governments and special districts in LAIF was \$21.50 billion. LAIF is part of the State of California's Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which as of June 30, 2015 had a balance of \$69.606 billion. The PMIA is not SEC registered, but is required to

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### County Investment Pool-Continued

invest according to the California Government Code. Included in the PMIA's investment portfolio are certain derivative securities or similar products in the form of asset-backed securities totaling \$1.45 billion at June 30, 2015. Collectively, these represent 2.08% of the PMIA balance of \$69.606 billion. The SPI holdings in the LAIF investment pool as of June 30, 2015, were \$42.32 million, which were valued using a fair value factor provided by LAIF.

As permitted by the Government Code, the County Treasurer developed, and the Board adopted, an Investment Policy that further defines and restricts the limits within which the County Treasurer may invest. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized by the County, along with the related concentration of credit limits:

	Maximum		Maxin	Maximum Percentage		n Investment	Minimum		
	Mat	turity	c	of Portfolio	In One Issuer		Rating		
Authorized Investment Type U.S. Treasury Notes, Bills and	Gov. Code	Pool Policy	Gov. Code	Pool Policy	Gov. Code	Pool Policy	Gov. Code	Pool Policy	
Bonds	5 years	None (1)	None	None	None	None	None	None	
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None (1)	None	None	None	None	None	None	
Local Agency Obligations	5 years	5 years (2)	None	10%*	None	10%*	None	None (2)	
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	180 days	40%	40%	30%	\$750 million*	None	P-1	
Commercial Paper Negotiable Certificate of	270 days	270 days	40%	40%	10%	\$1.5 billion*	A-1/P-1	A-1/P-1	
Deposits (3) Corporate Medium-Term	5 years	3 years*	30%	30%	None	\$750 million*	None	P-1/A	
Notes (4)	5 years	3 years*	30%	30%	None	\$750 million*	Α	A-1/P-1/A	
Repurchase Agreement Reverse Repurchase	1 year	30 days*	None	\$1 billion*	None	\$500 million*	None	None	
Agreement Securities Lending	92 days	92 days	20%	\$500 million*	None	\$250 million*	None	None	
Agreements	92 days	92 days	20%	20% (5)*	None	None	None	None	
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	N/A	20%	15%*	10%	10%	AAA	AAA	
LAIF	N/A	N/A	None	\$50 million (6)**	None	None	None	None	
Asset-Backed Securities	5 years	5 years	20%	20%	None	\$750 million*	AA	AA (7)	
Supranationals	5 years	5 years	30%	30%	None	None	AA	AA	

- 1. Pursuant to the California Government Code 53601, the Board granted authority to make investments in U.S. Treasury Notes, Bills and Bonds, and U.S. Agency Securities that have maturities beyond 5 years.
- 2. Any obligation issued or caused to be issued on behalf of other County affiliates must have a minimum rating of A3 (Moody's) or A- (S&P) and the maximum maturity is limited to thirty years. All other Local Agencies are limited to 5 years.
- 3. Euro Certificate of Deposits are further restricted to a maximum maturity of one year and a maximum percentage of portfolio of 10%.
- 4. Floating Rate Notes are further restricted to a maximum maturity of five years, maximum of 10% of the portfolio, and maximum investment in one issuer of \$750 million. The maximum maturity may be seven years, provided that the Board's authorization to exceed maturities in excess of five years is in effect, of which \$100 million par value may be greater than five years to maturity.
- 5. The maximum par value is limited to a combined total of reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements of 20% of the base value of the portfolio.
- 6. The maximum percentage of the portfolio is based on the investment limit established by LAIF for each account, not by Pool Policy. Bond proceeds are considered a one-time deposit, have no maximum deposit amount, and are maintained on thirty-day increments.
- 7. All Asset-Backed securities must be rated at least "AA" and the issuer's corporate debt rating must be at least "A".

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# County Investment Pool-Continued

\*Represents restriction in which the County's Investment Policy is more restrictive than the California Government Code.

A summary of investments held by the Pool at June 30, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

					Weighted
					Average
			Interest Rate		Maturity
<u>Pool</u>	Fair Value	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Range</u>	<b>Maturity Range</b>	in Years
Commercial Paper	\$ 6,777,947	\$ 6,777,961	0.12% - 0.24%	07/01/15 - 08/28/15	0.05
Corporate and Deposit Notes	234,906	234,983	0.27% - 1.45%	09/28/15 - 01/12/18	1.41
Los Angeles County Securities Negotiable Certificates of	47,000	47,000	0.55% - 0.61%	06/30/16 - 06/30/17	1.85
Deposit	2,775,089	2,775,013	0.11% - 0.43%	07/01/15 - 04/18/16	0.16
U.S. Agency Securities	13,262,026	13,288,567	0.13% - 8.50%	07/28/15 - 07/01/20	2.83
U.S. Treasury Securities:					
U.S. Treasury Notes	100,539	99,719	1.38%	11/30/2015	0.42
U.S. Treasury Bills	999,313	998,819	0.14% - 0.24%	11/12/15 - 03/31/16	0.57
Total Investments	\$ 24,196,820	\$ 24,222,062		=	1.63

The unrealized loss on investments held in the Pool was \$25,242,000 as of June 30, 2015. This amount takes into account all changes in fair value (including purchases, sales and redemptions) that occurred during the year. The method used to apportion the unrealized loss was based on a prorata share of each funds' cash balance as of June 30, 2015 relative to the County Pool balances. A separate financial report is issued for the Pool as of June 30, 2015.

#### Specific Purpose Investments and Other Specific Investments

A summary of investments held by the SPI and Other Specific Investments at June 30, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

					Weighted
					Average
			Interest Rate		Maturity
<u>SPI</u>	Fair Value	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Range</u>	Maturity Range	in Years
Local Agency Investment Fund	\$ 42,318	\$ 42,302			0.64
Los Angeles County Securities	4,655	4,655	5.00%	09/02/21	6.18
U.S. Agency Securities	109,114	109,803	0.70% - 3.40%	09/12/16 - 06/08/28	5.14
U.S. Treasury Bonds	90	85	7.25%	05/15/16	0.88
Total Investments	\$ 156,177	\$ 156,845			3.95

<sup>\*\*</sup>The maximum percentage of portfolio is based on the investment limit established by LAIF for each account, not by Pool Policy.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# Specific Purpose Investments and Other Specific Investments-Continued

					Interest Rate	Maturity	Weighted Average
Other Specific Investments	<u>Fair</u>	Value	<u>P</u> ı	rincipal	<u>Range</u>	<u>Range</u>	Maturity in Years
U.S. Treasury Bills	\$	302	\$	302	0.06%	12/03/15	0.43

# Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's Investment Policy limits most investment maturities to less than three years, with the exception of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, which are limited to 270 days and 180 days, respectively. In addition, U.S. Treasury Notes, Bills, and Bonds and U.S. Agency Securities may have maturities beyond five years. The County Treasurer manages the Pool and mitigates exposure to declines in fair value by generally investing in short-term investments with maturities of six months or less and by holding all investments to maturity.

The Treasurer manages the Pool's exposure to declines in fair value by limiting its weighted average maturity target to a range between 1.0 and 2.0 years, in accordance with the Investment Policy. For purposes of computing weighted average maturity, the maturity date of variable-rate notes is the stated maturity.

52.42% of the Pool's \$24.20 billion in investments at June 30, 2015, mature in six months or less. Of the remainder, 45.07% have a maturity of more than one year. At June 30, 2015, the weighted average maturity in years for the Pool was 1.63.

The California Government Code and the Investment Policy allow the Treasurer to purchase floating rate notes, that is, any instruments that have a coupon interest rate that is adjusted periodically due to changes in a base or benchmark rate. The Investment Policy limits the amount of floating rate notes to 10% of the Pool portfolio. The Investment Policy also prohibits the purchase of inverse floating rate notes and hybrid or complex structured investments and for the year ended June 30, 2015, there were none.

At June 30, 2015, the Pool contained floating rate notes at fair value of \$381.52 million (1.58% of the Pool.) The notes are tied to one-month and three-month London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) with monthly and quarterly coupon resets. The fair value of variable securities is generally less susceptible to changes in value than fixed rate securities because the variable-rate coupon resets back to the market rate on a periodic basis. There were several variable rate notes at fair value of \$5.08 million in the SPI and no variable rate notes in the Other Specific Investments.

Fair value fluctuates with interest rates, and increasing interest rates could cause fair value to decline below original cost. County management believes the liquidity in the portfolios is adequate to meet cash flow requirements and to preclude the County from having to sell investments below original cost for that purpose.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that the Treasurer will not be able to recover the value of investment securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investments are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Treasurer and are held by either the counterparty, or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Treasurer's name. At year-end, all Pool, SPI and Other Specific Investment securities, except for the County Improvement Bonds and Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), certain certificates of participation issued by County entities, and LAIF, were either held by the Treasurer or by the custodian bank in the name of the Treasurer. The bonds, BANs, and certain certificates of participation were held in the Treasurer's vault and are recorded in the Los Angeles County Securities line item. The LAIF investments were held by the State of California.

#### Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer, or other counterparty to an investment, will not fulfill its obligations. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. The County mitigates these risks by holding a diversified portfolio of high quality investments.

The Investment Policy establishes acceptable credit ratings for investments from any two Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations (NRSRO). For an issuer of short-term debt, the rating must be no less that A-1 (S&P) or P-1 (Moody's), while an issuer of long-term debt shall be rated no less that an "A." All investments purchased during the year ended June 30, 2015 met the credit rating criteria in the Investment Policy, at the issuer level. However, while the NRSROs did rate the issuer of the investments purchased, the NRSRO did not, in all instances, rate the investment itself (e.g., commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, corporate and deposit notes, and negotiable certificates of deposit). Accordingly, for purposes of reporting the credit quality distribution of investments, some investments are reported as not rated.

The Investment Policy also permits investments in LAIF, pursuant to California Government Code Section 16429.1. At June 30, 2015, a portion of the SPI was invested in LAIF, which is unrated as to credit quality.

The Investment Policy, approved annually by the Board, limits the maximum total par value for each permissible security type (e.g., commercial paper and certificates of deposit) to a certain percentage of the Pool portfolio. Exceptions to this are obligations of the United States government, and United States government agencies or government-sponsored enterprises, which do not have a limit. Further, the Treasurer restricts investments in any one issuer based on the issuer's ratings from a NRSRO. For bankers' acceptances, negotiable certificates of deposit, corporate notes and floating rate notes, and asset-backed securities, the highest issuer limit, for those issuers with ratings of P-1/Aaa (Moody's) and A-1/AAA (S&P), was \$750 million, approximately 3.10% of the Pool's investment balance at June 30, 2015. For commercial paper, the highest issuer limit, for those issuers with ratings of P-1/Aaa (Moody's) and A-1/AAA (S&P), was \$1.5 billion, or 6.20% of the Pool's investment balance as of June 30, 2015.

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk-Continued

The Pool and SPI had the following U.S. Agency and commercial paper securities in a single issuer that represent 5 percent or more of total investments at June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

Issuer	Pool				SPI		
	<u> </u>	air Value	% of Portfolio	<u>Fa</u>	<u>ir Value</u>	% of Portfolio	
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$	2,076,639	8.58%	\$	10,906	6.98%	
Federal Home Loan Bank		4,471,384	18.48%		66,759	42.75%	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation		3,200,247	13.23%				
Federal National Mortgage Association		3,489,629	14.42%				
Atlantic Asset Sec LLC CP		1,268,997	5.24%				
Cancara Asset Sec LLC CP		1,253,791	5.18%				

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of each portfolio's fair value at June 30, 2015:

Commercial Paper         Not Rated         Not Rated         28.01%           Corporate and Deposit Notes         AA-         Aa3         0.97%           Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         0.19%           Negotiable Certificates of Deposit         Not Rated         Aa2         0.21%           Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         11.26%           U.S. Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         46.15%           Not Rated         Aaa         1.27%           Not Rated         Not Rated         Aaa         0.41%           U.S. Treasury Securities:         U.S. Treasury Notes         Not Rated         Aaa         0.41%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         Aca         0.41%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Los Angeles County Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           U.S. Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           AA+         Not Rated         Not Rated         12.90%           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments         Not Rated	<u>Pool</u>	<u>S&amp;P</u>	Moody's	% of Portfolio
Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         0.19%           Negotiable Certificates of Deposit         Not Rated         Aa2         0.21%           Not Rated         Not Rated         11.26%           U.S. Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         46.15%           Not Rated         Aaa         1.27%           Not Rated         Not Rated         Aaa         0.41%           U.S. Treasury Securities:         Not Rated         Aaa         0.41%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         4.13%           U.S. Treasury Ecurities         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Local Agency Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         2.98%           U.S. Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           AA+         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments         Not Rated         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%	Commercial Paper	Not Rated	Not Rated	28.01%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit         Not Rated Not Rated         Aa2         0.21% 11.26%           U.S. Agency Securities         AA+ Aaa 46.15% Not Rated Aaa 1.27% Not Rated Aaa 1.27% Not Rated Not Rated Aaa 1.27% Not Rated Not Rated Aaa 0.41%           U.S. Treasury Securities:         U.S. Treasury Notes Not Rated Aaa 0.41% U.S. Treasury Bills Not Rated Not Rated A.13% 100.00%           SPI         Local Agency Investment Fund Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated 27.09% Los Angeles County Securities Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated 2.98% U.S Agency Securities AA+ Aaa 56.97% AA+ Not Rated 12.90% U.S. Treasury Bonds Not Rated Aaa 0.06% 100.00%           Other Specific Investments         Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated 100.00%           U.S. Treasury Bills Not Rated Not Rated Not Rated 100.00%	Corporate and Deposit Notes	AA-	Aa3	0.97%
Not Rated   Not Rated   11.26%	Los Angeles County Securities	Not Rated	Not Rated	0.19%
U.S. Agency Securities  AA+ Aaa 46.15% Not Rated Aaa 1.27% Not Rated Not Rated 7.40%  U.S. Treasury Securities:  U.S. Treasury Notes  U.S. Treasury Notes Not Rated Aaa 0.41% U.S. Treasury Bills Not Rated Not Rated 4.13%  100.00%  SPI  Local Agency Investment Fund Not Rated Not Rated 27.09% Los Angeles County Securities Not Rated Not Rated 2.98% U.S Agency Securities AA+ Aaa 56.97% AA+ Not Rated 12.90%  U.S. Treasury Bonds Not Rated Aaa 0.06%  Other Specific Investments  U.S. Treasury Bills Not Rated Not Rated 100.00%	Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Not Rated	Aa2	0.21%
Not Rated   Not Rated   Not Rated   Not Rated   7.40%		Not Rated	Not Rated	11.26%
Not Rated   Not Rated   7.40%	U.S. Agency Securities	AA+	Aaa	46.15%
U.S. Treasury Securities:       U.S. Treasury Notes       Not Rated       Aaa       0.41%         U.S. Treasury Bills       Not Rated       Not Rated       4.13%         SPI         Local Agency Investment Fund       Not Rated       Not Rated       27.09%         Los Angeles County Securities       Not Rated       Not Rated       2.98%         U.S Agency Securities       AA+       Aaa       56.97%         AA+       Not Rated       Aaa       0.06%         U.S. Treasury Bonds       Not Rated       Aaa       0.06%         Other Specific Investments         U.S. Treasury Bills       Not Rated       Not Rated       100.00%		Not Rated	Aaa	1.27%
U.S. Treasury Notes         Not Rated         Aaa         0.41%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         4.13%           SPI           Local Agency Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         2.98%           U.S Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           AA+         Not Rated         12.90%           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%		Not Rated	Not Rated	7.40%
U.S. Treasury Bills	U.S. Treasury Securities:			
SPI	U.S. Treasury Notes	Not Rated	Aaa	0.41%
SPI           Local Agency Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         2.98%           U.S Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           AA+         Not Rated         12.90%           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%	U.S. Treasury Bills	Not Rated	Not Rated _	4.13%
Local Agency Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         2.98%           U.S Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           AA+         Not Rated         12.90%           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%			_	100.00%
Local Agency Investment Fund         Not Rated         Not Rated         27.09%           Los Angeles County Securities         Not Rated         Not Rated         2.98%           U.S Agency Securities         AA+         Aaa         56.97%           AA+         Not Rated         12.90%           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%	SPI		_	
U.S Agency Securities         AA+ Aaa AA+ Not Rated         56.97% AA+ Not Rated           U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated Aaa         0.06% AAA AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA		Not Rated	Not Rated	27.09%
U.S. Treasury Bonds       AA+ Not Rated Not Rated       12.90%         Other Specific Investments       100.00%         U.S. Treasury Bills       Not Rated       Not Rated       100.00%	Los Angeles County Securities	Not Rated	Not Rated	2.98%
U.S. Treasury Bonds         Not Rated         Aaa         0.06%           Other Specific Investments           U.S. Treasury Bills         Not Rated         Not Rated         100.00%	U.S Agency Securities	AA+	Aaa	56.97%
Other Specific Investments U.S. Treasury Bills Not Rated Not Rated 100.00%		AA+	Not Rated	12.90%
Other Specific Investments       U.S. Treasury Bills     Not Rated     Not Rated     100.00%	U.S. Treasury Bonds	Not Rated	Aaa	0.06%
U.S. Treasury Bills Not Rated Not Rated 100.00%				100.00%
· ————	Other Specific Investments		=	
100.00%	U.S. Treasury Bills	Not Rated	Not Rated	100.00%
			_	100.00%

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### Reverse Repurchase Agreements

The California Government Code permits the County Treasurer to enter into reverse repurchase agreements, that is, a sale of securities with a simultaneous agreement to repurchase them in the future at the same price plus a contract rate of interest. The fair value of the securities underlying reverse repurchase agreements normally exceeds the cash received, providing the broker-dealer a margin against a decline in the fair value of the securities. If the broker-dealer defaults on the obligation to resell these securities to the County or provide securities or cash of equal value, the County would suffer an economic loss equal to the difference between the fair value plus accrued interest of the underlying securities and the agreement obligation, including accrued interest.

The County's investment guidelines limit the maximum par value of reverse repurchase agreements to \$500,000,000 and proceeds from reverse repurchase agreements may only be reinvested in instruments with maturities at or before the maturity of the reverse repurchase agreement. During the fiscal year, the County did not enter into any reverse repurchase agreements.

# Securities Lending Transactions

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Los Angeles County Pool did not enter into any securities lending transactions.

# Safekeeping Securities

At June 30, 2015, all Pool, SPI investments and Other Specific Investments were safe kept by Citibank N.A., except for the County Improvement Bonds and Bond Anticipation Notes (BANs), certain certificates of participation issued by County entities, LAIF and mortgage trust deeds.

The bonds, BANs, and certain certificates of participation were held in the Treasurer's vault and are recorded in the Los Angeles County Securities line item. The mortgage trust deeds were held and administered by Bank of America.

The County has not provided nor obtained any legally binding guarantees during the year ended June 30, 2015, to support the value of shares in the Pool.

# Cash and Investments - Held by Outside Trustees

NPC and JPAs have been established for the purpose of rendering assistance to the County to refinance, acquire, construct, improve, lease and sell properties and equipment, including the construction of buildings, and purchase of equipment, land, and any other real or personal property, for the benefit of County residents, through the issuance of bonds, certificates of participation notes (COPs) and commercial paper.

#### 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### Cash and Investments - Held by Outside Trustees-Continued

The NPC and JPAs' cash is deposited and invested with the outside trustees. Investment practices are governed by the County's Investment Procedures and Guidelines, established pursuant to the California Government Code and the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors' action.

Investments are stated at fair value. Deposits held by outside trustees as of June 30, 2015 were \$100,000. The bank balance of deposits equals the carrying amount and was insured or collateralized with securities held by the entity or its agent in the entity's name. \$305.55 million of investments held by outside trustees are invested in the County's investment pool. In addition, the outside trustees invested \$51.38 million outside of the County's investment pool.

The following is a summary of deposits and investments held by outside trustees as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

Maightad

					weigntea
					Average
			Interest Rate %		Maturity
	Fair Value	<u>Principal</u>	Range	Maturity Range	(Years)
Money market mutual funds	\$ 51,377	\$ 51,377	0.01%	07/01/15	0.00
Deposits	 100	 100			
	\$ 51,477	\$ 51,477			

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk as of June 30, 2015:

Other Investments	<u>S&amp;P</u>	Moody's	% of Portfolio
Money Market Mutual Funds	Not Rated	Not Rated	<u>100.00</u> %
			100.00%

#### LACERA Investment Portfolio

Narratives and tables presented for the Pension and OPEB Trust funds managed by the LACERA are taken directly from LACERA's Report on Audited Financial Statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 (certain terms have been modified to conform with the County's CAFR presentation). The interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk, concentration of credit risk, and custodial credit risk related to Pension and OPEB Trust Funds investments are different than the corresponding risk on investments held by the County Treasurer. Detailed deposit and investment risk disclosures are included in Note G and Note I of the audited financial statements.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### Deposits-Custodial Credit Risk

Pension and OPEB Trust Funds investments are reported at fair value at June 30, 2015 (in thousands) and are as follows:

		Fair
		<u>Value</u>
Cash collateral on loaned securities	\$	1,033,471
Short-term investments		1,305,372
Domestic and international equity		25,077,955
Fixed income		12,881,582
Real estate*		5,480,795
Private equity		4,346,854
Hedge funds	_	691,537
Total	<u>\$</u>	50,817,566

<sup>\*</sup> Refer to Note J of LACERA's Report on Audited Financial Statements for year ended June 30, 2015 for additional discussion on special purpose entities.

The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds also had deposits with the Los Angeles County Pool at June 30, 2015 totaling \$85,364,000. The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds portfolio contained no concentration of investments in any one organization (other than those issued or guaranteed by the U.S. Government) that represents 5% or more of total investments or plan net position.

#### Deposit and Investment Risks

The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 (CERL) vests the Board of Investments (BOI) with exclusive control over LACERA's investment portfolio. The BOI established an Investment Policy Statement. BOI members exercise authority and control over the management of LACERA's Net Position Restricted for Benefits by setting policy that the investment staff executes either internally or through the use of prudent external experts.

The Investment Policy Statement encompasses the following:

- U.S. Equity Investment Policy
- Non-U.S. Equity Investment Policy
- Private Equity Investment Policy
- Fixed Income Investment Policy
- Cash and Cash Equivalents Investment Policy
- Real Estate Investment Policy
- Commodities Investment Policy
- Corporate Governance Policy and Principles
- Derivatives Investment Policy
- Emerging Manager Policy
- Manager Monitoring and Review Policy
- Securities Lending Policy
- Placement Agent Policy
- Hedge Fund Policy

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. LACERA seeks to maintain a diversified portfolio of fixed income instruments in order to obtain the highest total return for the Pension Trust Fund at an acceptable level of risk within this asset class. To control credit risk, credit quality guidelines have been established.

The majority of the Core, Core Plus, and High Yield portfolios use the following guidelines in terms of credit quality.

# <u>Domestic Fixed Income Core and Core Plus Portfolios</u>

A minimum of 80 percent and 70 percent of Core and Core Plus portfolios, respectively, must be invested in securities rated investment-grade by the major credit rating agencies: Moody's Investors Service (Moody's), Standard & Poor's (S&P), and Fitch Ratings (Fitch).

#### In addition:

- Money market instruments must be rated at least A-2/P-2 or equivalent by at least one major credit rating agency.
- All rated securities, including Rule 144A securities, must be rated at least B- by S&P or equivalent by at least one major credit rating agency at the time of purchase.
- Unrated issues may be purchased provided, in the judgment of the Investment Manager, they would not violate LACERA's minimum credit quality criteria.
- Unrated issues and securities rated BBB+, BBB, or BBB- by S&P or equivalent, in combination, may represent up to 30 percent of the portfolio.

#### Domestic High-Yield Fixed Income Portfolios

By definition, high-yield bonds are securities rated below investment grade. Therefore, the majority of bonds in the high-yield portfolios are rated below investment grade by at least one of the major credit rating agencies: Moody's, S&P, and Fitch.

#### In addition:

- Money market instruments must be rated at least A-2/P-2 or equivalent by at least one major credit rating agency.
- At least 95 percent of all rated securities, including Rule 144A securities, must be rated at least B- by S&P or equivalent by at least one major credit rating agency at the time of purchase.
- Consistent with the preceding requirement, a maximum of 5 percent of the portfolio may be invested in issues rated below B- by S&P or equivalent; however, these issues must be rated at least CCC by S&P or Caa by Moody's.
- Unrated issues may be purchased provided, in the judgment of the Investment Manager, they would not violate LACERA's minimum credit criteria.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

LACERA's Opportunistic Credit portfolios allow for the assumption of more credit risk than other fixed income portfolios, by investing in securities which include unrated bonds, bonds rated below investment grade issued by corporations undergoing financial stress or distress, junior tranches of structured securities backed by residential and commercial mortgages, and bank loans. LACERA utilizes specific investment guidelines for these portfolios that limit maximum exposure by issuer, industry, and sector, which result in well-diversified portfolios.

Credit Quality Ratings of Investments in Fixed Income Securities

As of June 30, 2015
(Dollars in Thousands)

		U.S.	U.S. Govt.			Corporate Debt/Credit				% of
Quality Ratings	Т	reasuries	Agencies	М	unicipals	Securities	Po	oled Funds	Total	Portfolio
AAA	\$	1,858,585	\$ 2,205,374	\$	1,043	\$ 753,165	\$		\$ 4,818,167	38%
AA			6,471		34,268	418,283			459,022	4%
A			2,406		33,886	1,138,907			1,175,199	9%
BAA			595			1,798,916			1,799,511	14%
BA						780,317			780,317	6%
В					3,857	909,027			912,884	7%
CAA					5,499	321,043			326,542	3%
CA						6,201			6,201	0%
С						21,706			21,706	0%
Not Rated					5,620	490,109		1,922,832	2,418,561	19%
Total Investment in										
Fixed Income Securities	\$	1,858,585	\$ 2,214,846	\$	84,173	\$ 6,637,674	\$	1,922,832	\$ 12,718,110	100%

#### Custodial Credit Risk

LACERA's contract with its primary custodian (Bank) provides that the Bank may hold LACERA's securities registered in the Bank's or its agent's nominee name, in bearer form, book-entry form, a clearing house corporation, or a depository, so long as the Bank's records clearly indicate that the securities are held in custody for LACERA's account. The Bank may also hold securities in custody in LACERA's name when required by LACERA. When held in custody by the Bank, the securities are not at risk of loss in the event of the Bank's financial failure, because the securities are not property (assets) of the Bank. Cash invested overnight in the Bank's depository accounts is subject to the risk that in the event of the Bank's failure, LACERA might not recover all or some of its deposits. This risk is mitigated when the overnight deposits are insured or collateralized.

LACERA's policy as incorporated in its current contract with the Bank requires the Bank to certify it has taken all steps to assure all LACERA monies on deposit with the Bank are eligible for and covered by "pass-through insurance," in accordance with applicable law and FDIC rules and regulations. The steps taken by the Bank include paying deposit insurance premiums when due, maintaining a "prompt corrective action" capital category of "well capitalized," and identifying on the Bank's records that it acts as a fiduciary for LACERA with respect to the monies on deposit. In addition, the Bank is required to provide evidence of insurance and to maintain a financial institution bond, which will cover the loss of money and securities with respect to any and all property the Bank or its agents hold in or for LACERA's account, up to the amount of the bond. To implement certain investment strategies in a cost-effective manner, some of LACERA's assets are invested in investment managers' pooled vehicles. The securities in these vehicles may be held by a different custodian.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to complete a transaction, LACERA would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

No more than 5 percent of the Core, Core Plus, or High-Yield portfolios may be invested in securities of a single issuer, except: U.S. Treasury securities, government-guaranteed debt (including G-7 countries), agency debt, agency mortgage-backed securities, and manager's approved commingled funds.

As of June 30, 2015, LACERA did not hold any investments in any one issuer that would represent 5 percent or more of total investments or plan net position. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and pooled investments are excluded from this requirement.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Duration is a measure of the price sensitivity of a fixed income portfolio to changes in interest rates. It is calculated as the weighted average time to receive a bond's coupon and principal payments. The longer the duration of a portfolio, the greater its price sensitivity to changes in interest rates.

To manage interest rate risk, the modified adjusted duration of the Domestic Fixed Income Core, Core Plus, and High-Yield portfolios is restricted to +/- 25.0 percent of the duration of the portfolios' respective benchmarks. Deviations from any of the stated guidelines require prior written authorization from LACERA.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

# Interest Rate Risk-Continued

**Fixed Income Securities - Duration** As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)

			Portfolio Weighted Average Effective (1)
Investment Type	F	air Value	Duration
U.S. Government and Agency Instruments and Municipals			
U.S. Treasury	\$	1,858,585	6.36
U.S. Government Agency		2,214,846	2.53
Municipal/Revenue Bonds		84,173	9.54
Subtotal U.S. Government and Agency Instruments and Municipals		4,157,604	
Corporate Bonds and Credit Securities:			
Asset-Backed Securities		475,437	1.05
Commercial Mortgage-Backed Securities		317,718	0.92
Corporate and Other Credit		3,788,855	4.44
Fixed Income Swaps		3,468	N/A
Pooled Investments		1,922,832	N/A
Subtotal Corporate Bonds and Credit Securities		6,508,310	
Non-U.S. Fixed Income		193,816	5.77
Private Placement Fixed Income		1,858,380	4.10
Subtotal Non-U.S. and Private Placement Securities		2,052,196	
Total Fixed Income Securities	\$	12,718,110	

<sup>(1)</sup> Effective Duration is a measure of a bond's sensitivity to interest rates. It is calculated as the percentage change in a bonds price caused by a change in the bond's yield. For example, a modified duration of 5 indicates that a 1 percent increase in a bond's yield will cause the bond price to decline 5 percent.

# Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or deposit. LACERA's authorized managers are permitted to invest in approved countries or regions, as stated in their respective investment guidelines. To mitigate foreign currency risk, LACERA has in place a passive currency hedging program, which hedges into U.S. dollars approximately 50 percent of LACERA's foreign currency exposure for developed market equities.

The following schedule represents LACERA's exposure to foreign currency risk in U.S. dollars. LACERA is invested in several non-U.S. commingled funds. This means LACERA owns units of commingled funds, and the fund holds the actual securities and/or currencies. The values shown include LACERA's pro rata portion of non-U.S. commingled fund holdings.

# 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# **LACERA Investment Portfolio**-Continued

Non-U.S. Securities at Fair Value

As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)

Curronov	Equity	Fixed Income	Foreign Currency	Real Estate Commingled Funds	Private Equity Investments	Forward Contracts	Total
Currency	⊏quity	income	Currency	runus	investments	Contracts	TOTAL
AMERICAS							
Argentine Peso	\$ 6,753	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 6,753
Bermudan Dollar	2,956		_				2,956
Brazilian Real	177,857	15,812	8			(105)	193,572
Canadian Dollar	834,224	4,769	165			7,308	846,466
Chilean Peso	17,994						17,994
Colombian Peso	6,254						6,254
Mexican Peso	112,394	40,586	953			7	153,940
Peruvian New Sol	11,670						11,670
EUROPE							
British Pound Sterling	1,719,028	25,472	761	3,529	54,022	(33,065)	1,769,747
Czech Republic Koruna	1,483						1,483
Danish Krone	151,861					(1,455)	150,406
Euro	2,558,657	92,520	26,760	161,247	295,705	(14,300)	3,120,589
Hungarian Forint	4,492						4,492
Norwegian Krone	70,914		203			264	71,381
Polish Zloty	20,698						20,698
Russian Ruble	88,714						88,714
Swedish Krona	263,162					(3,339)	259,823
Swiss Franc	742,937					(6,986)	735,951
PACIFIC							
Australian Dollar	606,176		3,020			3,132	612,328
Chinese RNB	28,184						28,184
Japanese Yen	1,863,021		6,805			18,375	1,888,201
New Zealand Dollar	14,924	1,730	225			1,282	18,161
South Korean Won MIDDLE EAST	280,312		277				280,589
Egyptian Pound	3,199						3,199
Israeli New Shekel	40,865		10			(1,367)	39,508
Lebanese Pound	770						770
Omani Rial	2,065						2,065
Qatari Rial	8,407						8,407
Saudi Riyal	11,121						11,121
Turkish Lira	52,172						52,172
UAE Dirham	8,925						8,925
AFRICA							
CFA Franc (W. African)	1,812						1,812
Ghana New Cedi	2,046						2,046
Kenyan Shilling	3,728						3,728
Moroccan Dirham	581						581
Nigerian Naira	11,748						11,748
South African Rand	182,208		341				182,549
Tanzanian Shilling	507						507
Tunisian Dinar	1,362						1,362
SOUTHEAST ASIA							
Hong Kong Dollar	926,476		6,399			13	932,888
Indonesian Rupiah	39,328		15				39,343
Malaysian Ringgit	51,076		16				51,092
New Taiwan Dollar	247,904		291				248,195
Philippine Peso	14,598	7,535					22,133
Singapore Dollar	192,626	,	2,736			(539)	194,823
Thai Baht	58,839		, -			, ,	58,839
Vietnamese Dong	3,810						3,810
SOUTH ASIA	-,0						-,0
Indian Rupee	231,325						231,325
Sri Lankan Rupee	311						311
	<u> </u>						
Total Securities Subject to							

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### Securities Lending Program

The BOI's policies authorize LACERA to participate in a securities lending program. Securities lending is an investment management activity that mirrors the fundamentals of a loan transaction. Securities are lent to brokers and dealers (borrower), and in turn, LACERA receives cash as collateral. LACERA pays the borrower interest on the collateral received and invests the collateral with the goal of earning a higher yield than the interest rate paid to the borrower.

LACERA's securities lending program is managed by two parties: LACERA's custodian bank, State Street Bank and Trust, and a third-party lending agent, Goldman Sachs Agency Lending (GSAL). State Street Bank and Trust lends LACERA's non-U.S. equities, U.S. Treasury, agency, and mortgage-backed securities. GSAL lends LACERA's U.S. equities and corporate bonds. All non-U.S. loans are collateralized at 105 percent, while the U.S. loans are collateralized at 102 percent of the loan market value.

State Street Global Advisors invests the collateral received from both lending programs. The collateral is invested in short-term, highly liquid instruments. The collateral is marked-to-market daily and if the market value of the securities on loan rises, LACERA receives additional collateral. Earnings generated above and beyond the interest paid to the borrowers represent net income. LACERA shares this net income with the two lending agents based on contractual agreements.

Under the terms of their lending agreements, both lending agents provide borrower default indemnification in the event a borrower does not return securities on loan. The terms of the lending agreements entitle LACERA to terminate all loans upon the occurrence of default and purchase a like amount of "replacement securities" when loaned securities are not returned. In the event the purchase price of replacement securities exceeds the amount of collateral, the lending agent shall be liable to LACERA for the amount of such excess, with interest. Either LACERA or the borrower of the security can terminate a loan on demand.

At year-end, LACERA had no credit risk exposure to borrowers, because the amount of collateral received exceeded the value of securities on loan. As of June 30, 2015, there were no known violations of legal or contractual provisions. LACERA had no losses on securities lending transactions resulting from the default of a borrower for the year ended June 30, 2015.

As of June 30, 2015, the fair value of securities on loan was \$1.748 billion, with a value of cash collateral received of \$1.033 billion and non-cash collateral of \$815.43 million. Securities lending assets and liabilities of \$1.033 billion are recorded in the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds. LACERA's income, net of expenses from securities lending, was \$6.55 million for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

Securities Lending Program-Continued

### **Securities Lending**

As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)

Securities on Loan		Fair Value of Securities on Loan		Cash ateral Received	Non-Cash Collateral Received		
Securities on Loan	Sect	intles on Loan	Colla	aterai Received	Colla	aterai Received	
U.S. Equities	\$	443,668	\$	455,078			
U.S. Fixed Income		168,288		171,887			
Non U.S. Equities		1,135,566		406,506		815,428	
Total	\$	1,747,522	\$	1,033,471	\$	815,428	

#### **Derivative Financial Instruments**

LACERA's Investment Policy Statement and Manager Guidelines allow the use of derivatives by certain investment managers. Derivatives are financial instruments that derive their value, usefulness, and marketability from an underlying instrument that represents direct ownership of an asset or an obligation of an issuer whose payments are based on or derived from the performance of some agreed-upon benchmark. Managers are required to mark-to-market derivative positions daily and may trade only with counterparties with a credit rating of A3/A-, as defined by Moody's and S&P, respectively. Trades with counterparties with a minimum credit rating of BBB/Baa2 may also be allowed with the posting of initial collateral. Substitution, risk control, and arbitrage are the only derivative strategies permitted. Speculation is prohibited. Gains and losses from derivatives are included in net investment income. For financial reporting purposes, all LACERA derivatives are classified as investment derivatives. The following types of derivatives are permitted: futures contracts, currency forward contracts, option contracts, and swap agreements. Given that hedge fund managers may already have discretion to use derivatives in the funds they manage, LACERA's Derivatives Policy applies to hedge fund investments.

#### **Futures Contracts**

A futures contract represents an agreement to buy (long position) or sell (short position) an underlying asset at a specified future date for a specified price. Payment for the transaction is delayed until a future date, which is referred to as the settlement or expiration date. Futures contracts are standardized contracts traded on organized exchanges.

#### **Currency Forward Contracts**

A forward contract represents an agreement to buy or sell an underlying asset at a specified date in the future at a specified price. Payment for the transaction is delayed until the settlement or expiration date. A forward contract is a non-standardized contract that is tailored to each specific transaction. Forward contracts are privately negotiated and are intended to be held until the settlement date. Currency forward contracts are used to manage currency exposure, to implement the passive currency hedge, and to facilitate the settlement of international security purchase and sale transactions.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### <u>Currency Forward Contracts</u>-Continued

#### **Currency Forwards Analysis**

As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)

			Pending Foreign	Pending Foreign	
			Exchange	Exchange	Fair Value
Currency Name	No	tional Cost	<b>Purchases</b>	Sales	2015
Australian Dollar	\$	495,087	\$ 498,219	\$ (495,087)	\$ 3,132
Brazilian Real		18,987	18,882	(18,987)	(105)
British Pound Sterling		1,458,400	1,425,335	(1,458,400)	(33,065)
Canadian Dollar		598,506	605,813	(598,506)	7,307
Swiss Franc		649,001	642,015	(649,001)	(6,986)
Danish Krone		126,495	125,039	(126,495)	(1,456)
Euro		2,957,527	2,943,227	(2,957,527)	(14,300)
Hong Kong Dollar		172,549	172,563	(172,549)	14
Israeli New Shekel		55,606	54,239	(55,606)	(1,367)
Japanese Yen		1,978,955	1,997,331	(1,978,955)	18,376
Mexican Peso		14,991	14,998	(14,991)	7
Norwegian Krone		55,934	56,198	(55,934)	264
New Zealand Dollar		24,901	26,183	(24,901)	1,282
Swedish Krona		332,147	328,808	(332,147)	(3,339)
Singapore Dollar		125,124	124,585	(125,124)	(539)
Total	\$	9,064,210	\$ 9,033,435	\$ (9,064,210)	\$ (30,775)

#### **Option Contracts**

An option contract is a type of derivative in which a buyer (purchaser) has the right, but not the obligation, to buy or sell a specified amount of an underlying security at a fixed price by exercising the option before its expiration date. The seller (writer) has an obligation to buy or sell the underlying security if the buyer decides to exercise the option.

#### Swap Agreements

A swap is an agreement between two or more parties to exchange a sequence of cash flows over a period of time in the future. The cash flows the counterparties exchange are tied to a notional amount. A swap agreement specifies the time period over which the periodic payments will be exchanged. The fair value represents the gains or losses as of the prior marking-to-market.

The Investment Derivatives schedule below reports the fair value balances, changes in fair value, and notional amounts of derivatives outstanding as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, classified by type.

# 5. CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# **LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued**

Swap Agreements-Continued

#### **Investment Derivatives**

As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Net Appreciation/ (Depreciation) in Fair Value For the Year Ended	Fair Value at	Notional Amount	Notional Amount
Derivative Type	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2015	(Dollars)	(Units)
Commodity Futures Long	\$ (326,378)	\$	\$	345,062
Commodity Futures Short	122,199			(74,906)
Credit Default Swaps Bought	1,165	(1,352)	39,889	
Credit Default Swaps Written	(1,113)	1,259	77,727	
Equity Options Bought	(40)	1		
Equity Swaps	(7)	1		
Fixed Income Futures Long	10,909			297,495
Fixed Income Futures Short	(900)	1		(789,902)
Fixed Income Options Bought	(2,030)	1,386	609,577	
Fixed Income Options Written	2,675	(1,749)	(934,051)	
Foreign Currency Options Bought	118	78	13,663	
Foreign Currency Options Written	64	(6)	(7,184)	
Futures Options Bought	(1,866)	935	8,184	
Futures Options Written	2,376	(1,308)	(14,086)	
FX Forwards	735,286	(30,775)	9,064,209	
Pay Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	1,385	3,563	819,524	
Receive Fixed Interest Rate Swaps	(371)	(323)	56,509	
Rights	388	47		9
Total Return Swaps Bond	141	185	38,736	
Total Return Swaps Equity	(102,296)	7,834	(336,103)	
Warrants	(95)			6,167
Total	\$ 441,610	\$ (20,226)	\$9,436,594	(216,075)

All investment derivative positions are included as part of Other Investments in the statement of fiduciary net position. All changes in fair value are reported as part of net increase/(decrease) in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### Counterparty Credit Risk

LACERA is exposed to counterparty credit risk on investment derivatives that are traded over the counter and are reported in asset positions. Derivatives exposed to counterparty credit risk include currency forward contracts and swap agreements. To minimize counterparty credit risk exposure, LACERA's investment managers continuously monitor credit ratings of counterparties. Should there be a counterparty failure, LACERA would be exposed to the loss of the fair value of derivatives that are in asset positions and any collateral provided to the counterparty, net of the effect of applicable netting arrangements. LACERA requires investment managers to have Master Agreements in place that permit netting in order to minimize credit risk. Netting arrangements provide LACERA with a legal right of set off in the event of bankruptcy or default by the counterparty. LACERA would be exposed to loss of collateral provided by the counterparty. Collateral provided by the counterparty reduces LACERA's counterparty credit risk exposure.

The schedule below displays the fair value of investments with each counterparty's S&P, Fitch and Moody's credit rating by counterparty's name alphabetically.

Total

## **Counterparty Credit Risk Analysis**

As of June 30, 2015 (Dollars in Thousands)

	Total			
	Fair	<u>S&amp;P</u>	Fitch	Moody's
Counterparty Name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Rating</u>
Bank of America N.A.	\$322	Α	A+	A1
Bank of New York	113	A+	AA-	A1
Barclays	35	A-	Α	A2
Barclays Bank PLC Wholesale	2	A-	Α	A2
Barclays Capital	204	A-	Α	A2
BNP Paribas	39	A+	A+	A1
BNP Paribas SA	379	A+	A+	A1
Citibank N.A.	1,455	Α	A+	A1
Credit Suisse FOB CME	1,949	Α	Α	A1
Credit Suisse FOB LCH	1,846	Α	Α	A1
Credit Suisse International	4,700	Α	Α	A1
Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC	1,887	Α	Α	A1
Deutsche Bank AG	13,635	BBB+	Α	A3
Deutsche Bank Securities Inc	55	BBB+	Α	A3
Goldman Sachs + Co,	1,418	A-	Α	A3
Goldman Sachs CME	1,824	A-	Α	A3
Goldman Sachs International	4,998	A-	Α	A3
HSBC Bank USA	1	AA-	AA-	Aa3
JP Morgan Securities Inc.	1,579	Α	A+	A3
JP Morgan	134	Α	A+	A3
JP Morgan Chase Bank N.A.	119	A+	AA-	Aa3
Macquarie Bank Limited	62	Α	Α	A2
Morgan Stanley Bank N.A.	274	Α	A+	A1
Morgan Stanley Co. Incorporated	2	A-	Α	A3

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

#### LACERA Investments Portfolio-Continued

# Counterparty Credit Risk-Continued

Royal Bank of Scotland PLC	11,221	BBB+	BBB+	A3
Societe Generale	2,836	Α	Α	A2
Standard Chartered Bank	66	A+	AA-	Aa2
Standard Chartered Bank, London	17	A+	AA-	Aa2
State Street Bank and Trust				
Company	1,101	AA-	AA	A1
Toronto Dominion Bank	2	AA-	AA-	Aa1
UBS AG	62	Α	Α	A2
UBS AG London	14,244	Α	Α	A2
UBS CME	447	Α	Α	A2
Westpac Banking Corporation	<u>11,501</u>	AA-	AA-	Aa2
Total	\$ 78.529			

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Interest rate swaps are an example of an investment that has a fair value that is highly sensitive to interest rate changes. LIBOR refers to the London Interbank Offered Rate. These investments are disclosed in the following table (in thousands):

		Investment Maturities (in years)							
	N	otional		Fair		Less			More
Investment Type	,	Value		Value	٦	Γhan 1	1 - 5	6 – 10	Than 10
Credit Default Swaps Bought	\$	39,889	\$	(1,352)	\$		\$ (1,502)	\$ 150	\$
Credit Default Swaps Written		77,727		1,259		32	1,171		61
								(5)	
Fixed Income Futures Long*		297,495							
Fixed Income Futures Short*	(	(789,902)							
Fixed Income Options Bought		609,577		1,386		1,258	128		
Fixed Income Options Written	(	(934,051)		(1,749)		(1,589)	(153)	(7)	
Pay Fixed Interest Rate Swaps		819,524		3,563		(52)	(2,371)	61	5,925
Receive Fixed Interest Rate									
Swaps		56,509		(323)			6	(313)	(16)
Total Return Swaps Bond		38,736		185		(53)	238		
Total Return Swaps Equity	(	(336,103)		7,834		7,798	36		
Total	\$	(120,599 <u>)</u>	\$	10,803	\$	7,394	<u>\$( 2,447)</u>	<b>\$(114</b> )	<u>\$ 5,970</u>

<sup>\*</sup>The notional value represents units.

# Hedge Funds

The hedge fund category of investments is not a separate asset class but is comprised of strategies that:

1) invest in securities within LACERA's existing asset classes or across multiple asset classes; 2) have an absolute return objective; and 3) include the ability to use specialized techniques, such as leverage and short-selling, and instruments such as derivatives. LACERA employs two hedge fund of funds managers with specialized knowledge and expertise to construct three hedge fund portfolios. The hedge fund of fund managers identify, select, implement, and monitor these investment strategies in the portfolios consistent with LACERA's stated objectives, constraints, and Investment Policy.

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS-Continued

# LACERA Investment Portfolio-Continued

#### Hedge Funds-Continued

In October 2011, LACERA began investing in hedge funds with a goal of reducing the volatility of the Pension Trust Fund without materially decreasing Pension Trust Fund returns. This initial investment consisted of a portfolio of hedge funds invested in a diversified strategy.

In December 2012, LACERA began investing in a second portfolio of hedge funds focused on opportunistic credit strategies.

These two hedge fund portfolios are each structured in a limited partnership in which LACERA is the sole limited partner, and each was created to hold the interests in the underlying hedge funds. LACERA's original fund of funds manager serves as General Partner and owns a 0.01 percent stake in each partnership.

In April 2015, LACERA began funding a third portfolio of hedge funds, managed in a diversified strategy by a second fund of funds manager. The underlying hedge funds in this portfolio are held directly by LACERA.

Each underlying fund investment in the entire hedge fund program is in a legal entity designed to limit liability for each fund's investment to the capital invested with that fund.

The investment performance for this strategy is measured separately from other asset classes. The fair value of assets invested in hedge funds as of June 30, 2015 was \$692 million.

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2014	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Easements Software in progress Construction in progress-buildings and improvements Construction in progress-infrastructure	\$ 2,394,042 4,964,247 116,587 661,059 289,131	3,523 13,232 73,524 256,653 126,469	(100) (46,180) (92,501) (632,952) (123,074)	4,931,299 97,610 284,760 292,526
Subtotal Capital assets, being depreciated:	<u>8,425,066</u>	<u>473,401</u>	<u>(894,807</u> )	8,003,660
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Software Infrastructure Subtotal	4,383,647 1,539,412 569,027 7,742,110 14,234,196	635,517 109,672 136,395 90,741 972,325	(1,960) (72,060) (50,799) (124,819)	5,017,204 1,577,024 705,422 7,782,052 15,081,702

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

# **Governmental Activities**-Continued

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Software Infrastructure Subtotal	\$ (1,624,808) (1,111,949) (311,132) (3,520,072) (6,567,961)	\$ (77,903) (98,420) (88,181) (171,223) (435,727)	1,818 54,580 1 14,824 71,223	\$(1,700,893) (1,155,789) (399,312) (3,676,471) (6,932,465)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	7,666,235	536,598	(53,596)	8,149,237
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$16,091,301</u>	<u>1,009,999</u>	(948,403)	<u>\$16,152,897</u>
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Easements Construction in progress-buildings and	\$ 152,578 31,390	480 45		\$ 153,058 31,435
improvements Construction in progress-infrastructure	65,740 24,638	15,233 10,465	(50,195) (11,645)	30,778 23,458
Subtotal	274,346	26,223	(61,840)	238,729
Capital assets, being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment Software Infrastructure Subtotal	2,585,150 282,392 58,922 1,238,200 4,164,664	72,058 56,067 	(11,345) (11,345)	2,657,208 327,114 58,922 1,249,534 4,292,778
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment Software Infrastructure	(694,976) (185,637) (21,880) (534,341)	(38,766) (30,702) (4,871) (21,889)	7,419	(733,742) (208,920) (26,751) (556,230)
Subtotal	(1,436,834)	(96,228)	7,419	(1,525,643)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	2,727,830	43,231	(3,926)	2,767,135
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 3,002,176	69,454	(65,766)	3,005,864
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 19,093,477</u>	1,079,453	(1,014,169)	<u>\$19,158,761</u>

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

# **Depreciation Expense**

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 26,807
Public protection	162,356
Public ways and facilities	98,540
Health and sanitation	26,608
Public assistance	69,885
Education	2,959
Recreation and cultural services	21,097
Capital assets held by the County's internal service	
funds are charged to the various functions based on their	
usage of the assets	 27,475
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 435,727
Business-type activities:	
Hospitals	\$ 63,263
Waterworks	22,374
Aviation	1,934
Capital assets held by the County's internal service funds are charged to the various functions based on their	
usage of the assets	8,657
Total depreciation expense, business-type activities	\$ 96,228

# **Discretely Presented Component Units**

# **CDC**

Capital assets activity for the CDC component unit for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows (in thousands):

,	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 2015
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 92,713		(102)	\$ 92,611
Construction in progress-buildings and				
improvements	2,000	1,259	(944)	2,315
Subtotal	94,713	1,259	(1,046)	94,926
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	218,417	3,592	(318)	221,691
Equipment	9,332	137	(326)	9,143
Subtotal	227,749	3,729	(644)	230,834

# 6. CAPITAL ASSETS-Continued

# <u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u>-Continued

#### **CDC-Continued**

Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	\$ (139,471)	(4,298)	318	\$ (143,451)
Equipment	(5,333)	(1,158)	321	 (6,170)
Subtotal	(144,804)	(5,456)	639	 (149,621)
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	82,945	(1,727)	(5)	 81,213
CDC capital assets, net	` <u>\$ 177,658</u>	(468)	(1,051)	\$ <u> 176,139</u>

# First 5 LA

Capital assets activity for the First 5 LA component unit for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows (in thousands):

(	Balance July 1, 2014	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance June 30, 201	<u>5</u>
Capital assets, not being depreciated- Land	\$ 2,039			\$ 2,03	<u> 19</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:	40.070			40.0	
Buildings and improvements	12,076			12,07	6
Equipment	2,589	<u> 125</u>		2,71	4
Subtotal	14,665	125		14,79	<u>00</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and improvements	(2,193)	(242)		(2,43	5)
Equipment	(2,429)	(80)		(2,50	9)
Subtotal	(4,622)	(322)		(4,94	<u>4</u> )
Total capital assets being depreciated,					
net	10,043	(197)		9,84	6
First 5 LA capital assets, net	\$ 12,082	(197)		\$ 11,88	<u> 55</u>

#### 7. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA)

GASB 60 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements (SCA)" defines an SCA as a type of public-private or public-public partnership. An SCA is an arrangement, which meets specific criteria under GASB 60, between a government (the transferor) and an operator.

The County determined that golf courses met the criteria set forth in GASB 60 (where the County is the transferor) and therefore included theses SCAs in the County's financial statements as deferred inflows of resources. GASB 60 also provides guidance on accounting treatment if the County were acting as an operator of another government's facility. The County has determined that there are no incidences where the County would qualify as an operator.

#### 7. SERVICE CONCESSION ARRANGEMENTS (SCA)-Continued

#### **Golf Courses**

The County manages a public golf course system, which offers affordable greens fees, discount programs for senior citizens and students, and a junior golf program. Each golf course is leased under agreement with an operator, which provides for activities such as golf course management, clubhouse operations, and food and beverage concessions. The operators collect user fees and are responsible for the day-to-day operations of the golf courses. The operators are required to operate and maintain the golf courses, and make installment payments to the County, in accordance with their respective contracts.

As of June 30, 2015, the present value of the installment payments under contract is estimated to be \$93.23 million and reported as deferred inflows of resources in the statement of net position. The present values of the installment payments were calculated using a discount rate of 5.12% for the term of the agreement for each SCA. The lease terms for the twenty golf courses cover remaining periods ranging from two to 24 years as of June 30, 2015. The FY 2014-2015 total monthly installment payments are approximately \$723,000. The County primarily uses the proceeds to fund parks and recreation operations, 10% of which is set aside for future golf course capital improvements. The carrying value of the golf courses, including buildings and land, is reported at \$11.90 million as of June 30, 2015.

#### 8. PENSION PLAN

#### Plan Description

The County pension plan is administered by LACERA, which was established under the County Employees' Retirement Law of 1937. LACERA is a cost-sharing, multi-employer defined benefit plan. It provides benefits to employees of the County and the following additional entities that are not part of the County's reporting entity:

Los Angeles Superior Court Little Lake Cemetery District Local Agency Formation Commission Los Angeles County Office of Education South Coast Air Quality Management District

New employees of the latter two agencies are not eligible for LACERA benefits.

Benefits are authorized in accordance with the California Constitution, the County Employees' Retirement Law (CERL), the bylaws, and procedures and policies adopted by LACERA's Boards of Retirement and Investments. The Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors may also adopt resolutions, as permitted by CERL, which may affect the benefits of LACERA members.

#### 8. PENSION PLAN-Continued

# Plan Description-Continued

LACERA provides retirement, disability, death benefits and cost of living adjustments to eligible members. Vesting occurs when a member accumulates five years of creditable service under contributory plans or accumulates 10 years of creditable service under the general service noncontributory plan. Benefits are based upon 12 or 36 months' average compensation, depending on the plan, as well as age at retirement and length of service as of the retirement date, according to applicable statutory formula. Vested members who terminate employment before retirement age are considered terminated vested (deferred) members. Service-connected disability benefits may be granted regardless of length of service consideration. Five years of service are required for nonservice-connected disability eligibility according to applicable statutory formula. Members of the non-contributory plan, who are covered under separate long-term disability provisions not administered by LACERA, are not eligible for disability benefits provided by LACERA.

LACERA issues a stand-alone financial report, which is available at its offices located at Gateway Plaza, 300 N. Lake Avenue, Pasadena, California 91101-4199 or at <a href="https://www.LACERA.com">www.LACERA.com</a>.

## **Contributions**

LACERA has nine benefit tiers known as A, B, C, D, E and G, and Safety A, B and C. All tiers except E are employee contributory. Tier E is employee non-contributory. Prior to December 31, 2012, new general members were only eligible for tier D or E and new safety members were only eligible for Safety B. As of January 1, 2013, new general employees are only eligible for tier G and new safety members are only eligible for Safety C. These new tiers were added as a result of the California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) and became effective January 1, 2013. Rates for the tiers are established in accordance with State law by LACERA's Boards of Retirement and Investments and the County Board of Supervisors.

The following employer rates were in effect for FY 2014-2015:

July 1, 2014 - September 30, 2014	A	В	С	D	Е	G
General Members	25.08%	17.95%	17.54%	18.24%	19.09%	17.81%
Safety Members	34.63%	27.92%	23.18%			
October 1, 2014 – June 30, 2015	Α	В	С	D	E	G
General Members Safety Members	26.99% 35.91%	19.49% 29.26%	19.01% 25.29%	19.74%	20.95%	19.53%

The rates were determined by the actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2012 and June 30, 2013, respectively. The July 1, 2014 through September 30, 2014 rates for plan G and Safety plan C were based on a PEPRA study completed by the actuaries.

#### 8. PENSION PLAN-Continued

# Contributions-Continued

Employee rates vary by option and employee entry age from 5% to 16% of their annual covered salary.

During FY 2014-2015, the County contributed the full amount of the Actuarial Determined Contribution, as determined by the actuarial valuations, in the form of semi-monthly cash payments in the amount of \$1.438 billion.

# <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the County reported a liability of \$6.957 billion for its proportionate share of the net pension liability in accordance with the parameters of GASB 68 and 71. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, projected forward to the measurement date taking into account any significant changes between the valuation date and the measurement date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's future contribution effort to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all Pension Plan participants, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014, the County's proportionate share was 95.897%, which was an increase of 0.239% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the County recognized pension expense of \$658.86 million. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or methods, and plan benefits. At June 30, 2015, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (in thousands):

	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	\$ 2,883,916	\$
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,883,916</u>	<u>\$ 1,461,722</u>

Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability to be recognized in future periods in a systematic and rational manner in accordance with GASB 68.

#### 8. PENSION PLAN-Continued

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>-Continued

Amounts currently reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources, other than contributions related to pension, will be recognized in pension expense as follows (in thousands):

	(Inflows	eferred s)/Outflows esources
Year Ended June 30:		
2016	\$	(717,528)
2017	·	(717,528)
2018		(717,528)
2019		(717,524)
2020		3,452
Thereafter		6,907

Deferred outflows of \$1.438 billion related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

Valuation Timing	lune 20 2042 relied forward to lune 20 2044
Valuation Timing	June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 3.00%

Investment Rate of Return 7.63%, net of investment expense

Cost of Living Adjustments

Based on changes in the Consumer Price Index from the

previous January 1 to the current January 1, to the nearest 0.50% to 1.00%, limited to a maximum of 3.00%.

Mortality Various rates based on RP-2000 mortality tables and

using static projection of improvement to 2025 using Projection Scale AA. See June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation for details. It can be found at

www.LACERA.com.

Experience Study Covers the three year period ending June 30, 2013.

#### 8. PENSION PLAN-Continued

# **Actuarial Assumptions**-Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (7.50%, net of all expenses) was determined using a building block method in which a median, or expected, geometric rate of return was developed for each major asset class. The median rates were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

For the year ended June 30, 2014:

		Weighted Averag	e Long-Term Expected
		Rate of Re	<u>turn (Geometric)</u>
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Asset Class	Expected Alpha
Global Equity	48.50%	7.50%	0.10%
Fixed Income	22.50%	3.50%	0.20%
Real Estate	10.00%	6.05%	0.00%
Private Equity	11.00%	9.85%	4.00%
Commodities	3.00%	4.35%	0.75%
Hedge Funds	3.00%	5.50%	0.00%
Cash	2.00%	<u>1.75%</u>	<u>0.25%</u>
TOTAL	100.00%	<u>6.85%</u>	0.30%

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.63%. This is equal to the 7.50% long term investment return assumption adopted by LACERA (net of investment and administrative expenses), plus 0.13% assumed administrative expenses. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and member rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be sufficient to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive plan members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return, gross of administrative expenses.

# Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.63%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.63%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.63%) than the current rate:

#### 8. PENSION PLAN-Continued

Sensitivity of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate-Continued

1%	Discount	1%
Decrease	Rate	Increase
( <u>6.63%)</u>	<u>(7.63%)</u>	( <u>8.63%)</u>

Net Pension Liability \$13,726,733 \$6,957,082 \$1,302,216

# Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about pension plan fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2014 is available in the separately issued LACERA financial report, which can be found at <a href="https://www.LACERA.com">www.LACERA.com</a>.

#### 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### Plan Description

LACERA administers a cost-sharing, multi-employer Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) or Retiree Healthcare Program on behalf of the County, its affiliated Superior Court, and four outside districts. The outside districts include: Little Lake Cemetery District, Local Agency Formation Commission, Los Angeles County Office of Education and the South Coast Air Quality Management District.

In April 1982, the County of Los Angeles adopted an ordinance pursuant to Government Code Section 31691, which provided for a health insurance program and death benefits for retired employees and their dependents. In 1994, the County amended the agreements to continue to support LACERA's retiree insurance benefits program regardless of the status of active member insurance.

In June 2014, the LACERA Board approved the County's request to modify the agreements to create a new retiree healthcare benefit plan in order to lower its Retiree Healthcare Program (RHP) costs. Structurally, this means the County will be segregating all current retirees and current employees into RHP Tier 1 and placing all employees hired after June 30, 2014 into RHP Tier 2. Under the new RHP Tier 2, retirees who are eligible for Medicare will be required to enroll in that program. In addition, coverage will be available for employees or eligible survivors only.

LACERA issues a stand-alone financial report that includes the required information for the OPEB plan. The report is available at its offices located at Gateway Plaza, 300 North Lake Avenue, Pasadena, California 91101-4199 or www.LACERA.com.

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-Continued

# Funding Policy

Health care benefits earned by County employees are dependent on the number of completed years of retirement service credited to the retiree by LACERA upon retirement; it does not include reciprocal service in another retirement system. The benefits earned by County employees range from 40% of the benchmark plan cost with ten completed years of service to 100% of the benchmark plan cost with 25 or more completed years of service. In general, each completed year of service after ten years reduces the member's cost by 4%. Service includes all service on which the member's retirement allowance was based.

Health care benefits include medical, dental, vision, Medicare Part B reimbursement and death benefits. In addition to these retiree health care benefits, the County provides long-term disability benefits to employees, and these benefits have been determined to fall within the definition of OPEB, per GASB 45. These long-term disability benefits provide for income replacement if an employee is unable to work because of illness or injury. Specific coverage depends on the employee's employment classification, chosen plan and, in some instances, years of service.

The County's contribution during FY 2014-2015 is on a pay-as-you-go basis. During FY 2014-2015, the County made payments to LACERA totaling \$450.14 million for retiree health care benefits. Included in this amount was \$47.30 million for Medicare Part B reimbursements and \$7.30 million in death benefits. Additionally, \$39.50 million was paid by member participants. The County also made payments of \$39.92 million for long-term disability benefits.

# **OPEB Trust**

Pursuant to the California Government Code, the County established an irrevocable Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust for the purpose of holding and investing assets to pre-fund the Retiree Health Program, which LACERA administers. On May 15, 2012, the Los Angeles County Board of Supervisors entered into a trust and investment services agreement with the LACERA Board of Investments to act as trustee and investment manager. During FY 2014-2015, the County did not make any contributions in excess of the pay-as-you-go amounts to the OPEB Trust. As of June 30, 2015, the net position of the OPEB Trust Fund was \$488.36 million.

The OPEB Trust does not modify the County's benefit programs.

#### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-Continued

# Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's Annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The OPEB cost and OPEB obligation were determined by the OPEB health care actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, and the OPEB long-term disability actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2013. The following table shows the ARC, the amount actually contributed and the net OPEB obligation (in thousands):

	Retire	ee Health Care	<u>LTD</u>		<u>Total</u>
Annual OPEB required contribution (ARC)	\$	2,068,400	\$ 78,321	\$	2,146,721
Interest on Net OPEB obligation		360,603	10,072		370,675
Adjustment to ARC		(331,875)	 (8,268)	_	(340,143)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		2,097,128	80,125		2,177,253
Less: Contributions made		450,14 <u>0</u>	 39,920	_	490,060
Increase in Net OPEB obligation		1,646,988	40,205		1,687,193
Net OPEB obligation, July 1, 2014		9,616,065	 231,547	_	9,847,612
Net OPEB obligation, June 30, 2015	\$	11,263,053	\$ 271,752	<b>\$</b> 1	11,534,805

<u>Re</u>	<u>ands)</u>		
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage of OPEB	Net OPEB
Ended	Cost	Cost Contributed	<b>Obligation</b>
June 30, 2013	\$ 2,089,025	42.6%	\$ 7,964,673
June 30, 2014	2,098,370	21.3%	9,616,065
June 30, 2015	2,097,128	21.5%	11,263,053

LTD Trend Information (in thousands)							
Fiscal Year	Anr	nual OPEB	N	et OPEB			
Ended		Cost Contributed			<u>Obligation</u>		
June 30, 2013	\$	73,069	51.5%	\$	189,072		
June 30, 2014		79,795	46.8%		231,547		
June 30, 2015		80,125	49.8%		271,752		

#### Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date for OPEB health care benefits, the funded ratio was 1.80%. The actuarial value of assets was \$483.80 million. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) was \$27.288 billion, resulting in an unfunded AAL of \$26.804 billion. The covered payroll was \$6.672 billion and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to the covered payroll was 401.73%. Covered payroll represents the pensionable payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

As of July 1, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date for OPEB long-term disability benefits, the funded ratio was 0%. The actuarial value of assets was zero. The AAL was \$945.69 million, resulting in an unfunded AAL of \$945.69 million. The covered payroll was \$6.596 billion and the ratio of the unfunded AAL to the covered payroll was 14.34%.

#### 9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS-Continued

# Funded Status and Funding Progress-Continued

The schedules of funding progress are presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements. These RSI schedules present multi-year trend information.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continued revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets.

The actuarial valuations for OPEB health care and OPEB long-term disability benefits were prepared by two different firms; with some differences in the methods and assumptions used. In both valuations, the projected unit credit cost method was used. The valuation for OPEB health care benefits assumed an annual investment rate of return of 3.75%, a projected general wage increase of 3.50% per annum, and an annual inflation rate of 3.00%. The valuation for OPEB long-term disability benefits assumed an annual investment rate of return of 4.35%, a projected general wage increase of 3.85% per annum and an annual inflation rate of 3.00%. The increases in salary due to promotions and longevity do not affect the amount of the OPEB program benefits. The valuation for OPEB healthcare included an actuarial asset valuation, however, the valuation for OPEB long-term disability benefits did not. Finally, both the OPEB health care and the OPEB long-term disability valuation reports used the level percentage of projected payroll over a rolling (open) 30-year amortization period.

The healthcare cost trend initial and ultimate rates, based on the July 1, 2014 OPEB actuarial valuation, are as follows:

	Initial Year	<u>Ultimate</u>
LACERA Medical Under 65	7.05%	4.70%
LACERA Medical Over 65	9.60%	4.70%
Part B Premiums	2.20%	4.85%
Dental (all)	0.50%	3.35%

#### 10. LEASES

# **Operating Leases**

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases entered into by the County that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Gove	rnmental
Year Ending June 30	A	ctivities
2016	\$	79,406
2017		63,634
2018		45,665
2019		34,429
2020		22,720
2021-2025		57,021
2026-2030		54,209
2031-2035		28,321
2036-2040		13,880
2041-2045		13,879
2046-2050		9,022
Total	\$	422,186

Rent expenses related to operating leases were \$99,549,000 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

# Capital Lease Obligations

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital lease obligations together with the present value of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Governmenta	
Year Ending June 30		Activities
2016	\$	24,487
2017		22,430
2018		21,632
2019		21,547
2020		21,425
2021-2025		98,008
2026-2030		82,588
2031-2035		55,186
2036-2040		19,013
Total		366,316
Less: Amount representing		
interest		199,996
Present value of future minimum		
lease payments	\$	166,320

#### 10. LEASES-Continued

# Capital Lease Obligations-Continued

The following is a schedule of property under capital leases by major classes at June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		
Land	\$	18,695	
Buildings and improvements		141,441	
Equipment		68,240	
Accumulated depreciation		(53,636)	
Total	\$	174,740	

Future rent revenues to be received from noncancelable subleases are \$1,022,000 as of June 30, 2015.

#### Leases of County-Owned Property

The County has entered into operating leases relative to the Marina del Rey Project area, regional parks, and Asset Development Projects. Substantially all of the Marina's land and harbor facilities are leased to others under agreements classified as operating leases. Certain regional parks are leased under agreements, which provide for activities such as food and beverage concessions, and recreational vehicle camping. The Asset Development Projects are ground leases and development agreements entered into by the County for private sector development of commercial, industrial, residential, and cultural uses on vacant or underutilized County owned property. The Asset Development leases cover remaining periods ranging generally from 7 to 82 years and are accounted for in the General Fund. The lease terms for the regional parks cover remaining periods ranging from 1 to 20 years and are also accounted for in the General Fund. The Marina del Rey leases cover remaining periods ranging from 1 to 53 years and are accounted for in the General Fund.

The land carrying value of the Asset Development Project ground leases and the Marina del Rey Project area leases is \$579,026,000. The carrying value of the capital assets associated with the regional park operating leases is not determinable.

The following is a schedule of future minimum rental receipts on noncancelable leases as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

Year Ending June 30	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-type <u>Activities</u>	
2016	\$ 39,642	\$ 173	
2017	39,553	178	
2018	39,455	182	
2019	39,308	187	
2020	39,942	192	
Thereafter	1,449,256	2,453	
Total	<u>\$ 1,647,156</u>	<u>\$ 3,365</u>	

#### 10. LEASES-Continued

# Leases of County-Owned Property-Continued

The following is a schedule of rental income for these operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	ernmental <u>ctivities</u>	Business-type Activities		
Minimum rentals	\$ 38,892	\$	161	
Contingent rentals Total	\$ 18,342 57,234	\$	161	

The minimum rental income is a fixed amount based on the lease agreements. The contingent rental income is a percentage of revenue above a certain base for the Asset Development leases or a calculated percentage of the gross revenue less the minimum rent payment for the other leases.

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations of the County consist of bonds, notes and loans, pension (see Note 8), OPEB (see Note 9), capital lease obligations (see Note 10) and other liabilities, which are payable from the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds.

A summary of bonds, notes and loans recorded within governmental activities follows (in thousands):

	Or	riginal Par	Ba	lance
	<u>Amc</u>	ount of Debt	June (	30, 201 <u>5</u>
Los Angeles County Flood Control				
District Refunding Bonds, 2.5% to 5.0%	\$	143,195	\$	2,985
Los Angeles County Flood Control				
District Revenue Bonds, 4.0% to 4.12%		20,540		12,120
Regional Park and Open Space District				
Bonds (issued by Public Works				
Financing Authority), 3.0% to 5.25%		275,535		88,826
NPC Bond Anticipation Notes, 0.535 to 0.596%		27,959		27,959
NPC Bonds, 1.5% to 5.0%		70,572		24,589
Marina del Rey Loans, 4.5% to 4.7%		23,500		15,790
Public Buildings Bonds and Notes,				
2.0% to 7.618%		1,305,873		917,049
Lease Revenue Obligation Notes, 0.06% to 0.12%		308,596		308,596
Los Angeles County Securitization				
Corporation Tobacco Settlement				
Asset-Backed Bonds, 5.25% to 6.65%		319,827		404,351
Total	\$	2,495,597	<u>\$ 1</u>	<u>,802,265</u>

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

A summary of bonds and notes recorded within business-type activities follows (in thousands):

	riginal Par ount of Debt	Balance <u>June 30, 2015</u>
NPC Bond Anticipation Notes, 0.535% to 0.596%	\$ 19,041	\$ 19,041
NPC Bonds, 1.5% to 5.0%	14,703	6,841
Public Buildings Bonds and Notes,		
2.0% to 7.618%	914,292	814,882
Lease Revenue Obligation Notes, 0.06% to 0.12%	33,264	33,264
Waterworks District Loans, 2.28%	8,869	8,414
Aviation Loan, 2.95%	2,000	2,000
Total	\$ 992,169	<u>\$ 884,442</u>

#### Assessment Bonds

The Regional Park and Open Space District issued voter approved assessment bonds in 1997, some of which were advance refunded in FY 2004-2005 and the remainder in FY 2007-2008, to fund the acquisition, restoration, improvement and preservation of beach, park, wildlife and open space resources within the District. As discussed in Note 4, the bonds were purchased by the Public Works Financing Authority (Authority) and similar bonds were issued as a public offering. The bonds issued by the Authority are payable from the pledged proceeds of annual assessments levied on parcels within the District's boundaries.

The bonds mature in FY 2019-2020. Annual principal and interest payments of the bonds are expected to require less than 50% of annual assessment revenues. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$91,698,000, not including unamortized bond premiums. Principal and interest for the current year and assessment revenues were \$35,733,000 and \$80,090,000, respectively.

Principal and interest requirements on assessment bonds are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending <u>June 30</u>	Governmental Activiti Principal Inter			
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Subtotal	\$ 32,270 11,715 12,320 12,955 13,620 82,880	\$ 3,422 2,313 1,692 1,039 352 \$ 8,818		
Add: Unamortized bond premiums	<u>5,946</u>			
Total assessment bonds	<u>\$ 88,826</u>			

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

#### <u>Certificates of Participation and Bonds</u>

The County has issued certificates of participation (COPs) through various financing entities that have been established by, and are component units of, the County. The debt proceeds have been used to finance the acquisition of County facilities and equipment. The County makes annual payments to the financing entities for the use of the property and the debt is secured by the underlying capital assets that have been financed. During FY 2014-2015, the County issued lease revenue bonds of \$153,215,000. The proceeds from these bonds, plus the associated premium of \$27,354,000 less issuance costs of \$870,000, were used to finance \$74,673,000 of various capital improvements, to redeem \$100,000,000 of outstanding lease revenue obligation notes, and to fund debt service reserves of \$5,026,000. The debt is only issued for Governmental Activities.

The County has pledged net revenues from the Calabasas Landfill for the payment of the Calabasas Landfill Project Revenue bonds, included here in the Public Buildings COPS, issued in 2005 and maturing in 2022. To the extent that the net available revenues are insufficient to cover the debt payments in any fiscal year, the County has pledged to make the debt payments from any source of legally available funds. The County paid \$3,199,000 and credit reserves of \$217,000 were used to pay for the current fiscal year debt payment of \$3,416,000. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$25,910,000.

Principal and interest requirements on COPs (Flood Control District Refunding bonds and Revenue bonds, NPC bonds, and Public Buildings Bonds and COPs for Governmental Activities and NPC bonds and Public Buildings Bonds and COPs for Business-type Activities) are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending		Governme	ental Activities	Business-	<b>Business-type Activities</b>	
<u>June</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2016		\$ 55,562	\$ 58,375	\$ 29,576	\$ 49,918	
2017		42,188	55,620	21,777	47,815	
2018		28,820	56,527	17,271	45,413	
2019		26,814	56,229	16,908	44,613	
2020		27,985	55,953	17,771	43,755	
2021	-2025	184,126	182,801	101,263	202,847	
2026	-2030	150,072	129,790	128,143	166,814	
2031	-2035	133,936	85,703	163,549	119,152	
2036	-2040	132,268	43,373	206,712	59,379	
2041	-2045	70,808	6,990	84,567	<u>5,161</u>	
	Subtotal	852,579	<u>\$ 731,361</u>	787,537	<u>\$ 784,867</u>	
Add:	Accretions Unamortized bond	59,025				
	premiums	45,139		<u>34,186</u>		
	certificates of articipation and					
Ρ	bonds	\$ 956,743		<u>\$ 821,723</u>		

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

# Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds

In 2006, the County entered into a Sale Agreement with the Los Angeles County Securitization Corporation (LACSC) under which the County relinquishes to the LACSC a portion of its future tobacco settlement revenues (TSRs) for the next 40 years. The County received from the sold TSRs a lump sum payment of \$319,827,000 and a residual certificate in exchange for the rights to receive and retain 25.9% of the County's TSRs through 2046. The residual certificate represented the County's ownership interest in excess TSRs to be received by the LACSC during the term of the Sale Agreement. Residuals through 2015 were \$131,514,000. The total TSRs sold, based on the projected payment schedule in the Master Settlement Agreement and adjusted for historical trends, was estimated to be \$1.438 billion. The estimated present value of the TSRs sold, net of the expected residuals and assuming a 5.7% interest rate at the time of the sale, was \$309,230,000. In the event of a decline in the tobacco settlement revenues for any reason, including the default or bankruptcy of a participating cigarette manufacturer, resulting in a decline in the tobacco settlement revenues and possible default on the Tobacco Bonds, neither the California County Tobacco Securitization Agency, the County, nor the LACSC has any liability to make up any such shortfall.

Principal and interest requirements (in thousands) for the Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed bonds are as follows:

Year Ending	Government	al Activities
<u>June 30</u>	<u>Principal</u>	Interest
2016	\$	\$ 19,918
2017		19,919
2018		19,919
2019		19,919
2020		19,919
2021-2025	35,925	88,463
2026-2030	46,370	79,132
2031-2035		69,311
2036-2040	62,196	51,136
2041-2045	53,157	30,883
2046	<u>97,824</u>	5,391
Subtotal	295,472	<u>\$ 423,910</u>
Add: Accretions	<u> 108,879</u>	
Total tobacco settlement		
asset-backed bonds	<u>\$ 404,351</u>	

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Notes, Loans, and Lease Revenue Obligation Notes

# Notes and Loans

Bond Anticipation Notes (BANS) are issued by the Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing Corporation (LACCAL) to provide interim financing for equipment purchases. BANS are purchased by the County Treasury Pool and are payable within five years. In addition, the BANS are issued with a formal agreement that, in the event they are not liquidated within the five-year period, they convert to capital lease obligations with a three-year term secured by County real property. During FY 2014-2015, LACCAL issued additional BANS in the amount of \$25,886,000, as reflected in Governmental Activities and \$14,114,000 as reflected in Business-type Activities.

Marina del Rey loans were obtained from the California Department of Boating and Waterways for the restoration and renovation of the marina seawall. The loans are secured by Marina del Rey lease revenue and by Los Angeles County Music Center parking revenues.

In June 2010, the Board approved a resolution authorizing the Waterworks Districts to obtain Safe Drinking Water State Revolving loans in the amount of \$3,410,000 and \$5,473,000 from the California Department of Public Health to fund the Sepulveda Feeder Interconnection project (Malibu) and the Marina del Rey Waterline Replacement project (Marina), respectively. The loans will be repaid over 20 years and are secured by revenues from surcharges collected for capital improvements. Annual principal and interest payments of the loans are expected to require less than 47% of the annual surcharge revenues. During FY 2014-2015, the County obtained additional loans of \$758,000. As of June 30, 2015, total loans drawn are \$3,396,000 on the Sepulveda Feeder Interconnection project and \$5,473,000 on the Marina del Rey Waterline Replacement project.

In July 2014, the Board approved the Whiteman Airport Leasehold Interest Acquisition Project, with a total Project cost of \$4,020,000. To partially finance the acquisition, the Aviation Fund obtained an Airport Development Loan from the State of California Department of Transportation, Aeronautics Program for \$2,000,000 with an annual interest rate of 2.95%. The Airport Development Loan will be repaid over 17 years with revenue generated by rental income.

#### Lease Revenue Obligation Notes

Lease revenue obligation notes (LRON) provide the County with a flexible and cost-effective source of financing to provide interim funding during the initial construction phase of a capital project, which may be refinanced with the issuance of long-term bonds upon completion. Repayment of LRON are secured by three irrevocable direct-pay letters of credit (LOC) from separate banks supporting the issuance of LRON and a revolving credit facility with an additional bank supporting the issuance of direct placement revolving notes. This program is secured by twenty-four County-owned properties pledged as collateral in a lease-revenue financing structure with the LACCAL. The LOCs and the revolving credit facility were issued for a three-year period and have a termination date of April 18, 2016. The County has the option to extend the LOCs and the revolving credit for an additional one-year period or to some other term mutually agreed to with the participating banks.

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

Notes, Loans, and Lease Revenue Obligation Notes-Continued

#### Lease Revenue Obligation Notes-Continued

The aggregate maximum principal amount of the three LOCs is \$450,000,000, which consists of \$150,000,000 of callable Series A (JP Morgan), \$100,000,000 of Series B (U.S. Bank), \$200,000,000 of Series C (Wells Fargo) and \$150,000,000 direct placement revolving credit facility of Series D (Bank of America). The County is responsible for the payment of a non-refundable letter of credit fee for each LOC and a non-refundable commitment fee for the revolving credit facility on a quarterly basis in an amount equal to the rate per annum corresponding to the lowest long-term unenhanced debt ratings assigned by any of Moody's, S&P, or Fitch to any Lease Obligation Debt of the County. The letter of credit fee for Series A is equal to 0.54% of the maximum principal amount of the LOC. For Series B and C, the letter of credit fee is equal to 0.6% of the maximum principal amount of the LOC. The commitment fee is equal to 0.3% of the \$150,000,000 maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility for Series D (Bank of America). As of June 30, 2015, \$341,860,000 of LRON issued under the program were outstanding, including \$80,000,000 of Series A, \$100,000,000 of Series B, and \$161,860,000 of Series C.

LRON are issued as variable rate instruments with a maximum term not to exceed 270 days. On the maturity date of LRON, the notes are reissued at the prevailing interest rates in the note market, which reflects the term of the note and the perceived credit quality of the supporting letter of credit bank. During FY 2014-2015, the County redeemed \$100,000,000 and reissued \$266,957,000 for Governmental Activities and redeemed \$38,140,000 and reissued \$12,903,000 for Business-type Activities, representing the total amounts outstanding at the beginning of the year. These reissues, along with an additional \$62,000,000 of new County LRON, which is reported as \$41,639,000 for Governmental Activities and \$20,361,000 for Business-type Activities, are reflected as notes payable. The total outstanding LRON as of June 30, 2015 is \$341,860,000, which is reported as \$308,596,000 for Governmental Activities and \$33,264,000 for Business-type Activities. The average interest rate on LRON issued in FY 2014-2015 was 0.087%.

Principal and interest requirements on NPC BANS, Marina del Rey Loans and LRON for Governmental Activities and NPC BANS, Waterworks District Loans, Aviation Loan and LRON for Business-type Activities are as follows (in thousands):

Year Ending <u>June 30</u>	Governmen Principal	tal Activities Interest	Business-ty Principal	pe Activities Interest
2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021-2025 2026-2030 2031-2035	\$ 311,503 26,757 911 952 995 5,686 5,541	\$ 711 673 634 593 550 2,037 637	\$ 38,461 14,571 469 480 492 2,643 2,981 2,622	\$ 155 242 231 220 208 855 517 148
Total notes, loans, and LRON	<u>\$ 352,345</u>	<u>\$ 5,835</u>	<u>\$ 62,719</u>	<u>\$ 2,576</u>

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

# Summary-All Future Principal, Interest and Accretions

The following summarizes total future principal and interest requirements for the various debt issues referenced above (in thousands):

Debt Type	Government Principal	tal Activities Interest	Business-ty Principal	rpe Activities Interest
Assessment bonds Certificates of participation and	\$ 82,880	\$ 8,818	\$	\$
bonds	852,579	731,361	787,537	784,867
Tobacco settlement asset-backed bonds Notes, loans, and LRON Subtotal	295,472 <u>352,345</u> 1,583,276	423,910 <u>5,835</u> <u>\$1,169,924</u>	62,719 850,256	2,576 \$ 787,443
Add: Accretions	167,904			
Unamortized premiums on bonds payable	<u>51,085</u>		<u>34,186</u>	
Total bonds and notes	<u>\$1,802,265</u>		<u>\$ 884,442</u>	

Long-term liabilities recorded in the government-wide statement of net position include accreted interest on zero coupon bonds and unamortized bond premiums.

#### Bonds Defeased in Prior Years

In prior years, various debt obligations, consisting of bonds and certificates of participation, were defeased by placing the proceeds of refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old obligations. At June 30, 2015, there were no outstanding bonds and certificates of participation considered defeased.

#### Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of long-term liabilities and corresponding activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	Balance	Additions/	Transfers/	Balance	Due Within
	July 1, 2014	Accretions	Maturities	June 30, 2015	One Year
Governmental activities: Bonds and notes payable Add: Unamortized premium on	\$ 1,565,577	487,697	469,998	\$ 1,583,276	\$ 399,335
bonds payable Total bonds and notes payable	27,908	27,354	4,177	51,085	3,679
	1,593,485	515,051	474,175	1,634,361	403,014
Interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds payable	170,583	2,803	5,482	167,904	11,205

# 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

# Changes in Long-term Liabilities-Continued

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions/ Accretions	Transfers/ Maturities	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
Other long-term liabilities:					
Capital lease obligations					
(Note 10)	\$ 174,121	866	8,667	\$ 166,320	\$ 8,529
Accrued compensated absences	1,238,514	134,651	80,901	1,292,264	68,458
Workers' compensation (Note 18	3) 1,862,683	399,635	361,133	1,901,185	379,847
Litigation and self-insurance					
(Note 18)	170,159	63,072	63,989	169,242	134,669
Pollution remediation obligation					
(Note 19)	18,194	1,997	133	20,058	3,537
Net pension liability,					
as restated (Note 2, 8)	8,919,900		2,955,663	5,964,237	
OPEB obligation (Note 9)	8,220,387	1,384,022		9,604,409	
Third party payor	<u>26,745</u>	80,670	67,184	40,231	40,231
Total governmental activities	<u>\$22,394,771</u>	2,582,767	4,017,327	<u>\$ 20,960,211</u>	<u>\$1,049,490</u>
Business-type activities:					
Bonds and notes payable	\$ 876,778	50,136	76,658	\$ 850,256	\$ 68,037
Add: Unamortized premium on					
bonds payable	35,084		898	34,186	1,282
Total bonds and notes payable	911,862	50,136	77,556	<u>884,442</u>	69,319
Other long-term liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	182,476	22,390	13,519	191,347	11,990
Workers' compensation (Note 18	3) 255,814	52,370	41,470	266,714	45,915
Litigation and self-insurance					
(Note 18)	104,983	10,242	17,614	97,611	28,139
Net pension liability,					
as restated (Note 2, 8)	1,505,903		513,058	992,845	
OPEB obligation (Note 9)	1,627,225	303,171		1,930,396	
Third party payor (Note 14)	419,357	<u>175,878</u>	<u>128,735</u>	466,500	<u> 14,807</u>
Total business-type activities	\$ 5,007,620	614,187	791,952	<u>\$ 4,829,855</u>	<u>\$ 170,170</u>

#### 11. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS-Continued

# Changes in Long-term Liabilities-Continued

For governmental activities, the General Fund, the Fire Protection District Special Revenue Fund and the Public Library Special Revenue Fund have typically been used to liquidate workers' compensation, accrued compensated absences, pension and OPEB, and litigation and self-insurance.

Bond interest accretions for deep discount bonds have been included in the amounts reported for Bonds and Notes. Accretions decreased during FY 2014-2015, thereby decreasing liabilities for Bonds and Notes by \$2,679,000 for governmental activities. Note 18 contains information about changes in the combined current and long-term liabilities for workers' compensation and litigation and self-insurance.

# **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Long-term debt obligations and corresponding activity for the CDC discretely presented component unit for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows (in thousands):

	<u>July 1, 2014</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Maturities</u>	Balance June 30, 2015	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences Capital lease obligations Claims payable Net pension liability,	\$ 25,389 697 1,919 4,369	1,048 531	3,488 926 648 531	\$ 21,901 819 1,271 4,369	\$ 2,507 737 656 233
as restated (Note 2) OPEB obligation Total governmental activities	13,731 <u>\$ 46,105</u>	3 1,582	8,901 	4,830 3 \$ 33,193	<u>\$ 4,133</u>
Business-type activities: Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences Net pension liability,	\$ 38,651 424	3 744	590 602	\$ 38,064 566	\$ 610 509
as restated (Note 2) Total business-type activities	9,695 \$ 48,770	747	6,285 7,477	3,410 \$ 42,040	<u> </u>
Total long-term obligations	<u>\$ 94,875</u>	2,329	21,971	\$ 75,233	<u>\$ 5,252</u>

#### 12. SHORT-TERM DEBT

On July 1, 2014, the County issued \$900,000,000 of short-term Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes at an effective interest rate of 0.12%. The proceeds of the notes were used to assist with County General Fund cash flow needs prior to the first major apportionment of property taxes, which occurred in December 2014. The notes matured and were redeemed on June 30, 2015.

#### 13. CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

#### Community Facilities and Improvement District Bonds

As of June 30, 2015, various community facilities and improvement districts established by the County had outstanding special tax bonds payable totaling \$42,729,000 and limited obligation improvement bonds totaling \$5,311,000. The bonds were issued to finance the cost of various construction activities and infrastructure improvements, which have a regional or direct benefit to the related property owners.

The bonds do not constitute an indebtedness of the County and are payable solely from special taxes and benefit assessments collected from property owners within the districts. In the opinion of County officials, these bonds are not payable from any revenues or assets of the County and neither the full faith and credit of the County, the State or any political subdivision thereof is obligated to the payment of the principal or interest on the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements.

The County functions as an agent for the districts and bondholders. Debt service transactions related to the various bond issues are reported in the agency funds. Construction activities are reported in the Improvement Districts' Capital Projects Fund.

#### <u>Industrial Development and Other Conduit Bonds</u>

Industrial development bonds, and other conduit bonds, have been issued to provide financial assistance to private sector entities and nonprofit corporations for the acquisition of industrial and health care facilities, which provide a public benefit. The bonds are secured by the facilities acquired and/or bank letter of credit and are payable solely from project revenue or other pledged funds. The County is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements.

As of June 30, 2015, the amount of industrial development and other conduit bonds outstanding was \$164,560,000.

#### Redevelopment Refunding Bonds

The County of Los Angeles Redevelopment Refunding Authority, a joint powers authority between the County and the Public Works Financing Authority, was established to issue bonds that would enable successor agencies to former redevelopment agencies within the County to refund their outstanding tax allocation bonds in order to achieve debt service savings and to provide significant economies of scale through reduced costs of issuance and lower interest rates. The bonds are secured by a lien on future tax revenues of successor agencies. The County is not obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements.

As of June 30, 2015, the amount of redevelopment refunding bonds outstanding was \$349,317,000.

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES

Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods, as final settlements are determined.

#### Medi-Cal Demonstration Project

In November 2010, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) approved, pursuant to Section 1115(a) of the Social Security Act, a Medi-Cal Demonstration Project, which affects many aspects of Medi-Cal revenue for the County hospitals and clinics including the financing methods by which the State draws down federal matching funds. The Medi-Cal Demonstration Project covers the period November 1, 2010 to October 31, 2015, with a temporary extension to December 31, 2015.

Revenues for the public hospitals are comprised of: 1) Fee-For-Service (FFS) cost-based reimbursement for inpatient hospital services for Medi-Cal patients who are not enrolled in managed care; 2) Medi-Cal Disproportionate Share Hospital (DSH) payments; and 3) distribution from a pool of federal funding for uninsured care, known as the Safety Net Care Pool (SNCP), which was capped Statewide at \$236.0 million in FY 2014-2015. The non-federal share of these payments is provided by the public hospitals rather than the State, through certified public expenditures (CPE). For the inpatient hospital FFS cost-based payments, each hospital provides its own CPE.

The federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP), which establishes the matching amount (known as federal financial participation or FFP) for the FFS cost-based reimbursement for the traditional Medi-Cal population was 50% and 100% for the expansion population for FY 2014-2015. The FMAP for DSH remains at 50%.

For the DSH and SNCP distributions, the CPEs of all the public hospitals in the State are used in the aggregate to draw down the federal match. It is therefore possible for one hospital to receive the federal match that results from another hospital's CPE. In this situation, the first hospital is referred to as a "recipient" hospital, while the second is referred to as a "donor" hospital. A recipient hospital is required to "retain" the FFP amounts resulting from donated CPEs.

All CPEs reported by each hospital will be subject to State and federal audit and final reconciliation. If, at the end of the final reconciliation process, it is determined that a hospital's claimed CPEs resulted in an overpayment of federal funds to the State, the hospital may be required to return the overpayment whether or not the County's hospital received the federal matching funds.

The County also provides funding for the State's share of the DSH program by transferring funds to the State. These transferred funds, referred to as intergovernmental transfers or "IGTs" are used by the State to draw down federal matching funds. The combined IGTs sent to the State by each Hospital Enterprise Fund, plus the matching federal funds, are utilized by the State to provide supplemental funding for the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project.

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

#### Medi-Cal Demonstration Project-Continued

The Medi-Cal Demonstration Project restricts the amount of IGTs that may be used for DSH payments. A hospital's IGT may be used to draw federal DSH funding, but only with respect to DSH payments made to that hospital, and the gross amount of such IGT funded payments (non-federal plus federal match) may not exceed 75% of the hospital's uncompensated care costs. The gross IGT funded DSH payment must be "retained" by the recipient hospital fund.

The County recognizes the funding received under the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project by each hospital as net patient services revenue, unless mentioned otherwise, as reflected in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position. The IGT payments are reflected as nonoperating expenses by each hospital in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position.

The IGTs made during FY 2014-2015 are for services provided in FYs 2013-2014 and 2014-2015. The amounts reported below also include IGTs returned by the State for overpayment. The estimated Medi-Cal Demonstration Project net revenues for inpatient services, DSH and SNCP include amounts collected and accrued for FY 2014-2015 as adjusted for over/under-realization of revenues for FY 2005-2006 through FY 2013-2014. The amounts below are in thousands:

	<u>es</u>			
	Medi-Cal FFS	<u>DSH</u>	SNCP	Intergovernmental Transfers Expense
Harbor-UCLA Olive View-UCLA LAC+USC Rancho Total	\$ 65,168 49,123 181,611 33,468 \$ 329,370	\$ 61,348 22,219 88,809 28,980 \$ 201,356	\$ 34,017 13,541 45,827 17,196 \$ 110,581	\$ 18,301 27,725 51,596 <u>4,370</u> <u>\$ 101,992</u>

Besides these revenues, the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project provides support for public hospital systems in the following areas:

#### **Delivery System Reform Incentive Pool**

The Medi-Cal Demonstration Project establishes the Delivery System Reform Incentive Pool (DSRIP), which ties federal funding to the achievement of milestones in care delivery improvements. To obtain funding under the DSRIP, public hospital systems submitted a five-year plan showing how they will accomplish desired results, and will be required to achieve significant milestones that were approved by the State and CMS. The amounts below, in thousands, were recorded as "other operating revenues" in FY 2014-2015:

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

#### Medi-Cal Demonstration Project-Continued

# **Delivery System Reform Incentive Pool**-Continued

	DSRIP Gross Revenues	Intergovernmental Transfers Expense
Harbor-UCLA Olive View-UCLA LAC+USC Rancho	\$ 123,108 34,917 170,945 119,372	\$ 91,920 34,984 108,325 7,603
Total	\$ 448,342	\$ 242,832

In addition, the General Fund received \$35.41 million for DSRIP. These amounts were recorded as Intergovernmental Revenue Federal on the governmental fund statements.

#### Managed Care for Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPDs)

Under the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project the State of California requires Medi-Cal beneficiaries who are Seniors and Persons with Disabilities (SPDs) to enroll in managed care plans, rather than using a fee for service system, in an effort to provide more coordinated care and contain costs. In FY 2014-2015, an estimated \$260.26 million of SPD gross revenues were recorded as part of net patient service revenue.

The Medi-Cal Demonstration Project requires the County make IGTs to the State to fund the non-federal share of Medi-Cal inpatient payments for the SPD managed care population and expenses associated with such IGTs were \$97.81 million in FY 2014-2015.

# Coverage Expansion - Low Income Health Program or Healthy Way LA

Under the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project, counties had the option to expand coverage by operating a Low Income Health Program (LIHP). Under this plan, the County is able to cover individuals up to 133% of the federal poverty level (FPL), known as the Medicaid Coverage Expansion (MCE) population for a particular group of services, and receive federal matching funds for the amount expended. The LIHP or the Healthy Way LA (HWLA) - Matched program in Los Angeles, was in effect through the end of 2013 and effective January 1, 2014, coverage under the federal health care reform or the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (ACA) of 2010 went into effect.

Estimated revenues recorded for the HWLA program in FY 2014-2015 for services provided during FYs 2011-2012 through 2013-2014 are \$7.82 million for patient care services and \$8.66 million for administrative services.

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

#### Affordable Care Act

The ACA is the new health care reform law in America. The MCE program provides Medi-Cal coverage for adult citizens or legal residents (ages 19-64) who are uninsured and have incomes at or below 138% of the FPL. Beginning January 1, 2014, the Hospital Presumptive Eligibility program also provided individuals with temporary Medi-Cal benefits while a formal, permanent Medi-Cal application is being processed.

#### Medicaid Coverage Expansion

The FMAP for the Medicaid Coverage Expansion Program is 100%. In FY 2014-2015, an estimated \$661.35 million in MCE revenues and \$129.44 million in Medi-Cal Managed Care Rate Supplement revenues related to MCE were recorded as part of net patient service revenue.

# Medi-Cal Physician State Plan Amendment (Physician SPA)

Prior to July 1, 2005, Medi-Cal inpatient physician professional services (as well as non-physician practitioner services) provided by the County were reimbursed as part of an all-inclusive fixed contract rate per-diem. Effective July 1, 2005, public hospitals were no longer paid a fixed rate but were reimbursed under a Medi-Cal Demonstration Project. The Medi-Cal Demonstration Project payment for inpatient and other facility services excluded professional services. California State Plan Amendment 05-23 allows professional services provided by public entities to be paid similarly to the inpatient hospital services under the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project. Hospitals are allowed to claim federal reimbursement for unreimbursed costs of Medi-Cal professional services (Hospital Inpatient, Emergency Room, and Psychiatric services), which is matched at the applicable FMAP rate for the year.

Rather than limiting Medi-Cal reimbursement for physician professional services to a fixed schedule, effective July 1, 2005, California State Plan Amendment 05-23 allows professional services provided by public entities to be paid similarly to the inpatient hospital services under the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project. Hospitals are allowed to claim federal reimbursement for unreimbursed costs of Medi-Cal professional services (Hospital Inpatient, Emergency Room, and Psychiatric services), which is matched at the applicable FMAP rate for the year.

Net revenues of \$44.22 million were recognized during FY 2014-2015 and included adjustments for the over/under-realization of revenues associated with FY 2005-2006 and FYs 2012-2013 through 2014-2015.

#### Other Medi-Cal Programs

#### Cost Based Reimbursement Clinics (CBRC)

CBRC reimburses 100% of allowable costs for outpatient services provided to Medi-Cal beneficiaries at the County's hospital-based clinics, Multi-Service Ambulatory Care Centers (MACC) and health centers (excluding clinics that provide predominately public health services). The Department-wide CBRC revenues in FY 2014-2015 were \$191.06 million. As of June 30, 2015, the County estimated that approximately \$153.38 million of CBRC accounts receivable would not be collectible within 12 months and this amount is classified as a noncurrent asset in the proprietary fund statements of net position for each hospital.

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

# Other Medi-Cal Programs-Continued

#### Medi-Cal Cost Report Settlements

All of the FY 2010-2011 CBRC audit reports were issued and total audit settlements of \$39.0 million were paid to the County. The Department of Health Services (DHS) appealed to the Office of Administrative Appeals regarding certain audit adjustments. The informal level appeal hearing between DHS and the Medi-Cal auditors before a hearing auditor was held during October 2015. Prior to and during that process, a number of the disputes for FY 2010-2011 were resolved. The hearing results, known as a Report of Findings, will be issued sometime next year. DHS has formal level appeals pending for FYs 2004-2005, 2005-2006, 2007-2008 and 2009-2010. The formal level appeals for FY 2008-2009 were largely resolved and the settlement should be completed before the end of 2015. The financial impact of the formal level appeals is not yet known at this time.

The State auditors are in the process of auditing the FY 2011-2012 CBRC cost reports and audit reports are anticipated during December 2015 and January 2016. The audit of FY 2013-2014 has also started.

#### Medi-Cal Managed Care Rate Supplement

The State received approval from CMS to continue the various Medi-Cal Managed Care rate supplements paid to L.A. Care for the period October 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014. The supplement is funded by an IGT made by the County. The County does not receive managed care payments directly from the State; rather, the State contracts with L.A. Care and Health Net, which then subcontract for services with various provider networks.

In addition, in order to receive the supplemental payment, the County is required by Welfare and Institutions Code Section 14301.4, to pay the State Department of Health Care Services a 20% administrative fee that is assessed on the full amount of the IGT. This amount is also recorded as part of IGT.

The total estimated managed care rate supplement revenues and related estimated IGTs recorded in FY 2014-2015, including prior year over/under realization, are as follows (in thousands):

		intergovernmental
	Program Revenues	Transfers Expense
L.A. Care	\$ 87,448	\$ 54,024
Health Net	7,890	<u>4,800</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 95,338</u>	<u>\$ 58,824</u>

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

#### Other Medi-Cal Programs-Continued

Revenues from the various Medi-Cal programs (i.e., FFS, DSH, CBRC, AB 915, Construction Renovation/Reimbursement Program, etc.) represent approximately 81% of the hospitals' patient care revenue for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Accounts Receivable-Net

The following is a summary, by hospital, of accounts receivable and allowances for uncollectible amounts as of June 30, 2015 (in thousands):

	H-UCLA	OV-UCLA	LAC+USC	<u>Rancho</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for	\$ 2,316,039	\$1,163,320	\$ 2,759,610	\$ 583,390	\$ 6,822,359
uncollectible amounts Accounts receivable -	1,843,016	955,359	2,243,910	309,207	5,351,492
net	\$ 473,023	\$ 207,961	<u>\$ 515,700</u>	<u>\$ 274,183</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,867</u>

# **Charity Care**

Charity care includes those uncollectible amounts, for which the patient is unable to pay. Generally, charity care adjustment accounts are those accounts for which an indigence standard has been established and under which the patient qualifies. Inability to pay may be determined through the Department's Ability-to-Pay program, through other collection efforts by the Department, by the Treasurer and Tax Collector, or by an outside collection agency. Determinations of charity care may be made prior to, at the time of service, or any time thereafter. The total amount of such charity care provided by the hospitals for the year ended June 30, 2015 is as follows (in thousands):

Estimated cost of charity care	\$ 504,734
Charity care at established rates	571,742
Charges forgone	342,166

#### Realignment

As a result of the ACA, the State of California (State) adopted and passed Assembly Bill 85 (AB85), as amended by Senate Bill 98, which lays out the process by which a portion of the 1991 County Health Realignment Funds will be redirected to support Social Services programs based on a formula. The redirection is based on the assumption that the counties will decrease their cost for healthcare for the indigent population. These savings will be shared between the counties' health departments and the State. The sharing ratio is 80% State and 20% County. AB85, as amended, provides a unique formula for the County to determine the amount to be redirected. In 2014-15, the State withheld \$238.23 million, from the County's Health Realignment account to help support the Social Services programs.

#### 14. HOSPITAL AND OTHER PROGRAM REVENUES-Continued

# Realignment-Continued

This withheld redirection amount is expected to be reconciled against actual revenues and expenses for FY 2014-2015 within two years, with the potential final redirection amount being less than or equal to \$238.23 million. The redirection amount will be subject to the State's review and approval. The financial impact of the potential redirection of realignment funding in future years is not yet known.

# Martin Luther King, Jr. Community Hospital

The County and the University of California ("UC"), with the State, have created a wholly independent, non-profit 501(c)(3) entity, the Martin Luther King, Jr. - Los Angeles Healthcare Corporation, to operate a new hospital at the MLK-MACC site. The new hospital will: i) serve as a safety-net provider treating a high volume of Medi-Cal and uninsured patients and ii) be integrated with the County's existing network of specialty and primary care ambulatory clinics. The seven-member MLK Hospital Board of Directors was appointed by the County and UC in August 2010. The new MLK Community Hospital opened on May 14, 2015.

On December 27, 2013, the County, in its General Fund, established the Martin Luther King, Jr. Community Hospital Financial Assistance budget to provide funding to the MLK-LA Healthcare Corporation for hospital opening activities provided by the County. On April 25, 2014, the County executed a lease agreement with MLK-LA Health Corporation to occupy the Inpatient Tower and related ancillary and support buildings on the MLK Medical Center campus. As part of the lease agreement, the County committed to provide MLK-LA Healthcare Corporation with loans up to the aggregate amount of \$82.0 million for pre- and post-hospital opening activities. The fund balance of the General Fund includes the outstanding MLK-LA Health Corporation loan balance of \$62.0 million in non-spendable for long-term receivables, and the remaining \$20.0 million is assigned for future loans.

#### 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### Interfund Receivables/Payables

Interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated in the government-wide financial statements, except for "internal balances" that are reflected between the governmental and business-type activities. The majority of the interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the time that (1) goods and services were provided; (2) the recording of those transactions in the accounting system; and (3) payments between the funds were made. Interfund receivables and payables have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Such amounts arise due to the exchange of goods or services (or subsidy transfers) between funds that were pending the transfer of cash as of June 30, 2015.

# 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

# Interfund Receivables/Payables-Continued

Cash transfers related to interfund receivables/payables are generally made within 30 days after yearend. Amounts due to/from other funds at June 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Fire Protection District Flood Control District Public Library Regional Park and Open Space District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Waterworks Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Aviation Funds Internal Service Funds	\$ 13,189 2,629 4,757 2,032 260,293 63,542 33,106 64,088 10,514 873 9 5,955 460,987
Fire Protection District	General Fund Flood Control District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	3,226 1 642 1 3,870
Flood Control District	General Fund Regional Park and Open Space District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Waterworks Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Aviation Funds Internal Service Funds	1,978 1 4,513 469 90 12,691 19,742
Public Library	General Fund Fire Protection District Nonmajor Governmental Funds	4,598 5 40 4,643

# 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

# Interfund Receivables/Payables-Continued

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Regional Park and Open Space District	General Fund	\$9
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Fire Protection District Flood Control District Public Library Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Internal Service Funds	102,093 17 153 500 19,771 257 378 18,438 141,607
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Internal Service Funds	61,737 13 26,645 273 2,233 2,877 2 93,780
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	38,599 160 18,059 291 8,729 2,269 68,107
LAC+USC Medical Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	27,410 27 60,706 17,827 19,953 25,469 151,392

# 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

# Interfund Receivables/Payables-Continued

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	General Fund Fire Protection District Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center	\$ 14,306 37 6,895 2,157 1,362 24,757
Waterworks Enterprise Funds	General Fund Flood Control District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	38 2 74 <u>2,224</u> 2,338
Nonmajor Aviation Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	1 47 48
Internal Service Funds	General Fund Fire Protection District Flood Control District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Waterworks Enterprise Funds Nonmajor Aviation Funds	17,806 379 19,777 34,428 682 145 45 1,156 3,590 140 78,148
Total Interfund Receivables/Payables		<u>\$ 1,049,428</u>

#### 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

# **Interfund Transfers**

Transfers were made during the year from the General Fund to subsidize the operations of the Public Library and the four hospitals. Other transfers primarily consisted of payments from the various operating funds (principally the General Fund) to debt service funds in accordance with long-term debt covenants. In addition, special revenue funds that are statutorily restricted made transfers to other funds to augment funding for programs operated in the General Fund.

Interfund transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount
General Fund	Fire Protection District Public Library Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Internal Service Funds	\$ 234 47,623 97,916 207,536 73,715 62,902 32,972 36 522,934
Fire Protection District	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	9,076
Flood Control District	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Internal Service Funds	3,084 2,711 5,795
Public Library	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,945 4,429 6,374
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Fire Protection District Nonmajor Governmental Funds Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center LAC+USC Medical Center Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center Waterworks Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds	389,342 312 202,688 54,497 39,856 116,907 136 103 5,726 809,567
Harbor-UCLA Medical Center	Nonmajor Governmental Funds LAC+USC Medical Center	1,095 <u>16,654</u> 17,749
Olive View-UCLA Medical Center	Nonmajor Govermental Funds LAC+USC Medical Center	144 18,145 18,289

#### 15. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS-Continued

# Interfund Transfers-Continued

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount
Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	LAC+USC Medical Center	<u>\$ 21,520</u>
Waterworks Enterprise Funds	Internal Service Funds	63
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	9
Total Interfund Transfers		<u>\$ 1,411,376</u>

#### Interfund Advances

The General Fund, along with other funds that receive services from the Public Works Internal Service Fund, makes short-term advances to ensure sufficient cash is available to fund operations. In addition, the General Fund makes short-term and long-term advances to assist the Hospital Funds in meeting their cash flow requirements. The County estimates that a portion of Hospital revenue is not collectible within one year and has identified long-term receivables in each Hospital Enterprise Fund. To assist the Hospital Funds in meeting their cash flow requirements, the General Fund provided a \$141.70 million long-term advance and classified a corresponding amount of fund balance as nonspendable balance.

Advances from/to other funds at June 30, 2015 are as follows (in thousands):

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Short-Term	Long-Term	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	Harbor-UCLA Medical Center Olive View-UCLA Medical Center	\$ 132,717	\$ 43,695 12,131	\$ 176,412 12,131
	LAC+USC Medical Center	29,688	70,028	99,716
	Rancho Los Amigos Nat'l Rehab Center	128,313	15,843	144,156
	Internal Service Funds	2,434		2,434
		<u>293,152</u>	<u> 141,697</u>	434,849
Flood Control Distric	t Internal Service Funds	6,047		6,047
Nonmajor Governme	ental			
Funds	Internal Service Funds	12,172		12,172
Waterworks Enterpr	ico			
Funds	Internal Service Funds	1,347		1,347
Total Interfund Adva	nces	<u>\$ 312,718</u>	<u>\$ 141,697</u>	<u>\$ 454,415</u>

# 16. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING DIFFERENCES/RECONCILIATIONS BETWEEN THE BUDGETARY BASIS AND GAAP

The County's statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances-budget and actual on budgetary basis for the major governmental funds has been prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting, which is different from GAAP.

The amounts presented for the governmental fund statements are based on the modified accrual basis of accounting and differ from the amounts presented on a budgetary basis of accounting. The major areas of difference are as follows:

- For budgetary purposes, nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balances and the portion of unassigned fund balance reserved for the "Rainy Day" fund are recorded as other financing uses at the time they are established. The County recognizes them as uses of budgetary fund balance. The nonspendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balances that are subsequently cancelled or otherwise made available are recorded as changes in fund balance in other financing sources.
- Under the budgetary basis, revenues (primarily intergovernmental) are recognized at the time encumbrances are established for certain programs and capital improvements. The intent of the budgetary policy is to match the use of budgetary resources (for amounts encumbered, but not yet expended) with funding sources that will materialize as revenues when actual expenditures are incurred. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are not recognized until the qualifying expenditures are incurred and amounts are collected within the County's availability period.
- For the General Fund, obligations for accrued compensated absences and estimated liabilities for litigation and self-insurance are recorded as budgetary expenditures to the extent that they are estimated to be payable within one year after year-end. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such expenditures are not recognized until they become due and payable in accordance with GASB Interpretation 6.
- In conjunction with the sale of Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed bonds in FY 2005-2006, the County sold 25.9% of its future tobacco settlement revenues. Under the budgetary basis, the proceeds were recognized as revenues. Under the modified accrual basis, the proceeds were recorded as deferred inflows of resources and were being recognized over the duration of the sale agreement, in accordance with GASB 48 and 65. This matter is also discussed in Note 11, under the caption, "Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds."
- Under the budgetary basis, property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are
  collectible within one year after year-end. Under the modified accrual basis, property tax
  revenues are recognized only to the extent that they are collectible within 60 days.
- For budgetary purposes, investment income is recognized prior to the effect of changes in the fair value of investments. Under the modified accrual basis, the effects of such fair value changes have been recognized.

# 16. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING DIFFERENCES/RECONCILIATIONS BETWEEN THE BUDGETARY BASIS AND GAAP-Continued

- In conjunction with implementing GASB 45, the County determined that certain assets were held by LACERA (the OPEB administrator) in an OPEB Agency Fund. For budgetary purposes, any excess payments (beyond the pay-as-you-go amount) are recognized as expenditures. Under the modified accrual basis, the expenditures are adjusted to recognize the OPEB Agency assets at June 30, 2015.

The following schedule is a reconciliation of the budgetary and GAAP fund balances for the major governmental funds (in thousands):

	General Fund	Fire Protection District	Flood Control District	Public <u>Library</u>	Regional Park and Open Space District
Fund balance - budgetary basis	\$ 1,750,126	\$ 82,767	\$ 136,226	\$ 38,914	\$ 233,840
Budgetary fund balances Subtotal Adjustments:	1,460,697 3,210,823	166,548 249,315	239,957 376,183	23,609 62,523	97,271 331,111
Accrual of estimated liability for litigation and self-insurance clair Accrual of compensated	ms 138,101	(144)	2,670	674	
absences Unamortized balance of sale of	60,107				
tobacco settlement revenue Change in revenue accruals Change in OPEB	(237,055) (156,250) 174,097	(16,539) 10,190	(4,942)	(2,485) 1,656	(867)
Subtotal Fund balance - GAAP basis	(21,000) \$ 3,189,823	(6,493) \$ 242,822	(2,272) \$ 373,911	(155) \$ 62,368	(867) \$ 330,244

#### 17. OTHER COMMITMENTS

# Construction and Other Significant Commitments

At June 30, 2015, there were contractual commitments of approximately \$62.74 million for various general government construction and software and approximately \$276.74 million for various hospital construction projects that were financed by bonds and lease revenue obligation notes.

#### **LACERA Capital Commitments**

At June 30, 2015, LACERA had outstanding capital commitments to various investment managers, approximating \$4.210 billion. Subsequent to June 30, 2015, LACERA funded \$266 million of these capital commitments.

#### 17. OTHER COMMITMENTS-Continued

#### **Encumbrances**

The County uses "encumbrances" to control expenditure commitments for the year. Encumbrances represent commitments related to executory contracts not yet performed and purchase orders not yet filled. Commitments for such expenditure of monies are encumbered to reserve applicable appropriations. Depending on the source(s) of funding, encumbrances are reported as part of restricted, committed or assigned fund balance on the governmental funds balance sheet. As of June 30, 2015, the encumbrance balances for the governmental funds (in thousands) are reported as follows:

	Restricted	Committed	<u>Assigned</u>	<u>Total</u>
General Fund	\$	\$	\$ 457,427	\$ 457,427
Fire Protection District	31,943			31,943
Flood Control District	27,009			27,009
Public Library			11,145	11,145
Regional Park and Open Space District	88,430			88,430
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	101,509	7,386	9,734	118,629
Total Encumbrances	<u>\$ 248,891</u>	\$ 7,386	<u>\$ 478,306</u>	<u>\$ 734,583</u>

#### 18. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County purchases insurance for certain risk exposures such as aviation, employee fidelity, boiler and machinery in certain structures, art objects, catastrophic hospital general liability, volunteer, special events, public official bond, crime, safety reserve employee death and disability, and fiduciary liability for the deferred compensation plans. There have been no settlements related to these programs that exceeded insurance coverage in the last three years. The County also has insurance on most major structures. Losses did not exceed coverage in FY 2012-2013, FY 2013-2014 or FY 2014-2015.

The County retains the risk for all other loss exposures. Major areas of risk include workers' compensation, medical malpractice, law enforcement, theft and damage to property including natural disasters, errors and omissions, and torts. Expenditures are accounted for in the fund whose operations resulted in the loss. Claims expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss, including those incurred but not reported, can be reasonably estimated. The County utilizes actuarial studies, historical data, and individual claims reviews to estimate these liabilities. The liabilities include estimable incremental claim adjustment expenses, net of salvage, and subrogation of approximately 10% of the total liabilities. They do not include other claim adjustment costs because the County does not believe it is practical or cost effective to estimate them.

#### 18. RISK MANAGEMENT-Continued

As indicated in the following table, the County's workers' compensation balance as of June 30, 2015 was approximately \$2.168 billion. This amount is undiscounted and is based on an actuarial study of the County's self-insured program as of June 30, 2015. Approximately \$75,202,000 of the total liabilities pertain to salary continuation payments and other related costs mandated by the State Labor Code.

As of June 30, 2015, the County's best estimate of these liabilities is \$2.435 billion. Changes in the reported liability since July 1, 2013 resulted from the following (in thousands):

Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes In Estimates	Claim <u>Payments</u>	Balance At Fiscal Year-End	
\$ 2,096,349	\$ 370,226	\$ (348,078)	\$ 2,118,497	
282,020	39,680	(46,558)	275,142	
\$ 2,378,369	\$ 409,906	<u>\$ (394,636</u> )	\$ 2,393,639	
\$ 2,118,497	\$ 452,005	\$ (402,603)	\$ 2,167,899	
275,142	73,314	(81,603)	266,853	
\$ 2,393,639	\$ 525,319	<u>\$ (484,206</u> )	<u>\$ 2,434,752</u>	
	Fiscal Year <u>Liability</u> \$ 2,096,349 <u>282,020</u> \$ 2,378,369  \$ 2,118,497 <u>275,142</u>	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability       Claims and Changes In Estimates         \$ 2,096,349       \$ 370,226         282,020       39,680         \$ 2,378,369       \$ 409,906         \$ 2,118,497       \$ 452,005         275,142       73,314	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability         Claims and Changes In Estimates         Claim Payments           \$ 2,096,349         \$ 370,226         \$ (348,078)           282,020         39,680         (46,558)           \$ 2,378,369         \$ 409,906         \$ (394,636)           \$ 2,118,497         \$ 452,005         \$ (402,603)           275,142         73,314         (81,603)	

In addition to the above estimated liabilities, the County has determined that claims seeking damages of approximately \$175.62 million are reasonably possible of creating adverse judgments against the County. Because of the uncertainty of their outcome, no loss has been accrued for these claims.

#### 19. POLLUTION REMEDIATION

GASB 49 establishes accounting and reporting guidelines for the recognition and measurement of a pollution remediation obligation (liability).

The County is involved in several remediation actions to clean up pollution sites within its boundaries. These matters generally coincide with the County's ownership of land, buildings and infrastructure assets. In some cases, regulatory agencies (e.g., Regional Water Quality Board, State Department of Toxic Control, California Coastal Commission) notified the County of the need for remedial action. In addition, the County conducts its own environmental monitoring and this activity identifies pollution sites and matters requiring further investigation and possible remediation. Once the County is aware of these conditions, it commences monitoring, assessment, testing and/or cleanup activities, and recognizes a pollution remediation obligation when estimates can reasonably be determined. The pollution remediation obligation is an estimate and is subject to revision because of price increases or reductions, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. The types of pollution that have been identified include leaking underground storage tanks, water, groundwater and soil contamination, asbestos and lead paint contamination, methane gas detection and excessive levels of other contaminants. Remediation efforts include developing remediation and feasibility studies, source identification studies, site testing, sampling and analysis, ground water cleanup, and removal of storage tanks, asbestos tiles and other hazardous materials.

#### 19. POLLUTION REMEDIATION-Continued

As of June 30, 2015, the County's estimated pollution remediation obligation totaled \$20,058,000. This obligation was associated with the County's government-wide governmental activities. Obligations of enterprise and internal service funds were immaterial. The estimated liability was determined by project managers, based on historical cost information for projects of the same type, size and complexity and measured at their current value. In subsequent periods, the County will adjust the estimated obligation when new information indicates that such changes are required. At this time, the County has determined there are no estimated recoveries reducing the obligation.

#### 20. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources balances in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary funds as of June 30, 2015 are described as follows:

- The deferred outflows of resources, included on the government-wide statement of net position, relates to the unamortized losses on refunding of debt and changes in the net pension liability as discussed in Note 8. The unamortized losses on refunding of debt are a deferred charge on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter.
- The deferred inflows of resources, included on the government-wide statement of net position, relates to the future installment payments of service concession arrangements as discussed in Note 7 and from changes in the net pension liability as discussed in Note 8.

# Government-wide statements Statement of Net Position (in thousands)

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources: Unamortized losses on refunding of debt Pensions Total government-wide deferred outflows of resources	\$ 17,530 1,249,917 \$ 1,267,447	\$ 211,805 \$ 211,805	\$ 17,530 1,461,722 \$1,479,252
Deferred inflows of resources: Service concession arrangements Pensions Total government-wide deferred inflows of resources	\$ 93,233 2,457,357 \$ 2,550,590	\$ <u>426,559</u> \$ <u>426,559</u>	\$ 93,233 2,883,916 \$2,977,149

#### 20. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES-Continued

Proprietary Fund financial statements Statement of Net Position (in thousands):

Defermed cutfleying of management	H-UCLA	OV-UCLA	LAC+USC	Rancho	<u>Total</u>	ISF <u>Funds</u>
Deferred outflows of resources- Pensions	<u>\$ 63,506</u>	41,859	<u>87,299</u>	<u>19,141</u>	<u>\$211,805</u>	<u>\$46,216</u>
Deferred inflows of resources- Pensions	<u>\$128,045</u>	<u>84,412</u>	<u>175,688</u>	<u>38,414</u>	<u>\$426,559</u>	<u>\$93,034</u>

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources balances in the governmental fund financial statements as of June 30, 2015 are described as follows:

- The intra-entity sales of future tobacco settlement revenues are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the General Fund and deferred outflows of resources in the nonmajor governmental funds.
- Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, earning revenues during the current period is not sufficient for revenue recognition in the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Governmental funds report revenues not susceptible to accrual as deferred inflows of resources. The County has included two such items, which are property tax revenues to be collected beyond the 60 day accrual period, plus other long-term receivables, related mostly to SB90 claims, expected to be collected beyond the 12 month accrual period.

Governmental Fund financial statements Balance Sheet (in thousands):

					Regional Park and		
		Fire	Flood		Open		
	General	Protection	Control	Public	Space	Nonmajor	
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>District</u>	<b>District</b>	<u>Library</u>	<b>District</b>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources -							
Tobacco settlement revenues	\$					237,055	<u>\$ 237,055</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Tobacco settlement revenues	\$ 237,055					\$	237,055
Property tax revenues	114,473	27,444	8,299	4,462	5,889	9,777	170,344
Other long-term receivables	83,581	<u>815</u>	99			109	84,604
-							
Total governmental funds							
deferred inflows of resources	\$ \$ 435,109	28,259	8,398	4.462	5,889	9,886	\$ 492,003
•	\$ <u>\$ 435,109</u>	28,259	8,398	4.462	<u>5,889</u>	9,886	<u>\$ 492,003</u>

# 21. FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as described in Note 1. A detailed schedule of fund balances for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds at June 30, 2015 (in thousands) are as follows:

	General <u>Fund</u>	Fire Protection <u>District</u>	Flood Control <u>District</u>	Public <u>Library</u>	Regional Park and Open Space <u>District</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Fund Balances:  Nonspendable:  Inventories  Long-term receivables	\$ 48,186 224,198	10,419		1,443		
Permanent fund principal Total Nonspendable	272,384	10,419		1,443		2,185 2,185
Restricted for:					-	
Purpose of fund Purpose of utility user tax Grand Avenue project Sheriff Pitchess landfill	45,888 4,600 3,206	232,403	373,812	11,004	330,244	1,711,287
La Alameda project Capital projects Debt service Endowments and annuities	2,000	222.402	272 042	11 004	220 244	160,979 503,821 <u>203</u> 2,376,290
Total Restricted Committed to:	55,694	232,403	373,812	11,004	330,244	<u> 2,376,290</u>
Purpose of fund						40,530
Capital projects and extraordinary maintenance Health services-tobacco	93,291					71,504
settlement	46,154					
Budget uncertainties  Low to moderate income	86,698					
housing	181					
Assessor tax system	9,300					
Health services operations Interoperable and countywide	16,000					
communication	2,229					
Services to unincorporated are						
Financial system	21,995					
Reopening jail beds	12,147					
Department of children and family services Health services future	8,840					
financial requirements  Public works-permit tracking	6,513					
system	5,855					

#### 21. FUND BALANCES-Continued

	General <u>Fund</u>	Fire Protection <u>District</u>	Flood Control <u>District</u>	Public <u>Library</u>	Regional Park and Open Space <u>District</u>	Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>
TTC remittance processing						
and mailroom equipment	5,600					
Information technology						
enhancements	2,564					
Live scan	2,000					
Board budget policies and						
priorities	965					
TTC unsecured property tax						
system	463					
Sheriff unincorporated patrol	90	<u> </u>				<u> </u>
Total Committed	334,346					112,034
Assigned to:						
Purpose of fund			99	49,921		111,449
Future purchases	490,386					
Capital projects						40,814
Imprest cash	1,568					<u> </u>
Total Assigned	491,954	<u> </u>	99	49,921		152,263
Unassigned	2,035,445					<u>.                                    </u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,189,823</u>	242,822	<u>373,911</u>	62,368	330,244	2,642,772

#### Reserve for "Rainy Day" Fund

On June 22, 2009, the Board established a Reserve for "Rainy Day" fund. The Reserve for "Rainy Day" fund was established and maintained to protect essential County programs against unforeseen emergencies and economic downturns. The Reserve cap should be 10% of on-going locally generated revenue. Transfers of three percent (3%) should be made into the Reserve each year, if feasible, until the 10% cap is met.

When the Reserve cap of 10% is exceeded, the excess may be available for specified one-time purposes such as capital projects, unfunded retiree health obligations, efficiency measures and information technology initiatives. The objective is to avoid on-going commitments with funding that may not be sustainable in an economic downturn.

The County's "Rainy-Day" fund does not meet the criteria for a stabilization arrangement for reporting the funds as either restricted or committed. As such, the Reserve for "Rainy Day" funds in the amount of \$306,319,000 is reported as unassigned fund balance in the General Fund.

#### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes ("TRANS")

On July 1, 2015, the County issued \$900,000,000 in 2015-2016 TRANS, which will mature on June 30, 2016. The TRANS are collateralized by taxes and other revenues attributable to the 2015-2016 fiscal year and were issued in the form of Fixed Rate Notes at an effective interest rate of 0.29%.

# Lease Revenue Obligation Notes

On August 17, 2015, the Los Angeles County Capital Asset Leasing Corporation issued an additional \$8,000,000 in Lease Revenue Obligation Notes (LRON) with an initial weighted average interest rate of 0.05%. On October 6, 2015, the Corporation issued an additional \$23,000,000 in LRON with an initial weighted average interest rate of 0.04%. Also, on October 30, 2015, the Corporation issued an additional \$15,000,000 in LRON with an initial weighted average interest rate of 0.03%. The proceeds are being used to fund capital requirements of various capital projects. The LRON are secured by a long-term lease of County real estate and a letter of credit.

# Public Works Financing Authority - Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 2015 Series B and Series C

On September 2, 2015, the authority issued \$218,340,000 in lease revenue refunding bonds, maturing from 2020-2033, with yields ranging from 0.09% to 2.67%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to refinance outstanding lease revenue obligations related to the 2005 Calabasas Landfill bonds and the 2005A and 2006B Master Refunding Bonds.

#### Medicaid Demonstration Project Renewal

On October 31, 2015, the State Department of Health Care Services and the federal Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services announced a conceptual agreement that outlines the major components of California's 1115 Medicaid waiver renewal, along with a temporary extension to December 31, 2015 of the existing waiver while the details of the renewal are determined through the official Special Terms and Conditions. The conceptual agreement includes the following core elements:

- Global Payment Program for services to the uninsured in designated public hospital systems;
- Public Hospital Redesign and Incentives in Medi-Cal (PRIME) delivery system transformation and alignment incentive program for designated public hospitals and district/municipal hospitals;
- Dental transformation incentive program;
- Whole Person Care pilot program a county-based, voluntary program to target providing more integrated care for high-risk, vulnerable populations;
- Independent assessment of access to care and network adequacy for Medi-Cal managed care beneficiaries;
- Independent studies of uncompensated care and hospital financing.

#### 22. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS-Continued

# Medicaid Demonstration Project Renewal-Continued

In addition, the waiver extension and renewal will continue certain programs currently authorized in the Medi-Cal Demonstration Project waiver, including the Drug Medi-Cal Organized Delivery System, Coordinated Care Initiative, and Community-Based Adult Services. The County will continue to participate in the new 1115 waiver. However, the financial impact on future fiscal years has not yet been determined.

### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

### Schedule of Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios (Dollar amounts in thousands)

	06/30/2014 <sup>1</sup>
Pension Plan's fiduciary net position as percentage of total pension liability	86.804%
County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$6,957,082
County's proportion as percentage of the collective net pension liability	95.897%
Covered-employee payroll <sup>2</sup>	\$6,865,817
County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability as a	
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	101.329%
Schedule of County's Contributions (Dollar amounts in thousands)	
	<u>2015</u>
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Less: Contributions in relation to the ADC Contribution Deficiency (excess)	\$1,494,465 _1,494,465 <u>\$</u> 0
Covered-employee payroll <sup>2</sup>	\$7,261,852
Contributions as a percentage of total covered-employee payroll	20.580%

<sup>(1)</sup> Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 and 71 is applicable.

<sup>(2)</sup> Covered-employee payroll represents total payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.

## COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

### Changes of benefit terms

There were no plan changes after June 30, 2013.

### **Changes of assumptions**

None

### COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Unaudited)

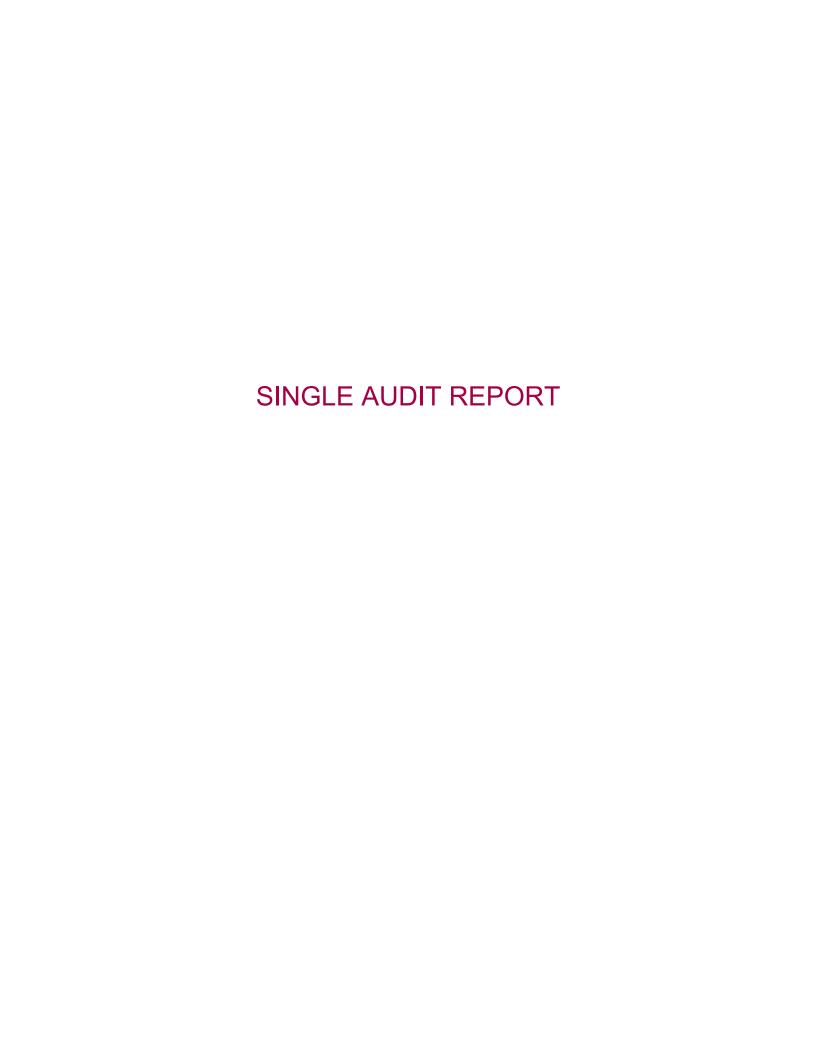
### Schedule of Funding Progress-Other Postemployment Benefits (Dollar amounts in thousands)

### Retiree Health Care

	Actuarial	Actuarial Accrued				Unfunded AAL
Actuarial Valuation Date	Value of Assets (a)	Liability (AAL) Projected Unit Credit (b)	Unfunded AAL (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	s a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
July 1, 2010	\$ 0	\$ 22,939,800	\$ 22,939,800	0%	\$ 6,695,439	342.62%
July 1, 2012	0	25,733,300	25,733,300	0%	6,619,816	388.73%
July 1, 2014	483,800	27,287,900	26,804,100	1.8%	6,672,228	401.73%
Long-Term Dis	sability					
July 1, 2009	\$ 0	\$ 951,797	\$ 951,797	0%	\$ 6,547,616	14.54%
July 1, 2011	0	1,018,898	1,018,898	0%	6,650,674	15.32%
July 1, 2013	0	945,687	945,687	0%	6,595,902	14.34%

<sup>(1)</sup> Covered payroll represents the pensionable payroll of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan.





	D: Assista	og of Federal omestic Pass-Through ance Number Entity ID No.		Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		CFDA#)	(Note A)	Expenditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-AR U.S. Agency for International Development	RA) PRO	JRAMS		
Direct Program				
USAID Foreign Assistance for Programs Overseas International Search and Rescue Operations International Search and Rescue Operations Aid-OFDA-A-15-00014	98.001 98.001			\$ 754,197 2,706,807
Subtotal 98.001				3,461,004
Total U.S. Agency for International Development				3,461,004
U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed Through the California Department of Aging State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Nutrition Education and Obesity Prevention (SNAP-Ed) Cycle I Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Nutrition Education and Obesity Prevention (SNAP-Ed) Cycle II Subtotal 10.561	10.561 10.561	(1) (16) (1) (16)	SP-1415-19 SP-1415-19	79,354 270,661 350,015
Passed Through the California Department of Education				
Summer Food Service Program for Children Summer Food Service Program for Children Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster (10.559)	10.559 10.559	(2) (2)	CN-130380 04031-SFSP-19	57,144 587,679 644,823
Passed Through the California Department of Food and Agriculture Plant and Animal Disease, Pest Control, and Animal Care				
Pest Detection Emergency Program (Note 4)	10.025		14-8506-0934-CA/	0.700.000
Pest Exclusion/Dog Teams Program (Note 4)	10.025		14-8506-0689-CA 14-8506-1165-CA	2,730,632 504,699
Glassy Winged Sharpshooter (GWSS) (Note 4) Sudden Oak Death (SOD) Program	10.025 10.025		15-8506-0484-CA 14-8506-0572-CA	862,024 295
Oriental Fruit Fly Emergency Program	10.025		14-8506-1881-CA	25,381
Mediterranean Fruit Fly (Note 4) Subtotal 10.025	10.025		14-8506-1782-CA	25,343 4,148,374
Senior Farmers Market Nutrition Program Senior Farmer's Market Program	10.576			72,100
Passed Through the California Department of Public Health State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Network for a Healthy California - Local Health Department	10.561	(1) (16)	13-20467	14,816,469
Passed Through the California Department of Social Services State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) - Administration (CalFresh) Subtotal 10.561	10.561	(1) (16)	5180	220,506,594 235,323,063
Passed Through the California State Controller's Office				
Schools and Roads - Grants to States U.S. Forest Service	10.665	(3)		740,095
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				241,278,470
U.S. Department of Defense				
Direct Program Procurement Technical Assistance for Business Firms Procurement Technical Assistance	12.002			173,599
Total U.S. Department of Defense				173,599
U.S. Department of Education				
Direct Program Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants				
Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants Federal Pell Grant Program	84.007	(15)		9,901
Pell Grants	84.063	(15)		309,656
Subtotal Student Financial Assistance Cluster (84.007, 84.063)  Total U.S. Department of Education				319,557
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				319,557
Direct Program				
Public Health Emergency Preparedness Sodium Reduction in Communities	93.069			21,469,658
Los Angeles County Sodium Reduction Initiative (LACSRI)  Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.082			227,741
Tuberculosis/Centers for Disease Control Cooperative Agreement	93.116			4,670,657

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number		Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-Al	(CFDA#)	(Note A)	Expenditures
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of Regional and National Significance	RIA) I ROOKAMO		
Integrated Behavioral Health and Primary Care Program	93.243 (19)		\$ 656,853
Adult Drug Court Program (SAMHSA)	93.243 (19)		134,979
Project ABC Family Wellness Network	93.243 (19)		1,823,245
Subtotal 93.243			2,615,077
Adult Viral Hepatitis Prevention and Control			
Category A, Part 1-Viral Hepatitis Prevention Coordinator	93.270		114,346
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)  Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Disease (ELC) - Building and Strengthening Epidemiology,			
Laboratory, and Health Information Systems Capacity in State and Local Health Departments -			
Non-PPHF	93.323		574,188
PPHF National Public Health Improvement Initiative National Public Health Improvement Initiative	93.507		246,703
National Public Health Improvement initiative	93.507		240,703
The Affordable Care Act: Building Epidemiology, Laboratory, and Health Information Systems Capacity in the Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Disease (ELC) and Emerging Infections Program (EIP) Cooperative Agreements: PPHF			
Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)	93.521		116,560
Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Disease (ELC) - Building and Strengthening			
Epidemiology, Laboratory, and Health Information Systems Capacity in State and Local Health Departments - PPHF	93.521		688,928
Subtotal 93.521	00.021		805,488
PPHF - Community Transformation Grants and National Dissemination and Support for Community Transformation			
Grants - Financed Solely by Prevention and Public Health Funds Community Transformation Grant	93.531		3,190,314
Strong Start for Mothers and Newborns	93.611		581,128
Adoption Opportunities	00.050	90CO105105	400.000
Diligent Recruitment of Families for Children in the Foster Care System  State and Local Public Health Actions to Prevent Obesity, Diabetes, Heart Disease and Stroke (PPHF)	93.652	9000105105	439,830
Chronic Disease Prevention Strategy in Los Angeles	93.757		1,480,293
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program			
Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889		8,977,661
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant			
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant	93.914		38,651,607
Minority AIDS Initiative (MAI) Subtotal 93.914	93.914		798,376 39,449,983
Subtotal 30.314			33,443,303
HIV Prevention Activities - Health Department Based			40.000.000
HIV Prevention Project National HIV Behavioral Surveillance	93.940 93.940		16,873,226 467,864
Subtotal 93.940	93.940		17,341,090
HIV Demonstration, Research, Public and Professional Education Projects PS09-007 Evaluating Locally-Developed Homegrown HIV Prevention Interventions	93.941		513,514
1 000 001 Evaluating Ecoting Developed Homogram First Provention Interventions	00.041		010,014
Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV)/Acquired Immunodeficiency Virus Syndrome (AIDS) Surveillance			0.000 444
HIV AIDS Surveillance and Seroprevalence Medical Monitoring Project (MMP)	93.944 93.944		2,362,441 696,161
Subtotal 93.944	33.344		3,058,602
Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants  Los Angeles County STD Programs Through Assessment, Assurance, Policy Development, and Prevention			
Strategies	93.977 (24)		3,516,515
	(= 1)		2,2 .2,2 .2
Passed Through the California Family Health Council			
Family Planning - Services Family Planning	93.217	FPHPA096061	764,832
Family Planning - HIV	93.217	FPHPA096061	231,441
Subtotal 93.217			996,273
Passed Through the Community Health Councils, Inc.			
Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health: Obesity and Hypertension Demonstration Projects Financed			
Solely by Prevention and Public Health Funds			
Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health Obesity and Hypertension Demonstration		10=110=5	
Project	93.743	1954487664A1	295,467
Passed Through the Council of State and Territorial Epidemiologists (CSTE)  Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations and Technical Assistance			
Influenza Incidence Surveillance Project	93.283	1U38 OT000143	127,000

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. 144

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	D: Assista	g of Federal omestic ance Number CFDA#)	Pass-Through Entity ID No. (Note A)	Federal enditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-AF			(NOIO A)	 cilaitaics
Passed Through the Health Research Association, Inc. Teenage Pregnancy Prevention Program	93.297		55797472	\$ 130,596
Passed Through the University of California, Los Angeles Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs Effectiveness of Peer Navigation to Link Released HIV/Jail Inmates to HIV Care	93.279		1557 GNA694	70,943
Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research The Impact of Natural Experiments on Child Obesity: A Systems Science Approach	93.865		1920 G RA205	56,022
Passed Through the California Department of Aging Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII, Chapter 3 - Programs for Prevention of Elder Abuse,				
Neglect, and Exploitation Title VII - Elder Abuse Prevention Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII, Chapter 2 - Long Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals	93.041	(11)	AP-1415-19	79,069
Title VII - Ombudsman  Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part D - Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.042	(11)	AP-1415-19	129,342
Area Agency on Aging III D  Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.043	(11)	AP-1415-19	355,112
Area Agency on Aging III B	93.044	(11)	AP-1415-19	5,561,011
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services Area Agency on Aging III C-I Area Agency on Aging III C-II C-I Special Nutrition Funds C-II Special Nutrition Funds Subtotal 93.045	93.045 93.045 93.045 93.045	(11) (11)	AP-1415-19 AP-1415-19 AP-1415-19 AP-1415-19	6,164,165 5,007,928 306,910 180,533 11,659,536
National Family Caregiver Support, Title III, Part E Area Agency on Aging Title III E	93.052	(11)	AP-1415-19	2,114,108
Nutrition Services Incentive Program Area Agency on Aging III USDA C-I Area Agency on Aging III USDA C-II Subtotal 93.053	93.053 93.053	(11) (11)	AP-1415-19 AP-1415-19	 969,557 865,337 1,834,894
State Health Insurance Assistance Program Area Agency on Aging - Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP) Affordable Care Act State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) and Aging and Disability Resource Center (ADRC) Options Counseling for Medicare-Medicaid Individuals in States with Approved Financial Alianment Models	93.324		HI-1415-19	384,979
Financial Alignment	93.626		FA-13-16-19	145,589
Passed Through the California Department of Alcohol and Drugs Medical Assistance Program				
Federal Drug Medi-Čal (Prenatal and Drug) FMAP	93.778	(14) (23)	14-90066	2,988,262
Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse Drug Free Schools and Communities (DFSC) - Friday Night Live Alcohol Block Grant Drug Free Schools and Communities - Club Live Federal Female Offender New Prenatal Set-Aside Substance Abuse Block Grant New HIV Set-Aside Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant Adolescent Treatment Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Set-Aside	93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959 93.959		14-90066 14-90066 14-90066 14-90066 14-90066 14-90066 14-90066	62,281 37,800,013 62,281 137,764 2,984,397 4,106,671 1,464,897 10,761,455 57,379,759
Passed Through the California Department of Child Support Services Child Support Enforcement Child Support Enforcement Title IV-D	93.563			102,686,199
Passed Through the California Department of Community Services and Development Community Services Block Grant Community Services Block Grant 13F-3021 (Note 5) Community Services Block Grant 14F-3021 (Note 5) Community Services Block Grant 15F-2021 (Note 5)	93.569 93.569 93.569		13F-3021 14F-3021 15F-2021	236,534 5,127,319 1,302,356

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Do Assista	g of Federal omestic ince Number CFDA#)	Pass-Through Entity ID No. (Note A)	Federal Expenditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-ARI			(Note A)	Expenditures
Community Services Block Grant American Indian 15F-2105 (Note 5) Subtotal 93.569	93.569 93.569	JKAWS	14F-3058 15F-2105	\$ 146,313 104,063 6,916,585
Passed Through the California Department of Education Child Care and Development Block Grant Child Care Salary Retention Incentive Program Local Child Care Planning and Development Council (LCCPDC) Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and Development Fund	93.575 93.575 93.596	(13) (13)	CRET-4018 CLPC-4019 CAPP4025	2,487,939 186,261 8,322,035
Child Day Care Program Subtotal CCDF Cluster (93.575, 93.596)	93.390	(13)	CAFF4025	10,996,235
Passed Through the California Department of Health Care Services Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH) McKinney Homeless Act Program	93.150		68-0317191	983,995
Medical Assistance Program Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA) Low Income Health Program Medi-Cal Eligibility Determination Child Health and Disability Program Health Care Program Children in Foster Care Medi-Cal Outreach and Enrollment Subtotal 93.778	93.778 93.778 93.778 93.778	(14) (23) (14) (23) (14) (23) (14) (23) (14) (23) (14) (23)	14-90031 11-15909-LA-07 4260 AB 82 SEC. 71	12,889,477 4,822,982 337,584,875 5,348,782 10,347,027 1,303,433 372,296,576
Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services Mental Health Services: Block Grant	93.958		68-0317191	15,159,949
Passed Through the California Department of Public Health Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services - Projects of Regional and National Significance Strategic Prevention Framework State Incentive Grant Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.243	(19)		116,726
Immunization Calendar Year	93.268		11-10878	5,291,670
Affordable Care Act (ACA) Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program Title V Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program	93.505		15-10160, 15-10161, 15-10162	2,606,180
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs Refugee Health Assessment Program Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants	93.566	(20)	14-19-90840-00	1,664,375
Refugee Preventive Health Program Refugee Health Promotion Project (RHPP) Subtotal 93.576	93.576 93.576	(21) (21)	14-19-90841-00	7,806 63,518 71,324
State Survey and Certification of Health Care Providers and Suppliers (Title XVIII) Medicare Health Facilities Inspection	93.777	(14)	12-10082	18,833,685
HIV Care Formula Grants HIV Care Program Preventive Health Services - Sexually Transmitted Diseases Control Grants	93.917		13-20065 A01	8,441,683
STD Surveillance Network (SSuN) Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.977	(24)	13-20573	91,333
Maternal and Child Health  Passed Through the California Department of Social Services	93.994		201419	2,240,000
Guardianship Assistance Kinship Guardianship Assistance Payment Program (KIN-GAP) Title IV-E State Planning and Establishment Grants for the Affordable Care Act (ACA)'s Exchanges California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CallHEERS) - Exchange	93.090		CFL14/15-36	13,502,777
Grant Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.525		4260	267,796
Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program (PSSF)	93.556		CFL14/15-06 & 75	7,842,395
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families CalWORKs - Family Group/Unemployed Parent (FG/U) Assistance CalWORKs Legal Immigrants (MC) CalWORKs Diversion - Federal CalWORKs Fraud Incentives CalWORKs Single Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Subtotal TANF Cluster (93.558)	93.558 93.558 93.558 93.558 93.558 93.558	(12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12)	5180 5180 5180 5180 5180 CFL15/16-04	236,674,195 6,997,388 7,515 2,718,760 468,295,480 63,707,333 778,400,671
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs Refugee Resettlement	93.566	(20)	5180	3,963,958

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

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	D Assista	g of Federal omestic ance Number	Pass-Through hber Entity ID No.		Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title		CFDA#)	(Note A)	Exp	enditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-Af Refugee Employment Social Services Subtotal 93.566	93.566		5180	\$	2,242,375 6,206,333
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP) (Note 7)	93.568		5180		(41,115)
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Discretionary Grants					
Older Refugee Discretionary Grant Targeted Assistance Discretionary Grant Subtotal 93.576	93.576 93.576	(21) (21)	5180 TART1402		85,293 36,223 121,516
Refugee and Entrant Assistance - Targeted Assistance Grants					
Refugee Targeted Assistance Program	93.584		5180		1,513,531
Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention	93.590		CFL14/15-41E		312,634
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	02.645		CEL 45/4C 04		7.045.740
Children's Welfare Services IV-B (Direct Cost) Child Welfare Research Training or Demonstration	93.645		CFL15/16-04		7,915,742
California Partnership for Permanency (CAPP)	93.648		MOU 10-6078		387,084
Foster Care - Title IV-E Aid to Families With Dependent Children - FC - Administration and Assistance	93.658		CFL14/15-36		186,408,486
Foster Care Title IV-E Foster Parent Training	93.658 93.658		CFL14/15-36 CFL14/15-36		264,548,862 159,540
Foster Family Licensing	93.658		CFL14/15-36		406,012
Group Home Month Visits/County Welfare Department (CWD) Child Welfare Services Outcome Improvement Project (Cohort 1)	93.658 93.658		CFL14/15-36 CFL14/15-36		20,017,165 1,289,510
Subtotal 93.658					472,829,575
Adoption Assistance	00.050	(00)	0514445.40		100 050 004
Adoptions - Administration and Assistance Social Services Block Grant	93.659	(22)	CFL14/15-40		126,358,224
Children's Welfare Services Title XX	93.667		CFL15/16-04		40,087,000
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program Independent Living Skills - Children's Services	93.674		CFL14/15-11		6,604,899
Children's Health Insurance Program  California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CalHEERS) - Title XXI	93.767		4260		101,325
Medical Assistance Program					
In-Home Supportive Services - Personal Care Services Program (Health-Related)		(14) (23)	4260		68,573,291
Adult Protective Services/County Services Block Grant Children's Welfare Services XIX (Health-Related)		(14) (23) (14) (23)	5180 CFL14/15-36		22,802,988 46,620,049
Subtotal 93.778		( · · / (= - /			137,996,328
Passed Through the California Secretary of State Voting Access for Individuals with Disabilities - Grants to States HAVA Polling Place Accessibility Training Program	93.617		13G30324		28,864
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	33.017		13030324		2,342,412,844
•					2,012,112,011
U.S. Department of Homeland Security  Direct Program					
National Urban Search and Rescue (US&R) Response System					
Urban Search and Rescue 2011-CA-K00078-S01 Urban Search and Rescue 2012 - EMW-2012-CA-00024	97.025 97.025				80,501 286,273
Urban Search and Rescue - EMW-2013-CA-K00013-S01	97.025				499,798
Urban Search and Rescue - EMW-2014-CA-K00050-S01 Subtotal 97.025	97.025				130,000 996,572
					000,012
Port Security Grant Program Port Security Grant Program 12	97.056				97,793
Port Security Grant Program 13	97.056				47,802
Subtotal 97.056					145,595
Passed Through the City of Los Angeles					
Securing the Cities Program Securing the Cities Program	97.106		C-125298		20,340
Securing the Cities Program (STC) 12	97.106		2012-DN-106-00001-		6,713
Securing the Cities Program (STC) 13	97.106		04 2012-DN-106-00001-		37,425
Subtotal 97.106			04		64,478
Carion, 71.100					JT, T O

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Pass-Through Entity ID No.	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	(CFDA#)	(Note A)	Expenditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (N	on-ARRA) PROGRAMS		
Passed Through the United Way  Emergency Food and Shelter National Board Program			
Emergency Food and Shelter Program - Phase 32	97.024	069500-009	\$ 7,000
			,,,,,,
Passed Through the California Department of Parks and Recreation			
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012	C1470005	67.368
Basic Boating Skills and Operation, Rescue Boat Operations, and Boating Marine Fires Law Enforcement Equipment Grant Program	97.012	C8956108	57,607
Subtotal 97.012	07.012	00000.00	124,975
Passed Through the California Office of Emergency Services Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)			
2008 Wildfires	97.036	FEMA-1810-DR-CA	87,073
2000 1111411100	0000	1 2.1 1010 211 071	01,010
Emergency Management Performance Grants			
2013 Emergency Management Performance Grant 2014 Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042 97.042	2013-0047 2014-0070	1,103,294 811,784
Subtotal 97.042	97.042	2014-0070	1,915,078
Subtotal 51.012			1,010,070
Fire Management Assistance Grant	07.040	=======================================	
2013 Powerhouse	97.046	FEMA-2013-FM-CA	1,177,754
Homeland Security Grant Program			
State Homeland Security Program 11	97.067	2011-0077	9,926,533
State Homeland Security Program 12	97.067	2012-0123	7,093,940
State Homeland Security Program 13 State Homeland Security Program 14	97.067 97.067	2013-0110 2014-0093	5,774,327 49,700
State Homeland Security Program 13	97.067	037-95066	2,407,277
, •			
Passed Through the California Office of Emergency Services/City of Los Angeles			
Homeland Security Grant Program Urban Area Security Initiative 13	97.067	C-124278	7,486,029
Urban Area Security Initiative 16	97.067	C-124276 C-125696	1,219,563
Urban Area Security Initiative 13	97.067	037-95050	957,339
Urban Area Security Initiative 14	97.067	037-95050	267,900
Urban Area Security Initiative 14	97.067	C-125696	216,713
Passed Through the California Office of Emergency Services/County of San Diego			
Homeland Security Grant Program			
Operation Stonegarden Grant Program (OPSG) 13	97.067	073-95015	388,956
Operation Stonegarden Grant Program (OPSG) 14 Subtotal 97.067	97.067	073-95015	102,459
			35,890,736
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			40,409,261
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)			
Direct Program			
Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	14.241		110,681
Economic Development Initiative - Special Project, Neighborhood Initiative and Miscellaneous Grants Charles White Park Planning Project	14.251	B-09-SP-CA-0302	117,227
Section 8 Housing Choice Vouchers	14.231	D-09-3F-CA-0302	117,227
VA - Housing First Assertive Community Treatment Program	14.871 (4)		446,000
Passed Through the Housing Authority of the County of Los Angeles (HACOLA)  Continuum of Care Program			
Tenant-Based Rental Assistance (TBRA) Program/Shelter Plus Care	14.267		20,371
(			
Passed Through the Los Angeles County Community Development Commission			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	44.240	E0040E 44	00 207
Project Star (Studying, Tutoring, and Reading) Project Star (La Puente/Graham Library)	14.218 14.218	F96125-14 601638-14	83,327 25,000
Hacienda Heights Community Recreation Program	14.218	F96411-14	23,000
Burke's Club Drug Prevention and Gang Intervention	14.218	F96228-14	114,374
Adventure Park Recreation Program  Amigo Park Mobile Recreation Program	14.218	F96410-14	70,765 22.392
Pathfinder Senior Recreation Program	14.218 14.218	F96409-14 601590-14	16,063
Loma Alta Park Recreation Program	14.218	600475-14	28,666
Pamela Park Recreation Program	14.218	600482-14	31,009
Pearblossom Park Recreation Program Valleydale Park After-School Program	14.218	600483-14	21,140
Valleydale Park After-School Program  Community Development Block Grant	14.218 14.218	601346-14 600922-14	30,934 80,000
v comment of the comm	-		,-50

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Pass-Through Entity ID No.	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	(CFDA#)	(Note A)	Expenditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-ARF Community Code Enforcement East Los Angeles - 1 <sup>st</sup> District Community Code Enforcement 4 <sup>st</sup> District Homeowners Fraud Prevention Program Rowland Heights Youth Athletic League Program-Carolyn Rosas Park Century Station Code Enforcement Project Subtotal 14.218	14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218 14.218	F96131-14 600727-14 F96227-09 F96414-14 F96414-14	\$ 249,611 35,000 50,000 48,425 199,784 1,129,490
Subtotal 14.216			1,129,490
Passed Through the Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority Supportive Housing Demonstration Program Transitional Housing for Homeless Young People	14.235	HUD VI, VII, X, XI, XII	533,624
Passed Through the California Department of Housing and Community Development Community Development Block Grants/State's Program and Non-Entitlement Grants in Hawaii Community Development Block Grant	14.228		65,070
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)			2,422,463
U.S. Department of the Interior  Direct Program  Invasive and Noxious Plant Management  National Rec Area Vac Lot Weeding  WaterSMART (Sustaining and Manage America's Resources for Tomorrow)  In-Situ Arsenic Removal on Unsaturated Alluvium	15.230 15.507		2,980 112,297
Coastal Impact Assistance Program	15.668		316,441
Total U.S. Department of the Interior			431,718
U.S. Department of Justice  Direct Program  Joint Law Enforcement Operations (JLEO)  Domestic Cannabis Eradication Suppression Program 14  Domestic Cannabis Eradication Suppression Program 15	16.111 16.111		241,636 114,068
Subtotal 16.111			355,704
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program Adult Drug Court Program (BJA) State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP) (Note 4)	16.585 16.606		22,208 3,403,949
Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Community Policing Development Program (CPD) - Innovative Officer Accountability Model Cops Hiring Program 11 Subtotal 16.710	16.710 16.710		20,039 3,133,810 3,153,849
PREA Program: Demonstration Projects to Establish 'Zero Tolerance' Cultures for Sexual Assault in Correctional Facilities			
Prison Rape Elimination Act	16.735		10,076
DNA Backlog Reduction Program DNA Backlog Reduction Program 13 DNA Capacity Enhancement and Backlog Reduction Program 14 Subtotal 16.741	16.741 16.741		498,945 275,704 774,649
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Act Program 13	16.742 (17)		52,578
Economic High-Tech and Cyber Crime Prevention Counterfeit and Piracy Enforcement Team Program (CAPE) 13	16.752		123,349
Congressionally Recommended Awards 2010 Congressionally Selected Awards Program - Gang Coplink Project Second Charge Act Reports Light Awards Program - Gang Coplink Project	16.753		1,834
Second Chance Act Reentry Initiative Adult Re-Entry Comprehensive Service Program Equity Comprehensive Service Program	16.812		75,343
Equitable Sharing Program Asset Seizure and Forfeiture	16.922		9,126,014
Passed Through the City of Los Angeles Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program School Resource Deputy/Rosemont Middle School (JAG) 10 Florence-Firestone Community Peace Project (JAG) 10	16.738 16.738	2010-DJ-BX-0387 2010-DJ-BX-0387	11,269 11,103
Peace Over Violence (JAG) 10 A New Way of Life Reentry Project (JAG) 11 School Resource Deputy/Rosemont Middle School (Sheriff) (JAG) 11 District Attorney - Saving Innocence (JAG) 11 Gang Reduction and Community Engagement Project (GRACE) (JAG) 11 Gang Reduction and Community Engagement Project (GRACE) (JAG) 12	16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738	2010-DJ-BX-0387 2011-DJ-BX-2533 2011-DJ-BX-2533 2011-DJ-BX-2533 2011-DJ-BX-2533 2012-DJ-BX-0878	23,532 148,143 12,009 15,854 164,433 48,760

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number	Pass-Through Entity ID No.	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	(CFDA#)	(Note A)	Expenditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-AF Sage - East Los Angeles (JAG) 12 Alternate Sentencing Program (JAG) 12 School Based Supervision Program (JAG) 12 Youth Activities League (JAG) 11 Palmdale AED Devices - (JAG) 12 Sheriff Palmdale Station - (JAG) 12 Sheriff CLEPP - (JAG) 12 Altadena Station Equipment - (JAG) 12 Sheriff CLeps Bureau - (JAG) 12 Sheriff Lancaster Station - (JAG) 12 Sheriff Lancaster Station - (JAG) 12 San Dimas Station Radar - (JAG) 12 JAG City Clear Foothill	RRA) PROGRAMS  16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738 16.738	2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2011-DJ-BX-0878 2011-DJ-BX-2533 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2012-DJ-BX-0878 2014-DJ-BX-0878	\$ 43,152 373,300 120,000 35,000 5,044 481 3,620 7,499 44,428 12,156 3,612 45,282
JAG City Clear Various Sites JAG City Clear	16.738 16.738	2014-DJ-BX-0235 2014-DJ-BX-0235	362,253 263,279
Passed Through the Board of State and Community Corrections Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program JAG Anti-Drug Abuse (ADA) Enforcement Team Program 13 Subtotal 16.738	16.738	BSCC 626-13	251,381 2,005,590
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant	16.523	BSCC 183-14	265,100
Juvenile Accountability Block Grant Subtotal 16.523	16.523	BSCC 161-14	265,100 530,200
Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention - Allocation to States Title II Formula Block Grant  Passed Through the California Office of Emergency Services	16.540	BSCC 382-13	125,009
Crime Victim Assistance Victim Witness Assistance Program (VWAP) Underserved Victim Advocacy and Outreach Program (UV) Human Trafficking Advocacy (HA) Program Subtotal 16.575	16.575 16.575 16.575	VW 14 33 0190 UV 14 05 0190 HA 14 01 0190	2,337,468 129,733 72,764 2,539,965
Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program Paul Coverdell Forensic CQ14 04 0190 Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Act Program 13 Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Act Program 14 Subtotal 16.742	16.742 (17) 16.742 (17) 16.742 (17)	CQ14 04 0190 037-00000 037-00000	19,670 73,904 54,855 148,429
Total U.S. Department of Justice			22,448,746
U.S. Department of Labor  Passed Through the South Bay Workforce Investment Board  Workforce Investment Act (WIA) National Emergency Grants  National Emergency Grant - CA Multi-Sector Partnerships  Passed Through the California Department of Aging	17.277	11-W112	163,886
Senior Community Service Employment Program Older American Title V Project	17.235		1,680,232
Passed Through the California Employment Development Department WIA Adult Program			
Workforce Investment Act Adult - K491022 Workforce Investment Act Adult - K594765	17.258 (5) 17.258 (5)	K491022 K594765	87,837 11,640,400
WIA Youth Activities Workforce Investment Act Youth - K491022 Workforce Investment Act Youth - K594765	17.259 (5) 17.259 (5)	K491022 K594765	2,943,556 6,947,935
WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker - K491022 Workforce Investment Act Rapid Response - K491022 Workforce Investment Act Rapid Response - K594765 Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker - K594765 Workforce Investment Act Rapid Response - K594765 Workforce Investment Act Layoff Version RR - K594765 (GC292) Workforce Investment Act Layoff Version RR - K594765 (GC293)	17.278 (5) 17.278 (5) 17.278 (5) 17.278 (5) 17.278 (5) 17.278 (5)	K491022 K491022 K594765 K594765 K594765 K594765	4,098,390 581,781 3,719,513 730,871 4,081 423,316
Passed Through the California Employment Development Department/South Bay Workforce Investment Board WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants CA Multi-Sector Workforce Partnership Project 25% Subtotal WIA Program Cluster (17.258, 17.259, 17.278)	17.278 (5)	13-WO-63	630,988 31,808,668
Total U.S. Department of Labor			33,652,786
U.S. Department of Transportation  Direct Program  Airport Improvement Program  Vacant Lot Clearance - Federal Aviation  Airport Improvement Program	20.106 20.106		2,694 2,064,930
Subtotal 20.106	20.100		2,067,624

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.  $\,$ 

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

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	D: Assista	g of Federal omestic ance Number	Pass-Through Entity ID No.	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-AF		CFDA#)	(Note A)	Expenditures
Passed Through the Los Angeles Metropolitan Transportation Authority	KA) FRO	SKAWS		
Highway Planning and Construction				
2014 Open Streets Grant Program Federal Transit - Capital Investment Grants	20.205	(6) (18)	Various	\$ 70,674
Wilshire Bus Rapid Transit Program	20.500	(7)		1,746,104
Job Access and Reverse Commute Program  Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC)	20.516	(0)	TV-1415-19	103,231
Job Access and Reverse Commute (JARC)	20.516	(0)	17-1415-19	103,231
Passed Through the California Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control/California Office of Traffic Safety				
National Priority Safety Programs  Minor Decoy/Shoulder Tap and Informed Merchants Preventing Alcohol-Related Crime Tendencies (IMPACT)				
Inspections	20.616	(9)	14-MPG05	18,521
Deced Through the California Department of Transportation				
Passed Through the California Department of Transportation Highway Planning and Construction				
Bridge Retrofit Program		(6) (18)	Various	825,526
Surface Transportation Program (STP) Highway Bridge Rehabilitation	20.205 20.205		Various Various	13,329,667 5,893,797
1998/1999 Demonstration	20.205	(6) (18)	Various	259,342
Transportation Enhancement Activities Emergency Relief Program	20.205 20.205		Various Various	718,578 8,545,392
Highway Safety Improvement Program (HSIP)	20.205		Various	601,081
Federal Safe Routes to School (SSTS)		(6) (18)	Various	57,298
Subtotal 20.205				30,230,681
Passed Through the California Office of Traffic Safety				
State and Community Highway Safety Selective Traffic Enforcement Program - State and Community Highway Safety	20.600	(9)	PT 14118	162,757
Selective Traffic Enforcement Program - State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		PT 1545	160,317
Subtotal 20.600				323,074
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated				
Office of Traffic and Safety Program Driving Under the Influence	20.608		AL 1546	294,756
Selective Traffic Enforcement Program - Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated Selective Traffic Enforcement Program (Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated)	20.608 20.608		PT 14118 PT 1545	208,033 965,383
Colocate Tame Emotorion Togram (minimum orange to topout one to Eming Time mondates)	20.000			000,000
Passed Through the California Office of Traffic Safety/University of California, Berkeley				
Minimum Penalties for Repeat Offenders for Driving While Intoxicated Sobriety Checkpoint Grant Program (Safe TREC) 13	20.608		SC 14501	343,238
Subtotal 20.608				1,811,410
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				36,371,319
U.S. Election Assistance Commission				
Passed Through the California Secretary of State				
Help America Vote Act Requirements Payments Help America Vote Act Section 301 Voting Systems Program	90.401		11G30121	1,974,982
HAVA VoteCal Statewide Voter Registration System Project	90.401		14G26118	69,799
Subtotal 90.401				2,044,781
Total U.S. Election Assistance Commission				2,044,781
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Direct Program				
Superfund State, Political Subdivision, and Indian Tribe Site-Specific Cooperative Agreements Fish Contamination Inspection, Outreach and Education (Toxics Epidemiology)	66.802			32,769
Palos Verdes Fish Contamination - Enforcement Cooperative Agreement	66.802			2,638
Subtotal 66.802				35,407
Brownfields Assessment and Cleanup Cooperative Agreements				
Brownfields Assessment	66.818			11,800
Passed Through the California Department of Public Health				
Capitalization Grants for Drinking Water State Revolving Funds				
Small Public Water System Regulatory Program	66.468	(10)	SRFLPA49	325,484
Passed Through the California Environmental Protection Agency				
Beach Monitoring and Notification Program Implementation Grants	66 470		CI 100T20004 0	404.004
Public Beach Safety Program	66.472		CU-99T20901-0	121,284
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				493,975
U.S. Executive Office of the President				
Direct Program High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program				
High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas Program  High Intensity Drug Trafficking Areas (HIDTA)	95.001			111,426
Total U.S. Executive Office of the President				111,426

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.  $\,$ 

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

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Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number (CFDA#)	Pass-Through Entity ID No. (Note A)		deral Iditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF NON-AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT (Non-AF	RRA) PROGRAMS			
U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services				
Passed Through the California State Library Grants to States Eureka! Leadership Grant	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14	\$	13.916
Veterans Connect @ the Library	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14	•	8,621
E-Publishing at the Library at Westlake Village Library	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14		4,455
Rock n' Roll High School at Hacienda Heights Library	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14		2,500
Elderly Fraud Prevention at Carson, Lancaster, Montebello, Norwalk, and West Hollywood Libraries	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14		2,480
Computer Literacy en Español at Hawaiian Gardens Library	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14		1,651
Junior Science Lecture Series and Stem Lab at La Cañada Flintridge Library Subtotal 45.310	45.310	LS-00-14-0005-14		2,518 36,141
Total U.S. Institute of Museum and Library Services				36,141
U.S. National Endowment for the Humanities  Passed Through the California Humanities  Promotion of the Humanities - Federal/State Partnership				
California Reads: War Comes Home	45.129	LS-00-14-0005-14		9,242
Total U.S. National Endowment for the Humanities				9,242
Subtotal Non-American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (Non-ARRA) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,7	26,077,332

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

See accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. 152

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Number (CFDA#)	Pass-Through Entity ID No. (Note A)	Federal Expenditures
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVES		MS	
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through the Children, Youth and Family Collaborative			
Investing in Innovation (i3) Fund ARRA-Investing in Innovation (i3) Fund Grant	84.411	CYFC150001	\$ 27,609
Total U.S. Department of Education	<b>C</b>	011 0100001	27,609
U.S. Department of Education/Health and Human Services			
Passed Through the California Department of Education			
Race to the Top - Early Learning Challenge ARRA-Race to the Top - Early Learning Challenge	84.412	12-15181-2819-00	2.398.790
Total U.S. Department of Education/Health and Human Services	04.412	12-10101-2010-00	2,398,790
Total 0.5. Department of Education/Health and Human Services			2,390,790
U.S. Department of Energy			
Direct Program			
Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG) ARRA-Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant	81.128		290,353
ARRA-Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant-Better Buildings	81.128		591,625
Subtotal 81.128			881,978
Total U.S. Department of Energy			881,978
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through the California Department of Social Services			
Adoption Assistance	00.050 (00)	04000	(4.704)
ARRA-Adoptions-Administration and Assistance FMAP (Note 7)	93.659 (22)	CA800	(1,721)
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			(1,721)
Subtotal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards (SEFA)			3,306,656
Total Non-ARRA and ARRA Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 2,729,383,988

See legend on page 154 for CFDA No. Cluster Summary and Notes A and B.

Legend	<u>Amounts</u>
(1) SNAP Cluster	\$ 235,673,078
(2) Child Nutrition Cluster	644,823
(3) Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster	740,095
(4) Housing Voucher Cluster	446,000
(5) WIA Cluster	31,808,668
(6) Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	30,301,355
(7) Federal Transit Cluster	1,746,104
(8) Transit Services Programs Cluster	103,231
(9) Highway Safety Cluster	341,595
(10) Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster	325,484
(11) Aging Cluster (Note B)	21,733,072
(12) TANF Cluster	778,400,671
(13) CCDF Cluster	10,996,235
(14) Medicaid Cluster	532,114,851
(15) Student Financial Assistance Cluster	319,557
(16) Total for CFDA# 10.561 - State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutr	ition
Assistance Program	235,673,078
(17) Total for CFDA# 16.742 - Paul Coverdell Forensic Sciences Improvement Grant Program	201,007
(18) Total for CFDA# 20.205 - Highway Planning and Construction	30,301,355
(19) Total for CFDA# 93.243 - Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services-Projects of Regio	nal and
National Significance	2,731,803
(20) Total for CFDA# 93.566 - Refugee and Entrant Assistance-State Administered Programs	7,870,708
(21) Total for CFDA# 93.576 - Refugee and Entrant Assistance-Discretionary Grants	192,840
(22) Total for CFDA# 93.659 - Adoption Assistance	126,356,503
(23) Total for CFDA# 93.778 - Medical Assistance Program	513,281,166
(24) Total for CFDA# 93.977 - Preventive Health Services-Sexually Transmitted Diseases Con	trol Grants 3,607,848

Note A - Certain awards do not have a pass-through entity ID number.

Note B - Aging Cluster (as determined by the California Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Aging)

#### **NOTE 1 – GENERAL**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards represents all federal programs of the County of Los Angeles, California (the County). The County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Community Development Commission (CDC) and the Los Angeles County Children and Families First – Proposition 10 Commission (First 5 LA), which expended \$326,260,633 and \$168,013 respectively, in federal awards, which are not included in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the year ended June 30, 2015. The CDC engaged other auditors to perform an audit in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.* First 5 LA did not meet the minimum threshold of \$500,000 and, therefore, was not subject to an OMB A-133 audit. All federal financial assistance received directly from federal/state agencies, as well as federal financial assistance passed through other government agencies, is included in the schedule.

#### **NOTE 2 – BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

Catalog of

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presently using the modified-accrual basis of accounting for program expenditures accounted for in the governmental funds and the accrual basis of accounting for program expenditures accounted for in the proprietary funds, as described in Note 1 of the notes to the County's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. However, some amounts presented in this schedule are reported on a cash basis, as described in the succeeding paragraph.

Additionally, certain federal program expenditures in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are converted to and reported on a cash basis due to the claiming requirements of the State pass-through agencies. These expenditures are presented on a cash basis in order to be consistent with the amounts previously claimed and reported to the State for reimbursement purposes. The affected programs are listed below.

Federal Domestic Assistance Number (CFDA#)	Program Name
10.561	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) -
	Administration (CalFresh)
12.002	Procurement Technical Assistance
14.235	Transitional Housing for Homeless Young People
15.668	Coastal Impact Assistance Program
16.738	School Resource Deputy/Rosemont Middle School (JAG) 10
16.738	Florence-Firestone Community Peace Project (JAG) 10
16.738	Peace Over Violence (JAG) 10
16.738	A New Way of Life Reentry Project (JAG) 11

### Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

Assistance	<u>_</u>
Number (CFDA#)	Program Name
16.738	School Resource Deputy/Rosemont Middle School (Sheriff) (JAG) 11
16.738	District Attorney - Saving Innocence (JAG) 11
16.738	Gang Reduction and Community Engagement Project (GRACE) (JAG) 11
16.738	Gang Reduction and Community Engagement Project (GRACE) (JAG) 12
16.738	Sage - East Los Angeles (JAG) 12
16.738	Alternate Sentencing Program (JAG) 12
16.738	School Based Supervision Program (JAG) 12
16.738	Youth Activities League (JAG) 11
16.738	Palmdale AED Devices - (JAG) 12
16.738	Sheriff Palmdale Station - (JAG) 12
16.738	Sheriff CLEPP - (JAG) 12
16.738	Altadena Station Equipment - (JAG) 12
16.738	Sheriff Cops Bureau - (JAG) 12
16.738	Sheriff Lancaster Station - (JAG) 12
16.738	San Dimas Station Radar - (JAG) 12
84.007	Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants
84.063	Pell Grants
84.411	ARRA-Investing in Innovation (i3) Fund Grant
93.090	Kinship Guardianship Assistance Payment Program (KIN-GAP) Title IV-E
93.525	California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CALHEERS) - Exchange Grant
93.556	Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program (PSSF)
93.558	CalWORKs - Family Group/Unemployed Parent (FG/U) Assistance
93.558	CalWORKs Legal Immigrants (Medi-Cal)
93.558	CalWORKs Diversion - Federal
93.558	CalWORKs Fraud Incentives
93.558	CalWORKs Single
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)
93.563	Child Support Enforcement Title IV-D
93.566	Refugee Resettlement
93.566	Refugee Employment Social Services
93.568	Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
93.569	Community Services Block Grant 13F-3021
93.569	Community Services Block Grant 14F-3021

### Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance

Number (CFDA#)	Program Name
93.569	Community Services Block Grant 15F-2021
93.576	Older Refugee Discretionary Grant
93.576	Targeted Assistance Discretionary Grant
93.584	Refugee Targeted Assistance Program
93.590	Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention
93.596	Child Day Care Program
93.617	HAVA Polling Place Accessibility Training Program
93.645	Children's Welfare Services IV-B (Direct Cost)
93.648	California Partnership for Permanency (CAPP)
93.652	Diligent Recruitment of Families for Children in the Foster Care System
93.658	Aid to Families with Dependent Children - FC - Administration and Assistance
93.658	Foster Care Title IV-E
93.658	Foster Parent Training
93.658	Foster Family Licensing
93.658	Group Home Month Visits/County Welfare Department (CWD)
93.658	Child Welfare Services Outcome Improvement Project (Cohort 1)
93.659	Adoptions - Administration and Assistance
93.659	ARRA-Adoptions-Administration and Assistance FMAP
93.667	Children's Welfare Services Title XX
93.674	Independent Living Skills - Children's Services
93.767	California Healthcare Eligibility, Enrollment, and Retention System (CALHEERS) - Title XXI
93.778	Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA)
93.778	Low Income Health Program
93.778	Medi-Cal Eligibility Determination
93.778	In-Home Supportive Services - Personal Care Services Program (Health-Related)
93.778	Adult Protective Services/County Services Block Grant
93.778	Children's Welfare Services XIX (Health-Related)

#### **NOTE 3 – SUBRECIPIENT AWARDS**

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the County provided a significant amount of funding to various subrecipients. Listed below is a summary of amounts provided to the subrecipients by County program title.

County Program Title	CFDA #	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) - Administration (CalFresh) Network for a Healthy California - Local Health	10.561	\$ 18,118
Department Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Nutrition	10.561	10,324,954
Education and Obesity Prevention (SNAP-Ed) Cycle I Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Nutrition	10.561	73,888
Education and Obesity Prevention (SNAP-Ed) Cycle II Subtotal 10.561	10.561	222,782 10,639,742
Subtotal 10.301		10,000,142
Victim Witness Assistance Program (VWAP)	16.575	584,367
Adult Drug Court Program (BJA)	16.585	9,844
Workforce Investment Act Adult - K491022	17.258	87,837
Workforce Investment Act Adult - K594765	17.258	8,800,978
Workforce Investment Act Youth - K491022	17.259	2,943,556
Workforce Investment Act Youth - K594765	17.259	4,328,788
Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker - K491022	17.278	3,990,909
Workforce Investment Act Dislocated Worker - K594765	17.278	1,848,877
Workforce Investment Act Rapid Response - K594765	17.278	168,511
Workforce Investment Act Rapid Response - K491022	17.278	502,083
CA Multi-Sector Workforce Partnership Project 25%	17.278	384,464
Subtotal WIA Cluster (17.258, 17.259, 17.278)		23,056,003
National Emergency Grant - CA Multi-Sector		
Partnerships (See note at the end of this schedule)	17.277	288,145
Title VII - Elder Abuse Prevention	93.041	79,069
Title VII - Ombudsman	93.042	129,342
Area Agency on Aging III D	93.043	355,112
Area Agency on Aging III B	93.044	3,138,429
C-I Special Nutrition Funds	93.045	306,910
C-II Special Nutrition Funds	93.045	180,533
Area Agency on Aging III C-I	93.045 93.045	5,580,265
Area Agency on Aging III C-II	93.043	4,707,930

County Program Title	CFDA#	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Area Agency on Aging Title III E Area Agency on Aging III USDA C-I Area Agency on Aging III USDA C-II	93.052 93.053 93.053	\$ 1,509,704 969,557 865,337
Subtotal Aging Cluster (93.041, 93.042, 93.043, 93.044, 93.045, 93.052, 93.053)		17,822,188
Public Health Emergency Preparedness McKinney Homeless Act Program	93.069 93.150	1,089,554 95,441
Adult Drug Court Program (SAMHSA) Strategic Prevention Framework State Incentive Grant Project ABC Family Wellness Network Integrated Behavioral Health and Primary Care Program Subtotal 93.243	93.243 93.243 93.243 93.243	73,479 104,500 1,608,413 398,415 2,184,807
Effectiveness of Peer Navigation to Link Released HIV/Jail Inmates to HIV Care Area Agency on Aging - Health Insurance Counseling and Advocacy Program (HICAP)	93.279 93.324	9,081 347,251
Title V Maternal, Infant, and Early Childhood Home Visiting Program Community Transformation Grant Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program (PSSF)	93.505 93.531 93.556	1,689,081 2,342,665 5,879,442
CalWORKs Single Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Subtotal 93.558	93.558 93.558	110,925,376 14,956,011 125,881,387
Refugee Employment Social Services	93.566	1,674,308
Community Services Block Grant 14F-3021 Community Services Block Grant American Indian 15F-	93.569	4,405,108
2105 Community Services Block Grant American Indian 14F-	93.569	82,741
3058 Subtotal 93.569	93.569	135,164 4,623,013
Older Refugee Discretionary Grant Targeted Assistance Discretionary Grant Subtotal 93.576	93.576 93.576	72,586 5,559 78,145
Refugee Targeted Assistance Program Financial Alignment	93.584 93.626	1,315,525 132,224

County Program Title	CFDA#	Amount Provided to
County Program Title	CFDA #	<u>Subrecipients</u>
Aid to Families with Dependent Children - FC - Administration and Assistance Foster Care Title IV-E Subtotal 93.658	93.658 93.658	\$ 151,943,372 2,413,802 154,357,174
Independent Living Skills - Children's Services Chronic Disease Prevention Strategy in Los Angeles	93.674 93.757	2,070,616 75,214
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA) Medi-Cal Outreach and Enrollment Subtotal 93.778	93.778 93.778	1,853,051 321,821 2,174,872
Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	5,996,810
HIV Emergency Relief Project Grant Minority Aids Initiative (MAI) Subtotal 93.914	93.914 93.914	25,184,341 586,702 25,771,043
HIV Care Program	93.917	8,107,977
HIV Prevention Project National HIV Behavioral Surveillance Subtotal 93.940	93.940 93.940	7,134,158 100,143 7,234,301
PS09-007 Evaluating Locally-Developed Homegrown HIV Prevention Interventions HIV AIDS Surveillance and Seroprevalence Mental Health Services: Block Grant	93.941 93.944 93.958	200,016 56,446 1,940,852
Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Set-Aside Alcohol Block Grant Drug Free Schools and Communities - Club-Live Drug Free Schools and Communities (DFSC) - Friday	93.959 93.959 93.959	10,441,455 24,137,641 62,281
Night Live Federal Female Offender New Prenatal Set-Aside Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block	93.959 93.959 93.959	62,281 137,764 2,456,216
Grant Adolescent Treatment Substance Abuse Block Grant New HIV Set-Aside Subtotal 93.959	93.959 93.959	1,318,407 688,392 39,304,437
Los Angeles County STD Programs Through Assessment, Assurance, Policy Development, and Prevention Strategies 2013 Emergency Management Performance Grant	93.977 97.042	978,809 1,103,294

County Program Title	CFDA#	Amount Provided to ubrecipients
State Homeland Security Program 13 State Homeland Security Program 12 State Homeland Security Program 11	97.067 97.067 97.067	\$ 2,061,347 3,443,589 4,937,026
Subtotal 97.067		 10,441,962
Total Amount Provided to Subrecipients		\$ 459,556,036

#### **National Emergency Grant - CA Multi-Sector Workforce Partnerships**

The Department of Community and Senior Services' National Emergency Grant - CA Multi-Sector Workforce Partnerships (CFDA No. 17.277) refunded \$223,500 to the South Bay Workforce Investment Board (SBWIB) for current and prior year administrative costs, which exceeded 10% of actual expenditures and were erroneously billed to SBWIB. As a result, total program expenditures decreased from \$387,386 to \$163,886. Of the \$387,386 of program expenditures, \$288,145 was for payments made to subrecipients. Since the refund only affected administrative costs and not subrecipient expenditures, the amount provided to subrecipients is \$288,145.

#### NOTE 4 – GRANT PROGRAMS REIMBURSED IN ARREARS

The County participates in several federal programs where payments are received in arrears because eligibility, as determined by the federal agency, is determined in arrears. The County reports actual revenues for these programs in the year that the funds are received, since the County's eligible expenditures are not determinable until reimbursement is received.

State Criminal Alien Assistance Program (SCAAP), CFDA #16.606

FY Exp. Incurred	FY Exp. Reimbursed	Amount
12-13	14-15	\$ 3,403,949

Pest Detection Emergency Program, CFDA # 10.025

FY Exp. Incurred	FY Exp. Reimbursed	Amount
13-14	14-15	\$ 4,625

Pest Exclusion/Dog Teams Program, CFDA # 10.025

FY Exp. Incurred	FY Exp. Reimbursed	Amount
13-14	14-15	\$ 80,193

Glassy Winged Sharpshooter (GWSS), CFDA # 10.025

FY Exp. Incurred	FY Exp. Reimbursed	Amount
13-14	14-15	\$ 87,222

Mediterranean Fruit Fly, CFDA # 10.025

FY Exp. Incurred	FY Exp. Reimbursed	Amount
13-14	14-15	\$ 25,343

#### NOTE 5 - COMMUNITY SERVICES BLOCK GRANTS, CFDA #93.569

At the request of the California Health and Human Services Agency, Department of Community Services and Development, supplementary schedules of grant expenditures for CSBG grant programs are included on page 193 through 197.

#### NOTE 6 – MEDICAID CLUSTER

Direct Medi-Cal and Medicare expenditures are excluded from the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. These expenditures represent fees for services and are not included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards or in determining major programs. The County assists the State in determining eligibility and provides Medi-Cal and Medicare services through County-owned facilities. Administrative costs related to Medi-Cal and Medicare are, however, included in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards under the Medicaid Cluster.

#### NOTE 7 – PAYMENT ADJUSTMENTS

The Department of Children & Family Services' ARRA – Adoptions FMAP (CFDA No. 93.659) funding ended in FY10-11. However, due to adjustments, such as overpayment recoveries, aid code adjustments, and prior month cancellations, we are reflecting a negative \$1,721.

The Department of Public Social Services' Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program-LIHEAP (CFDA No. 93.568) funding was discontinued in FY 14-15. However, expungements of amounts that are unclaimed by participants resulted in a negative \$41,115.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Los Angeles, California (County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2015, except for the report on the schedule of expenditure of federal awards, the community services block grant supplementary schedules of revenue and expenditures, and the supplementary schedule of expenditures of federal and state awards granted by California Department of Aging, as to which the date is March 28, 2016. As discussed in Note 2 to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2014, the County adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The implementation of these statements resulted in a restatement of net position as of July 1, 2014 in the amount of \$7,835,193,000, \$1,322,777,000, and \$21,142,000 for governmental activities, business-type activities, and the CDC, respectively. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Community Development Commission (CDC), Los Angeles County Children and Families First - Proposition 10 Commission (First 5 LA), and the Los Angeles County Employees Retirement Association (LACERA), as described in our report on the County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned

functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001.

#### County's Response to Findings

The County's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Los Angeles, California December 15, 2015

Macias Gini É O'Connell LAP



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Century City
Newport Beach

San Diego

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of Los Angeles, California

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Los Angeles, California's (County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

The County's basic financial statements include the operations of the Community Development Commission (CDC) and the Los Angeles County Children and Families First- Proposition 10 Commission (First 5 LA), which expended \$326,260,633 and \$168,013, respectively, in federal awards, which are not included in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended June 30, 2015. Our audit, described below, did not include the operations of CDC and First 5 LA because CDC and First 5 LA engaged other auditors to perform an audit in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, *Audit of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. However, the First 5 LA did not issue a report in accordance with OMB A-133 because it did not meet the reporting threshold under OMB A-133.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan

and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion on Adoption Assistance Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the County did not comply with requirements regarding CFDA 93.659 Adoption Assistance Program as described in finding number 2015-002 for Allowable Activities and Eligibility. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

#### **Qualified Opinion on Adoption Assistance Program**

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on CFDA 93.659 Adoption Assistance Program for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are required to be reported in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2015-003 and 2015-004. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The County's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-002 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-004 to be a significant deficiency.

The County's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Los Angeles, California

Macias Gini & O'Connell LAP

March 28, 2016

### **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

#### (a) Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: **Unmodified Opinion** 

Internal control over financial reporting:

- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified? None reported

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted? Yes

#### (b) Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

- Material weakness(es) identified? Yes
- Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified for all major programs except for the following, which was qualified:

- CFDA 93.659 Adoption Assistance – Qualified

Any audit findings which are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133: **Yes** 

### Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.561	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster
20.205	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster
93.090	Guardianship Assistance
93.563	Child Support Enforcement
93.556	Promoting Safe and Stable Families
93.558	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Cluster
93.659	Adoption Assistance
93.674	Chafee Foster Care Independence Program
93.667	Social Services Block Grant
93.777/93.778	Medicaid Cluster
93.958	Block Grants for Community Mental Health Services
97.067	Homeland Security Grant Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: **\$8,188,152.** 

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? No

### Section II – Financial Statement Findings

Reference Number: 2015-001

Federal Program Title: Medical Assistance Program

Federal Catalog Number: 93.778

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Health and

**Human Services** 

Pass-Through Entity: California Department of Health Care

**Services** 

Federal Award Number and Year: 11-15909-LA-07 – 2011

Name of Department: Department of Health Services Category of Finding: Financial Reporting - SEFA

Federal Program Title: Water SMART (Sustaining and

Manage America's Resources for

Tomorrow)

Federal Catalog Number: 15.507

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Interior

Pass-Through Entity: N/A
Federal Award Number and Year: 2014

Name of Department: Department of Public Works
Category of Finding: Financial Reporting - SEFA

Federal Program Title: Airport Improvement Program

Federal Catalog Number: 20.106

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

Pass-Through Entity: N/A Federal Award Number and Year: 2014

Name of Department: Department of Public Works Category of Finding: Financial Reporting - SEFA

Federal Program Title: Highway Planning and Construction

Federal Catalog Number: 20.205

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Transportation

Pass-Through Entity: California Department of

**Transportation** 

Federal Award Number and Year: 2014

Name of Department: Department of Public Works

Category of Finding: Financial Reporting -

SEFA

Federal Program Title: Federal Transit – Capital Investment

Grants

Federal Catalog Number: 20.500

Federal Agency:

U.S. Department of Transportation

Pass-Through Entity:

Los Angeles Metropolitan

Los Angeles Metropolitan
Transportation Authority

Federal Award Number and Year: 2014

Name of Department: Department of Public Works

Category of Finding: Financial Reporting -

**SEFA** 

Federal Program Title: Medical Assistance Program

Federal Catalog Number: 93.778

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Health and

**Human Services** 

Pass-Through Entity: California Department of Alcohol and

Drugs

Federal Award Number and Year: 12-89224 – 2014

Name of Department: Department of Public Health Category of Finding: Financial Reporting -

SEFA

Federal Program Title: Promotion of the Humanities –

**Federal/State Partnership** 

Federal Catalog Number: 45.129

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of National

**Endowment for the Humanities** 

Pass-Through Entity: California Humanities

Federal Award Number and Year: CAR13-59 – 2013

Name of Department: Department of Public Library Category of Finding: Financial Reporting – SEFA

Criteria

U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133 (OMB A-133), Subpart C - §\_\_.300 states that the auditee shall identify all federal awards received and expended, prepare the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) and ensure that audits are performed and submitted when due.

As directed by the Auditor-Controller (A-C), each County department is responsible for reviewing their grant agreements to determine if a grant is a federal award as defined under OMB Circular A-133. A-C continues to train and provide guidance to County departments on the importance of identifying federal expenditures and

ensuring they are reported on the SEFA. Each County department is responsible to report federal award expenditures to the A-C by specified deadlines.

#### Condition

The Department of Health Services (DHS) received federal funding for the administrative expenditures of the Medical Assistance Program (i.e. Low Income Health Program (LIHP) in the State of California). However, DHS did not report the following expenditures in the FY 10-11 to FY 13-14 SEFA:

FY 10-11	\$ 7,625,453
FY 11-12	\$ 13,033,632
FY 12-13	\$ 15,381,295
FY 13-14	\$ 5,097,081

The Department of Public Works (DPW) did not report the following expenditures on the FY 13-14 SEFA:

Program	CFDA No.	Unreported Expenditures
Water SMART	15.507	\$251,935
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	\$217,294
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$106,410
Federal Transit – Capital Investment	20.500	\$928,210
Grants		

The Department of Public Health (DPH) did not report expenditures of \$2,383,561 for CFDA No. 93.778 – Medical Assistance Program on the FY 13-14 SEFA.

The Department of Public Library did not report expenditures of \$5,528 for CFDA No. 45.129 – Promotion of the Humanities on the FY 13-14 SEFA.

The above expenditures were identified by the respective departments.

#### Cause

DHS – The Department was not aware that the funding for LIHP administrative expenditures is subject to the requirements of OMB Circular A-133.

DPW – The unreported expenditures were caused by an oversight when compiling information for the expenditure worksheet.

DPH – Payments for patient care services are not considered federal expenditures. When DPH removed the patient care expenditures from the grant worksheet, the \$2,383,561 non-patient care expenditures were accidentally excluded from the SEFA.

Public Library – The Department assigns a project code for each grant so that the expenditures can be captured when preparing a project code report. However, it was an oversight that a project code wasn't assigned to the grant with \$5,528 expenditures in FY 13-14.

#### Effect

Failure to timely report federal awards on the SEFA results in an incorrect SEFA and programs potentially not being audited in accordance with OMB Circular A-133. The funding agency could withhold grant funds to the County.

#### Context

In FY 14-15, A-C issued a memo to all County departments requesting a review of their grants to ensure that all federal expenditures were reported on the SEFA. During this review, the County departments discovered the following:

- 1. DHS noted that federal expenditures pertaining to the LIHP incurred in FY 10-11 to FY 13-14 were not reported on the SEFA in the correct fiscal years.
- DPW noted that federal expenditures incurred in FY 13-14 pertaining to the Water SMART, Airport Improvement Program, Highway Planning and Construction, and Federal Transit – Capital Investment Grants were not reported on the FY 13-14 SEFA.
- 3. DPH noted that federal expenditures incurred in FY 13-14 for the Medical Assistance Program were not reported on the FY13-14 SEFA.
- 4. Public Library noted that federal expenditures incurred in FY 13-14 for the Promotion of the Humanities were not reported on the FY13-14 SEFA.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DHS reinforce its federal grant tracking process. When a funding source is unclear, DHS should contact the funding agency to obtain such information. This will enable proper reporting of the grant.

We also recommend that DPW, DPH, and Public Library reinforce their federal grant tracking process to ensure expenditures for all federal grants are reported to the A-C in the proper fiscal year.

Management Response and Corrective Action

# Department of Health Services

- 1. Person responsible: Expenditure Manager, Fiscal Services
- 2. Corrective action plan:

Department of Health Services (DHS) agrees with this recommendation. DHS management will ensure the funding for all grants is clearly identified in order to properly report all federal grants. Health Services Administration (HSA) Fiscal Services will coordinate with corresponding Program Offices, closely working on the grants, to determine if grants are subject to Single Audit. In the event funding is unclear, HSA Fiscal Services will advise Program Offices to contact funding agencies for verification or additional information.

3. Anticipated implementation date: December 18, 2015

#### Department of Public Works

- 1. Person responsible: Chief Financial Officer
- 2. Corrective action plan:

Public Works agrees with the recommendation. The affected staff and reviewer received detailed instructions in writing. We have modified the procedures. When submitting the single audit information/package for review and approval, staff are required to provide an updated billing summary for each project along with additional supporting documents to prevent similar mistakes in the future and to ensure expenditures for all federal grants are reported to the Auditor-Controller in the proper fiscal year.

3. Anticipated implementation date: January 14, 2016

#### Department of Public Health

- 1. Person responsible: Chief Financial Officer
- 2. Corrective action plan:

Substance Abuse Prevention and Control (SAPC) agrees with the recommendation, therefore, SAPC provided a revised FY 13-14 schedule on November 5, 2015 to the Auditor-Controller, along with back-up documents to include Medical Assistance Program. Subsequently, SAPC has developed

procedures to reinforce the federal grant tracking process to ensure that all Federal Grant and Federal Medicaid Non-Patient Care expenditures are reported on the SEFA.

3. Anticipated implementation date: November 5, 2015

### Department of Public Library

- 1. Person responsible: Departmental Finance Manager
- 2. Corrective action plan:

Public Library agrees with the recommendation. Public Library assigns a project code for each grant to capture all the expenditures. Public Library will ensure that the grant coordinators are informed whenever the new project code is established and will meet with them to instruct them to use the appropriate project code when grant money is being spent. This grant is already expired. But the process will be implemented for future grants.

3. Anticipated implementation date: February 25, 2016

# **Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs**

Reference Number: 2015-002

Federal Program Title: Adoption Assistance

Federal Catalog Number: 93.659

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human

**Services** 

Pass-Through Entity: California Department of Social Services

Federal Award Number and Year: CFL No. 14/15-40 – 2015

Name of Department: Department of Children and Family

Services

Category of Finding: Allowable Activities and Eligibility

#### Criteria

The compliance criteria pertaining to the Adoption Assistance are as follows:

- 1. The amount of adoption assistance cannot exceed the foster care maintenance payment (42 USC 673(a)(3)).
- 2. Per DCFS' policies and procedures, upon receipt of the Adoption Assistance Program (AAP) 4 form Eligibility Certification, Section I Three Part Special Needs Determination or Barriers to Adoption section should be completed.
- 3. DCFS is required to make reasonable efforts to place the child for adoption without a subsidy. The only exception to this requirement is where it would be against the best interests of the child because of such factors as the existence of significant emotional ties with prospective adoptive parents while in their care as a foster child (42 USC 673(c)(1)(B) and 42 USC 673(c)(2), as amended/added by PUB. L. No. 110-351).

#### Condition

Of the sixty (60) samples selected for testing, we noted the following:

- 1. Three (3) cases where the documentation didn't support the basis of the rate paid to the participant and that the rate did not exceed the foster care maintenance payment.
- 2. Four (4) cases where Section I Three Part Special Needs Determination or the Barriers to Adoption on the AAP 4 form was not completed. Based on the Adoption Assistance Agreement (AD 4320) or the final decree, the children met the special needs requirement.

3. The Search for Non-Subsidy Placement section on the AAP 4 form for three (3) cases were not completed to support that DCFS had made reasonable efforts to place the children for adoption without a subsidy or to support that the search requirement was waived.

#### Cause

- 1. DCFS was unable to locate the documentation to support the FY 14-15 schedule rate.
- 2. Adoption staff failed to complete Section I Three Part Special Needs Determination or the Barriers to Adoption on the AAP 4.
- 3. Adoption staff failed to complete section of AAP 4 to demonstrate effort was made to place the child for adoption with appropriate parents without providing financial assistance or that the search requirement was waived.

#### Effect

Lack of proper completion and documentation supporting eligibility results in questioned costs and noncompliance with 42 USC 673, OMB Circular A-133, and DCFS policies and procedures.

#### Questioned Costs

\$26,022 (known questioned costs based on sample items tested)

#### Context

Of the sixty (60) samples selected for testing, which totaled \$178,841, the number of samples noted with exceptions are as follows for each condition:

- 1) Three (3) samples with no documentation to support the FY 14-15 schedule rate
- 2) Four (4) samples without completion of Section I Three Part Special Needs Determination or the Barriers to Adoption on the AAP 4
- 3) Three (3) samples without completion of Search for Non-Subsidy Placement section on the AAP 4

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS strengthens review process to ensure completeness on the AAP 4 - *Eligibility Certification* and to maintain adequate documentation for adoption case files.

# Management Response

- 1. Person responsible: Acting Division Chief, Adoption and Permanency Resources Division
- 2. Corrective action plan:

DCFS agrees with the recommendation. Adoption and Permanency Resources Division will retrain staff in the proper completion of the AAP 4 and issue a memo to remind staff to thoroughly complete all AAP documentation and remind supervising staff to ensure that all needed areas are completed thoroughly and accurately.

3. Anticipated implementation date: March 31, 2016

Reference Number: 2015-003

Federal Program Title: Medical Assistance Program

Federal Catalog Number: 93.778

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human

**Services** 

Pass-Through Entity: California Department of Health Care

**Services** 

Federal Award Number and Year: N/A - 2015

Name of Department: Department of Public Social Services

Category of Finding: Allowable Activities/Costs

#### Criteria

U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian Tribal Governments, Attachment A – General Principles for Determining Allowable Costs, Paragraph C – Basic Guidelines states:

- 1) Factors affecting allowability of costs. To be allowable under Federal awards, costs must meet the following general criteria:
  - (b) Be allocable to Federal awards under the provisions of this Circular.
  - (e) Be consistent with policies, regulations, and procedures that apply uniformly to both Federal awards and other activities of the governmental unit.
- U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Subpart C Section 300, Auditee responsibilities states that the auditee shall:
  - b) Maintain internal control over federal programs that provides reasonable assurance that the auditee is managing federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts or grant agreements that could have a material effect on each of its federal programs.

#### Condition

The Department of Public Social Services (DPSS) is required to perform a quarterly random moment time study (RMTS) to properly distribute salary costs to various programs. During our review of time studies and timesheets, one employee was not at work on the date when a quarterly RMTS was performed, however the employee was counted in the time study.

#### Cause

It was an oversight that DPSS included the employee in the time study.

#### Effect

Inaccurate time study may result in non-compliance with OMB A-87 and OMB A-133.

**Questioned Costs** 

\$3,140 (within our samples tested for the program)

Context

One (1) out of sixty (60) employees was incorrectly included in the quarterly RMTS.

Recommendation

We recommend the DPSS adhere to policies and procedures requiring detailed supervisory reviews of timesheets and time studies concurrently for accuracy.

# Management Response

1. Person responsible: Division Chief

2. Corrective action plan:

The Department agrees with the Recommendation and will reinforce policies and procedures on the Random Moment Time Study with DPSS District/Regional Deputies during the Deputy Forum scheduled for January 26 and 28, 2016. As part of this effort, Fiscal Memorandum #2011/02-1 - Random Moment Time Study Instructions will also be shared with all District Directors.

The Department does not agree with the questioned costs as the necessary adjustment to the time study was included in the 3rd quarter supplemental County Expense Claim, thus eliminating the questionable costs of \$3,140.

3. Anticipated implementation date: January 28, 2016

Reference Number: 2015-004

Federal Program Title: Promoting Safe and Stable Families

Federal Catalog Number: 93.556

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Health and Human

Services

Pass-Through Entity: California Department of Social Services

Federal Award Number and Year: CFL No. 14/15-06 - 2015

Name of Department: Department of Children and Family

**Services** 

Category of Finding: Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

#### Criteria

U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local and Indian tribal Governments (OMB Circular A-87), Attachment A – General Principles for Determining Allowable Costs, Paragraph C – Basic Guidelines states: "To be allowable under federal awards, costs must meet the following general criteria...(d) Conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in these principles, federal laws, terms and conditions of the federal award, or other government regulations as to types or amounts of cost items".

In addition, in accordance with 45 CFR section 1357.32(h)(1), "States claiming federal financial participation for services provided in FY 1994 and subsequent years may not claim more than 10 (ten) percent of expenditures under subpart 2 for administrative costs".

#### Condition

During our review of the payments that the Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) made to subrecipient and other County departments, we noted the following:

- 1. The total expenditures of one subrecipient were \$52,520 in FY 14-15. The administrative cost should have been \$5,252 which is limited to 10% of the total expenditures. However, the administrative cost that DCFS paid was \$8,011 which exceeded the 10% limitation by \$2,759.
- 2. The total expenditures of one subrecipient were \$106,037 in FY 14-15. The administrative cost should have been \$10,604 which is limited to 10% of the total expenditures. However, the administrative cost that DCFS paid was \$11,720 which exceeded the 10% limitation by \$1,116.
- DCFS contracted with one of the subrecipients for \$142,948. DCFS applied the 10% limitation of administrative costs to the contract amount instead of to actual expenditures incurred in the amount of \$128,046. As a result, total administrative

costs paid in FY 14-15 were \$14,295 instead of \$12,805, which exceeded the 10% limitation by \$1,490.

#### Cause

DCFS did not ensure the administrative cost was within 10% limitation or ensure the 10% limit of administrative costs was applied to actual expenditures not contract amount.

#### **Effect**

Charging administrative costs over the limitation is not allowed under the grant, and the funding agency may request the excess administrative costs to be returned.

**Questioned Costs** 

\$5,365

Context

N/A

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS ensure the 10% limitation of administrative costs is applied to the actual expenditures and strengthen their controls over the review of expenditures to ensure that administrative costs do not exceed such limitation.

Management Response and Corrective Action

### Management Response

- 1. Person responsible: Community Based Support Manager
- 2. Corrective action plan:

DCFS agrees with the recommendation. The finding concerns Family Support invoices for which the contract language states that the contractors shall not utilize more than 10% of their maximum annual contract sum for their administrative and indirect costs. The Family Support contract has ended; however, currently, there are other contracts with essentially the same boiler plate language. The Community Based Support Division (CBSD) staff has encouraged agencies with the same contract language to invoice for indirect costs at only up to 10% of their actual expenditures rather than 10% of their

annual contract sum. However, CBSD is required to adhere to the language in the approved contracts. CBSD will work with the Contracts Section to amend the contracts to follow federal limitations on indirect costs.

3. Anticipated implementation date: March 31, 2017

# **FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS:**

# Finding #2014-001 - Financial Reporting - SEFA

# CFDA #93.566 – Refugee and Entrant Assistance - State Administered Programs

#### Condition

On the SEFAs prior to FY 13-14, the Department of Public Health (DPH) incorrectly reported CFDA 93.566, Refugee and Entrant Assistance-State Administered Programs (known as Refugee Health Assessment Program per California Department of Public Health) as CFDA 93.978, Refugee Preventive Health Services (or Preventive Health Services-Sexually Transmitted Diseases Research, Demonstrations, and Public Information and Education Grants, pursuant to CFDA program title).

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the DPH reviews all grant agreements and correspondence from the grantors to ensure that CFDA title and number are reported correctly on the SEFA.

# Current Year Management Response

The Department of Public Health developed and implemented procedures to ensure that all grant agreements and correspondence from the grantors referenced the correct CFDA title and is reported correctly on the SEFA, effective on February 1, 2016.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

#### Implemented

# Finding #2014-002 - Financial Reporting - SEFA

#### CFDA #93.590 – Community-Based Child Abuse Prevention Grants

#### Condition

The Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) did not report the following expenditures of federal awards on the FY 06-07 to FY 12-13 SEFA:

- 1) FY 06-07: \$336,974
- 2) FY 07-08: \$341,710
- 3) FY 08-09: \$452.742
- 4) FY 09-10: \$985,403
- 5) FY 10-11: \$375,692
- 6) FY 11-12: \$370,624
- 7) FY 12-13: \$351,603

#### Recommendation

We recommend DCFS to reinforce its federal grant tracking process. When a funding source is unclear, DCFS should contact the funding agency to obtain such information. This will enable proper reporting of the grant.

# Current Year Management Response

The Finance Operations Division Manager directed the Claiming Unit Management in writing on February 24, 2015 to research funding sources for all grants and or work with State of California as a standard operation procedure to ensure DCFS reports all federal awards on the SEFA.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

Implemented

# Finding #2014-003 - Financial Reporting - SEFA

#### CFDA #10.665 - Schools and Roads - Grants to States

#### Condition

The Department of Public Works (DPW) did not report \$648,057 on the FY 12-13 SEFA.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DPW reinforce its federal grant tracking process. When a funding source is unclear, DPW should contact the funding agency to obtain such information. This will enable proper reporting of the grant.

# Current Year Management Response

We will develop a protocol which includes generating an exception report to capture and identify receipt of all non-competitive or formula-based revenue for reporting purposes.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

Not implemented (see current year finding 2015-001)

# Finding #09-04 - Protection of Information Assets (DHS)

#### Condition

During our review we noted the following:

b. At another hospital facility, IT assets are not currently safeguarded by an active dry fire suppression system. The server room has a Halon system, but it had been disconnected.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the County take the following actions:

b. Evaluate options and budget for the replacement of the Halon fire suppression system because the system should be reactivated as soon as possible.

# Current Year Management Response

DHS management is still evaluating funding sources and the decision to replace and/or repair the fire suppression system at the OVMC facility. OVMC will again be turning in to DHS finance, this fiscal year a request to upgrade their server room. DHS is turning to enterprise applications and has two primary data centers. OVMC has and is moving some enterprise systems to the primary data centers. DHS is also building a new electronic health record for all of the DHS locations and they too will be using this application. At the present time, the "Affinity" system for the DHS electronic health record is not housed at OVMC but at our two primary data centers. OVMC is making positive process and has no apparent server room problems.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

Partially implemented

#### FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS:

#### Finding #2014-004 – Eligibility

CFDA #93.659 – Adoption Assistance – Title IV-E

#### Condition

Of the sixty (60) samples selected for testing, we noted the following:

 Auditor noted one case where eligibility was extended to age 21 due to meeting the medical condition clause per review of the Adoption Assistance Program (AAP) 4 form. However, this determination was not properly documented on the AAP 2 - Payment Instructions form (AAP 2).

- 2. Auditor noted one case where Barriers to Adoption on the AAP 4 was not completed to determine whether the child meets the special needs eligibility provision.
- 3. Auditor noted two cases where a reasonable search effort to place a child for adoption without subsidy, or waiver, was not properly documented on the AAP 4.
- Auditor was not provided with adoption assistance agreement (AD 4320), court order, criminal background check, and final decree of adoption (ADPT 215) for one case.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS strengthen their review process to ensure completeness on the AAP 4 - *Eligibility Certification* and AAP 2 - *Payment Instructions* forms, and to maintain proper documentation for adoption case files.

# Current Year Management Response

Adoption and Permanency Resources Division Management issued a memo to social work staff on March 24, 2015 reinforcing policy and reminding of the necessity to be thorough in completing all AAP documentation, and instructing supervising staff to ensure all needed areas in the APP2 and APP4 forms are completed thoroughly and accurately. The memo was also reviewed in supervisor and unit meetings.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

Not implemented (see current year finding 2015-002)

#### Finding #2014-005 – Davis-Bacon Act

# CFDA #20.205 – Highway Planning and Construction

#### Condition

During our testing of the Davis-Bacon Act compliance requirements, the Department of Public Works (DPW) could not provide eight (8) weekly certified payroll records for two contractors.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the DPW strengthens their procedures for the safeguarding of the weekly certified payrolls submitted by the contractors and subcontractors.

# Current Year Management Response

On June 11, 2015, we issued a memo about Records Management Procedures for Labor Compliance Records to all Construction Division staff requiring compliance for securely retaining and protecting all certified payroll records and labor compliance documents from damage, loss unauthorized disclosure, and other risks. In addition, starting January 1, 2016, all Public Works Contractors will be required to electronically upload certified payroll records in the State's Department of Industrial Relations website. The records shall be accessible on the State's Website; therefore acquiring other software is unnecessary.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

Implemented

# Finding #2014-006 - Subrecipient Monitoring

# CFDA #93.556 – Promoting Safe and Stable Families

#### Condition

Of the nine (9) subrecipients selected for testing, we noted that eight (8) subrecipients did not have documentation indicating that DCFS reviewed the required single audit reports to ensure the report was being submitted in a timely manner and to ensure corrective action was being taken for any deficiencies noted.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS regularly and consistently apply procedures to ensure their subrecipients are being adequately monitored.

#### Current Year Management Response

Contracts Management instructed all Contract Development staff to read and review all incoming financial reports to ensure adequate monitoring of subrecipient agencies.

On June 24, 2015 Contracts Management conducted training for Contract Assistant Managers. Staff was given instructions on how to review Subrecipient Financial Reports and identified documentation to be used for the review. This will ensure all subrecipient Single Audits and Audited Financial Statements are reviewed in a timely manner.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

#### **Implemented**

# <u>Finding #2014-007 – Allowable Costs/Cost Principles</u>

# **CFDA #93.556 Promoting Safe and Stable Families**

#### Condition

The Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) contracted with the Alcohol and Drug Program Administration for \$2,201,992. DCFS applied the 10% limitation of administrative costs to the contract amount instead of to actual expenditures incurred in the amount of \$2,090,275. As a result, total administrative costs paid in FY 13-14 were \$220,199, which exceeded the 10% limitation by \$11,172.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS ensure the 10% limitation of administrative costs is applied to the actual expenditures and strengthen their controls over the review of expenditures to ensure that administrative costs do not exceed such limitation.

# Current Year Management Response

Community Based Support Division Management has instructed staff to approve administrative costs that reflect ten percent (10%) of the actual costs incurred as a standard operation procedure.

PH submitted additional FY 13-14 expenditures in the amount of \$70,665 since the audit was conducted. The additional expenditures increased the actual amount to \$2,160,940; the increase in expenditures changed the administrative costs to \$216,094 from \$209,027 (a difference of \$7,067). Therefore, the overpayment amount decreased from \$11,172 to \$4,105. Additionally, DCFS staff worked with DPH staff to recoup the administrative cost overage. DPH staff agreed to offset the current Department Service order in the amount of \$4,105.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

Not implemented (see current year finding 2015-004)

#### Finding #2014-008 – Subrecipient Monitoring

### CFDA #93.674 Chafee Foster Care Independence Program

#### Condition

Of the two subrecipients selected for testing, we noted the following:

1) One subrecipient file did not have documentation indicating that DCFS reviewed the required Single Audit report to ensure that the report was submitted in a

timely manner and to ensure corrective action was taken for any deficiencies noted.

2) One subrecipient's FY 12-13 Single Audit report was not reviewed until February 15, 2015.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS regularly and consistently apply procedures to ensure their subrecipients are being adequately monitored.

# Current Year Management Response

Contracts Management instructed all Contract Development staff to read and review all incoming financial reports to ensure adequate monitoring of subrecipient agencies.

On June 24, 2015 Contracts Management conducted training for Contract Assistant Managers. Staff was given Instructions on how to review Subrecipient Financial Reports and documentation used for the review. This will ensure all subrecipient Single Audits and Audited Financial Statements are reviewed in a timely manner.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

**Implemented** 

#### Finding #2014-009 – Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

### CFDA #93.090 Guardianship Assistance

#### Condition

During our testing of Kinship guardianship assistance payments (payments), we noted that the payment rate for two eligible cases were not in accordance with the state-approved rate per All County Letter (ACL) No. 13-62 and the Specialized Care Increment Rates for Los Angeles County issued by the California Department of Social Services. The state-approved rates were \$1,398 and \$3,162, however the actual payment rates applied were \$1,232, and \$3,045.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that DCFS reinforces procedures to ensure that the correct rate is applied.

# Current Year Management Response

Revenue Enhancement Division Management has convened meetings on 1/26/15 and 3/11/15 with staff to discuss Kin-GAP policy and procedures. Management has instructed staff to use the appropriate rate schedules when processing Kin-GAP payments and provided the most current rate schedule and any updated rate charts are emailed to staff as changes occur. Additionally, Revenue Enhancement Division staff completed a 100% review of all host county rates.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

**Implemented** 

# Finding #2014-010 - Cash Management

# CFDA #97.067 Homeland Security Grant Program

#### Condition

During our review of forty (40) transactions, we noted that advances for twenty-seven (27) transactions were received prior to the disbursements ranging from six (6) to thirty-eight (38) days. The advances were deposited into the County's treasury pool which is an interest bearing account. However, no interest was calculated and returned to the granting agency. The interest amount that should have been returned is \$463 based on the selected transactions.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the CEO/CDAT consider the substance of a request for fund to determine if the request is an advance or reimbursement and adhere to the California Supplement to the Federal Program Guidance to ensure that interest earned on advances is returned to the granting agency.

# Current Year Management Response

The Department has implemented recommended changes and is currently processing submissions to Cal DES on a reimbursement basis and reporting County incurred expenses in its reimbursement submissions.

Current Status as of June 30, 2015

**Implemented** 

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SOCIAL SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES CSBG CONTRACT NO. 13F-3021 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Jan	uary 1, 2013	J	uly 1, 2013			T-4-1		T-4-1
		through		through		04 0044(1)	Total		Total
	Ju	ne 30, 2013	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Jul	ly 31, 2014 <sup>(1)</sup>	 Costs		Budget
REVENUE	_		_		_			_	
Grant Revenue	\$	1,955,481	\$	3,386,195	\$	230,859	\$ 5,572,535	\$	5,572,535
Interest Income		-		-		5,675	5,675		-
Other Income							 		
Total Revenue (2)		1,955,481		3,386,195		236,534	 5,578,210		5,572,535
EXPENDITURES									
Administrative Costs									
Salaries and Wages		81,381		210,640		-	292,021		292,021
Fringe Benefits		43,546		103,312		-	146,858		146,858
Operating Expenses & Equipment		4,453		9,801		-	14,254		14,254
Out-of State Travel		-		-		-	-		-
Other Costs									
Indirect Cost		26,235		58,206		-	84,441		84,441
Others		_					_		
Total Administrative Costs		155,615		381,959			 537,574		537,574
Program Costs									
Salaries and Wages		199,712		325,769		-	525,481		525,481
Fringe Benefits		92,294		148,469		-	240,763		240,763
Other Costs									
Indirect Costs		61,321		90,105		-	151,426		151,427
Other Costs		-		-		-	-		-
Subcontractor Services		253,765		3,632,667		236,534	4,122,966		4,117,290
Total Program Costs		607,092		4,197,010		236,534	5,040,636		5,034,961
Total Expenditures		762,707		4,578,969		236,534	5,578,210		5,572,535
Revenue over (under) Expenditures	\$	1,192,774	\$	(1,192,774)	\$	-	\$ 	\$	-

<sup>(1)</sup> Expenditures paid in July 2014 were incurred within the contract period that ended on June 30, 2014.

<sup>(2)</sup> The total revenue amount includes advances of \$1,431,329.

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SOCIAL SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES CSBG CONTRACT NO. 14F-3021 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		uary 1, 2014 through ne 30, 2014		uly 1, 2014 through ne 30, 2015	Total Costs			Total Budget
REVENUE	_			0.400.045	_		_	
Grant Revenue	\$	2,157,833	\$	3,486,215	\$	5,644,048	\$	5,644,048
Interest Income (1)		-		6,735		6,735		-
Other Income		-		-		-		
Total Revenue		2,157,833		3,492,950		5,650,783		5,644,048
EXPENDITURES (2)								
Administrative Costs								
Salaries and Wages		71,995		262,472		334,467		334,467
Fringe Benefits	48,562			134,192		182,754		182,754
Operating Expenses & Equipment	1,588		10,501		12,089			12,089
Out-of State Travel		-	2,088		2,088			2,088
Other Costs								
Indirect Cost		24,351		71,359		95,710		95,710
Others						-		
Total Administrative Costs		146,496		480,612		627,108		627,108
Program Costs								
Salaries and Wages		216,124		507,937		724,061		724,061
Fringe Benefits		100,656		244,185		344,841		344,841
Other Costs								
Indirect Costs		60,188		142,903		203,091		203,091
Other Costs		-		-		-		-
Subcontractor Services		-		3,751,682		3,751,682		3,744,947
Total Program Costs		376,968		4,646,707		5,023,675		5,016,940
Total Expenditures		523,464		5,127,319		5,650,783		5,644,048
Revenue over (under) Expenditures	\$	1,634,369	\$	(1,634,369)	\$	-	\$	-

<sup>(1)</sup> The Total Budget amounts are based on the CSBG Contract Budget Summary contained in the contract (as Attachment I to the Grant Agreement), with a year-end and close out budget shifts. The interest earned on the advance was added to the budget amount.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Expenditure amounts are based on the monthly CSBG Expenditure Claim Reports filed with the Department of Community Services and Development.

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SOCIAL SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES CSBG CONTRACT NO. 15F-2021 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	uary 1, 2015 through ne 30, 2015	Total Costs	Total Budget <sup>(1)</sup>		
REVENUE		 			
Grant Revenue	\$ 2,726,022	\$ 2,726,022	\$	5,694,664	
Interest Income	-	-		-	
Other Income	 	 			
Total Revenue	 2,726,022	 2,726,022	5,694,664		
EXPENDITURES (2)					
Administrative Costs					
Salaries and Wages	101,424	101,424		371,561	
Fringe Benefits	71,789	71,789		185,781	
Operating Expenses	2,200	2,200		22,899	
Out-of State Travel	-	-		-	
Other Costs					
Indirect Cost/Other Costs	 36,918	 36,918		103,118	
Total Administrative Costs	 212,331	 212,331		683,359	
Program Costs					
Salaries and Wages	237,335	237,335		693,964	
Fringe Benefits	119,037	119,037		346,980	
Operating Expenses	-	-		-	
Out-of-State Travel	-	-		-	
Other Costs					
Indirect Costs/Other Costs	67,711	67,711		197,779	
Subcontractor Services	 665,942	 665,942		3,772,582	
Total Program Costs	 1,090,025	 1,090,025		5,011,305	
Total Expenditures	 1,302,356	 1,302,356		1,302,356	
Revenue over (under) Expenditures	\$ 1,423,666 (3)	\$ 1,423,666	\$	4,392,308 (4)	

<sup>(1)</sup> The Expenditure and Total Budget amounts are based on the CSBG Contract Budget Summary contained in the contract (as Attachment I to the Grant Agreement.) The Contract Budget amounts are from January 1, 2015 - December 31, 2015.

<sup>(2)</sup> The Expenditure amounts are based on the monthly CSBG Expenditure Claim Reports filed with the Department of Community Services and Development (CSD) from January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015.

<sup>(3)</sup> Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures: This amount represents the balance of CSBG program advances at the end of FY 2014-15. The amount will be applied to FY 2015-16 CSBG expenditure claims.

<sup>(4)</sup> This amount represents the grant balance of the extended Contract 15F-2021 that will be expended during FY2015-16.

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY AND SENIOR SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES CSBG CONTRACT NO. 14F-3058 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	t	ary 1, 2014 hrough e 30, 2014	ť	/ 31, 2014 hrough hber 30, 2014	Total Costs			Total Budget	
REVENUE	_		_		_		_		
Grant Revenue	\$	115,736	\$	146,213	\$	261,949	\$	261,949	
Interest Income		-		100		100 *		-	
Other Income						-			
Total Revenue		115,736		146,313		262,049		261,949	
EXPENDITURES									
Administrative Costs									
Salaries & Wages		17,294		7,228		24,522		22,858	
Fringe benefits		7,088		3,921		11,009		12,573	
Operating Expenses		-		-		-		-	
Equipment		-		-		-		-	
Out-of-State Travel		-		-		-		-	
Subcontractor Services		-		-		-		-	
Other Costs									
<b>Total Administrative Costs</b>		24,382		11,149		35,531		35,431	
Program Costs									
Salaries & Wages		-		-		-		-	
Fringe benefits		-		-		-		-	
Operating Expenses		-		-		-		-	
Equipment		-		-		-		-	
Out-of-State Travel		-		-		-		-	
Subcontractor Services		91,354		135,164		226,518		226,518	
Other Costs						_			
Total Program Costs		91,354		135,164		226,518		226,518	
Total Expenditures		115,736		146,313		262,049		261,949	
* Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$		\$		\$	-	\$		

<sup>\*</sup> Represents interest earned on advances used to reprogram to provide additional administrative services.

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY AND SENIOR SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES CSBG CONTRACT NO. 15F-2105 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

DEVENUE	January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2015		th	1, 2015 rough er 31, 2015		Total Costs	Total Budget	
REVENUE Grant Revenue	\$	104,063	\$	_	\$	104,063	\$	264,614
Interest Income	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-
Other Income		-		-		-		-
Total Revenue		104,063	-			104,063		264,614
EXPENDITURES								
Administrative Costs								
Salaries & Wages		13,756		-		13,756		22,858
Fringe benefits		7,566		-		7,566		12,573
Operating Expenses		-		-		-		-
Equipment		-		-		-		-
Out-of-State Travel		-		-		-		-
Subcontractor Services Other Costs		-		-		-		-
Total Administrative Costs		21,322		<u> </u>		21,322		35,431
Program Costs						_		
Salaries & Wages		_		-		-		-
Fringe benefits		-		-		-		-
Operating Expenses		-		-		-		-
Equipment		-		-		-		-
Out-of-State Travel		-		-		-		-
Subcontractor Services		82,741		-		82,741		229,183
Other Costs		- 00.744		-		- 00 744		
Total Program Costs		82,741				82,741	-	229,183
Total Expenditures		104,063		-		104,063		264,614
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-

# COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES COMMUNITY AND SENIOR SERVICES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

# SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS GRANTED BY CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF AGING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		Single Audit			
		Federal	State	Total	
Grant		Expenditures	Expenditures	Expenditures	
Older American TITLE V Project	17.235	\$ 1,680,232	\$ -	\$ 1,680,232	
AAA HICAP	93.324	384,979	689,601	1,074,580	
Financial Alignment	93.626	145,589	-	145,589	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Nutrition Education and					
Obesity Prevention (SNAP-Ed) Cycle I	10.561	79,354	-	79,354	
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program - Nutrition Education and					
Obesity Prevention (SNAP-Ed) Cycle II	10.561	270,661		270,661	
TOTAL OTHERS		2,560,815	689,601	3,250,416	
Ombudsman Volunteer Recruitment Initiative	*	-	463,188	463,188	
AAA TITLE III E	93.052	2,114,108	-	2,114,108	
Area Agency on Aging III B	93.044	5,561,011	-	5,561,011	
TITLE VII - Ombudsman	93.042	129,342	-	129,342	
Area Agency on Aging III C-I	93.045	6,164,165	566,753	6,730,918	
Area Agency on Aging III C-II	93.045	5,007,928	605,019	5,612,947	
CI - Special Nutrition Funds	93.045	306,910	-	306,910	
CII - Special Nutrition Funds	93.045	180,533	-	180,533	
TITLE VII - Elder Abuse Prevention	93.041	79,069	-	79,069	
Area Agency on Aging III D	93.043	355,112	-	355,112	
Area Agency on Aging III USDA C-I	93.053	969,557	-	969,557	
Area Agency on Aging III USDA C-II	93.053	865,337	-	865,337	
TOTAL TITLE III AND VII		21,733,072	1,634,960	23,368,032	
TOTAL		\$ 24,293,887	\$ 2,324,561	\$ 26,618,448	

<sup>\*</sup> This grant does not have a CFDA number. It is 100% State funded.